

Tên:

Lớp: S8...

Ngày giao bài: Thứ, ngày/.....

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ, ngày/.....



Từ vựng & Ngữ pháp:

Nghe:

Mini Test:

GLOBAL ENGLISH 8

UNIT 3: OUR SOCIETY – VOCABULARY 2 & FCE SPEAKING

A. VOCABULARY

- Economic Terms

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	economics (n)	kinh tế học	4	GDP (Gross Domestic Product) (n)	tổng sản phẩm quốc nội
2	wealth (n)	sự giàu có, tài sản	5	per capita (adv/adj)	bình quân đầu người
3	income (n)	thu nhập			

- Social Factors

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	healthcare (n)	dịch vụ chăm sóc sức khỏe	4	generosity (n)	sự rộng lượng, hào phóng
2	life expectancy (n)	tuổi thọ trung bình	5	immigrant (n)	người nhập cư
3	social support (n)	sự hỗ trợ xã hội			

- Countries

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	Finland (n)	nước Phần Lan	4	Denmark (n)	nước Đan Mạch
2	Norway (n)	nước Na Uy	5	Costa Rica (n)	nước Costa Rica
3	Iceland (n)	nước Iceland (Băng Đảo)	6	Switzerland (n)	nước Thụy Sĩ

B. EXTRA VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	crate (n)	thùng gỗ/nhựa để đựng đồ	4	campsite (n)	khu cắm trại
2	budget hotel (n)	khách sạn giá rẻ	5	manager (n)	quản lý
3	automatic (adj)	tự động; (phản xạ) không cần suy nghĩ nhiều	6	reassuring (adj)	làm yên tâm

*Note: *n* = noun: danh từ; *adj* = adjective: tính từ; *adv* = adverb: trạng từ.

*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ **1 dòng** vào vở ghi.

C. HOMEWORK

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

I. Choose the correct answers.

- One factor that affects a country's GDP is the total _____ of all its citizens.
 - immigrant
 - income
 - generosity
 - healthcare
- In some countries, access to good _____ is still limited for people in rural areas.
 - healthcare
 - generosity
 - GDP
 - economics

2. The report shows that Switzerland has a high GDP _____, meaning people there are generally wealthier.
 A. per capita B. immigrant C. social support D. life expectancy

3. _____ is the study of how money and resources are used and distributed.
 A. Generosity B. Economics C. Income D. Immigrant

4. People in Costa Rica are known for their _____, often helping neighbors and strangers alike.
 A. healthcare B. immigrant C. generosity D. income

5. Many people choose to move to Finland because of its strong _____ system.
 A. Norway B. GDP C. life expectancy D. social support

II. Complete the words/phrases based on the definitions and clues given.

0. <u>economics</u>	the study of how money, goods, and services are made, used, and shared
1. w_____	a large amount of money, property, or valuable things
2. i_____	the money that a person or a country earns from work, investments, or business
3. h_____	the service of looking after people's health, including hospitals and doctors
4. g_____	the quality of being kind and giving to others
5. G_____ D_____ P_____	the total value of all goods and services a country produces in one year

III. Fill in the blanks with the correct words/phrases given in the box. Use each word only ONCE. Some words may not be used.

Finland **generosity** **income** **GDP** **Norway** **immigrant** **economics** **life expectancy**

0. Finland is often ranked as one of the happiest countries in the world.

1. A country's _____ is often used to measure its economic performance.
2. Her grandfather was a(n) _____ who moved to the country 50 years ago.
3. People with a higher _____ often have better access to services and education.
4. The average _____ in Japan is over 84 years.
5. _____ invests a large part of its oil money in public services and education.

IV. Rewrite the sentences in the PASSIVE VOICE.

0. *They are organizing a school concert.*

→ **A school concert is being organized.**

1. The chef is not cooking the meal right now.

→ _____.

2. Are they cleaning the swimming pool at the moment?

→ _____?

3. Why is the technician repairing the computer?

→ _____?

4. The teachers are checking the test papers.

→ _____.

5. The staff is not helping the visitors right now.

→ _____.

Lưu ý:

CAMBRIDGE LISTENING PRACTICE



1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài.

Con làm bài nghe theo link/code sau:

<https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/listening-b2-fce-practice-8>



Part 3: You will hear five short extracts in which people are talking about holiday jobs they have done. For questions **19–23**, choose from the list (A–H) what each speaker says about the job they did. Use the letters only once.

There are **three extra letters** which you do not need to use.

A. I was unhappy because I didn't earn much.

B. Doing the same thing every day made it boring.

Speaker 1

19

C. Some people were rude to me, and I didn't like it.

Speaker 2

20

D. I didn't have to do much work.

Speaker 3

21

E. My boss expected a lot from me.

Speaker 4

22

F. I had to be friendly and talk to everyone.

Speaker 5

23

H. I didn't know what would happen next, so I had to be ready.