

4. At a length of 6.28km, Hai Van _____ is the longest tunnel in Southeast Asia.



5. The Hague is an immaculate city, where you're more likely to see bicycles and _____ than cars.



6. A network of _____ is an effective response to overcrowding and urban chaos.



7. _____ were commonly worn by Vietnamese soldiers during Vietnam's two national resistance wars.



8. _____ runs through all important downtown districts and major transport hubs in Bangkok.



II. Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

| | | | | |
|-------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| trench | nuclear | extended | mushroomed | initial |
| compartment | launched | boom | tiled | facilities |

- Over the last 2 decades, Vietnam has experienced a rapid construction _____.
- _____ include a large indoor pool, jacuzzi and sauna.
- A _____ family is a family group consisting of two parents and their children.
- From the upper rooms of the houses may be seen a large number of old _____ roofs.
- In recent years, the number of skyscrapers has _____ in Ho Chi Minh City.
- After some _____ hesitation, teachers seem to have accepted the new system.
- A typical _____ family consists of multiple generations living together in the same household.
- On the way home we shared our first-class _____ with a group of businessmen.
- The Cat Linh-Ha Dong elevated railway is expected to be _____ in 2018.
- They are digging a _____ to hold a water pipe which will divert water from the river.

III. Underline the correct word.

- There has been a *considerable* / *considerably* rise in the number of people moving to Ho Chi Minh City.
- The educational system has *slight* / *slightly* been improved to meet the demands of employers.
- Vietnam has *gradual* / *gradually* built up a reputation as a major exporter of rice.
- Living standard in rural areas has witnessed a *significant* / *significantly* upgrade over the past 10 years.

5. Vietnam has changed *dramatic / dramatically* over the last two decades.
6. Vietnam is experiencing *rapid / rapidly* demographic and social change.
7. It was *noticeable / noticeably* how a few people managed to impose their will on the others.
8. The death toll was *initial / initially* reported at around 250, but was later revised to 300.
9. You will find it *convenient / conveniently* getting around Nagoya by bus and subway.
10. We have a buoyant economy and unemployment is *considerable / considerably* lower than the regional average.

IV. Rewrite the following sentences, using the adjectives or adverbs in brackets.

1. There has been a great improvement in my English speaking skill over the last three years. (dramatically)
→ My English speaking skill _____
2. There is a minor increase in the number of unemployed graduates this year. (slightly)
→ The number _____
3. The number of Vietnamese students studying in the U.S has risen little by little. (gradual)
→ There has been _____
4. There has been enormous growth in the economy this year. (considerably)
→ The economy _____
5. The number of foreign tourists to Vietnam has decreased quickly during the past years. (rapid)
→ There has been _____
6. There was a big fall in our coffee exports due to bad weather. (significantly)
→ Our coffee exports _____
7. There will be a gradual decrease in the price of computers. (steadily)
→ The price _____
8. The traffic system in Vietnam has changed a lot in recent years. (dramatic)
→ There has been _____

V. Fill in the blank with the past perfect form of the verb in brackets.

1. After the war _____ (end), Vietnamese people focused on dealing with domestic matters.
2. How long _____ (they/ be) married before he died?
3. Before the invention of Internet, most people _____ (read) newspapers to update current events.
4. Why didn't you want to watch the film? _____ (you/ see) it before?
5. She _____ (not have) any experience in business communication, so we offered her a training course.
6. Before the introduction of low-cost airlines, Vietnamese _____ (mostly/ travel) by coach.
7. _____ (you/ learn) about Vietnam war before you made the presentation about it?
8. Ethan suddenly realised that he _____ (leave) his laptop on the train.
9. My house was very dirty because I _____ (not clean) it  week.

VI. Complete the sentence with the past simple or past perfect form of the verb in brackets.

1. They _____ (live) in Paris for 10 years before they _____ (move) home.
2. As soon as I _____ (download) the document, I knew I _____ (make) a mistake.
3. Mary _____ (ring) John's doorbell at 8:15 yesterday but John _____ (already/ leave) the house.
4. By the time the firemen _____ (arrive), the fire _____ (destroy) three houses.
5. Our economy _____ (not stand) a chance of developing before the government _____ (adopt) the open-door policy.
6. When I last _____ (speak) to her, she still _____ (not finish) her assignment.
7. Nobody _____ (come) to the meeting because Angela _____ (forget) to tell them about it.
8. She _____ (go) to Disneyland three times when she _____ (be) a little girl.
9. After I _____ (complete) the form, I _____ (give) it to the secretary.
10. Sarah _____ (drive) three hundred miles by the time she _____ (arrive) in Tacoma.

VII. Fill in each blank with one adjective from the box.

| | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| dangerous | convinced | brave | annoyed | astonished |
| relieved | generous | embarrassed | conscious | dissapointed |

1. Mr. Davies was _____ that the books were missing.
2. I was _____ to hear that we had lost, thinking we had a good chance.
3. I was _____ that we were doing the right thing.
4. We were all _____ to see Mia at the party because she hardly hung out with friends.
5. It was _____ of him to pay for both of us.
6. It would be _____ for you to climb the mountain alone.
7. He is _____ to tell her he'd forgotten their anniversary. Again!
8. Polly was _____ to learn that her mother's illness was not a serious one.
9. It was _____ of Sarah to start her own business.
10. Teachers are increasingly _____ that the Internet is very important.

VIII. Rewrite these sentences, using *be + adjective + (of + noun/pronoun) + to-infinitive*.

1. Learning how to live in space is difficult.
It is difficult to learn how to live in space.
2. I learned that I had been promoted. I was delighted.
3. He shouldn't press the emergency button. It was stupid.

4. Having interests outside work is necessary.

5. John gave them £100. It was very generous.

6. They saw the driver was a six-year-old boy. They were astonished.

7. Thank you for visiting me in hospital. It was very kind.

8. Being in good health is very important for athletes.

9. We heard that your father's in hospital again. We're sorry.

10. Why did he make that remark? It was very rude.

IX. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

1. It now seems certain _____.
a. to be an election in May b. of an election in May
c. that there will be an election in May d. for an election in May

2. Jacqui was pleasantly surprised _____.
a. to get a B for history b. if she gets a B for history
c. for getting a B for history d. getting a B for history

3. It can be difficult _____ to talk to teenagers nowadays.
a. with parents b. for parents c. to parents d. of parents

4. It's careless _____ to let your children play with fire.
a. to you b. with you c. of you d. for you

5. My dad was glad _____ his best friend again after 20 years.
a. meet b. meeting c. of meeting d. to meet

6. She was fully aware _____.
a. that he did not like her b. of he did not like her
c. for his dislike her. d. him not to like her

7. _____ to think of doing it like that.
a. You were clever b. It's clever for you
c. It was clever of you d. It's clever that you

8. She was _____ the news of his death. He was so young!
a. shocked to hear b. pleased to hear c. relieved to hear d. annoyed to hear

9. Susan was sorry _____.
a. to lose her temper b. that losing her temper
c. for lose her temper d. that she'd lost her temper

10. It was necessary _____ this question as soon as possible.
a. of us to solve b. for us to solve c. for us solving d. of us solve

X. Fill in each blank with a suitable preposition.

1. It is wrong _____ him to get so angry over such a little thing.
2. I can't imagine how those students could study _____ such poor conditions!
3. The image of my family preparing for Tet has gone _____ my heart.
4. It was impossible _____ him to convince her that he was right.
5. She was standing _____ her husband and her eldest son.
6. I'm beginning to like Japanese food. I certainly prefer rice _____ potatoes.
7. _____ our visit to Japan, we saw a lot of interesting places.
8. What she wrote in the essay explained a lot _____ her thoughts of our country in the past.
9. Peasants' houses from this period were made _____ sticks, straw and mud.
10. Vietnam's first metro systems are _____ construction.

C. SPEAKING

I. Write questions for the underlined parts.

1. A: _____
B: Vietnam's transportation system has changed dramatically over the past ten years.
2. A: _____
B: Electric trams were used as the main means of public transport in Hanoi.
3. A: _____
B: Construction of the Thu Thiem tunnel was delayed because of difficulties in Site clearance.
4. A: _____
B: The first metro in Saigon will be put into operation in 2020.
5. A: _____
B: The railroad of Vietnam is over 3,000 km in total.
6. A: _____
B: The Hai Van Tunnel is situated on Highway 1.
7. A: _____
B: The first skytrains in Vietnam have four compartments.
8. A: _____
B: People in Vietnam had travelled by bicycle before the first motorbike was imported.

II. Put the dialogue into the correct order.

- ___ How does it change?
- ___ Amazing!
- ___ I see. It gives both parents and children more privacy, right?
- ___ 40 years.
- ___ Yes, of course.