

Name _____ Date _____

End of Unit 1 test

Vocabulary 1

Rearrange the letters to make the names of languages. Add capital letters where they are needed.

Example:

0 d u u r *Urdu*

1 d i h n i

2 c r a a i b

3 c e f h n r

4 s g i e h n l

5 p i h n a s s

6 e p n j e a a s

7 i d n n m a a r

8 k a s t i n r s

9 s c e e t n n o a

10 a a s b h a a y a a m l s i

[Total: 10 marks]

Grammar 1

Choose the correct option for each space to complete the sentences.

For each question, circle the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**.

Example:

0 Many languages are spoken, Urdu is the country's national language.

- A because B until **C although**

11 Portuguese is used in formal situations there, various creoles are spoken with friends and family.

- A while B before C when

12 I learned German at secondary school, my sister learned Russian.

- A after B whereas C except

13 Over 2 billion people speak English, for most of them, it is not their first language.

- A if B as C although

14 Some people grow up learning many different languages, others only learn one.

- A while B so C because

15 Many schools in my country start teaching languages when students are 11, a few start much earlier.

- A than B except C whereas

[Total: 5 marks]

Grammar 2

Make sentences with *-ing* forms by putting the words in the correct order.

Write each sentence out correctly next to the words.

Example:

0 foreign fun watching films is

.....*Watching foreign films is fun.*.....

16 learning I'm at good languages

.....

17 reading hard in Italian is articles

.....

18 at speaking no Russian I'm good

.....

19 the listening to don't I radio like

.....

20 isn't languages me other for easy understanding

.....

[Total: 5 marks]

Vocabulary 2

Match the word or phrase with its definition.

	Word or phrase	Answer
0	second language	<i>H</i>
21	bilingual	
22	fluent	
23	foreign language	
24	pronunciation	
25	widely spoken	
26	extinct language	
27	pidgin	
28	official language	
29	meaning	
30	native language	

	Definition
A	what you need to know to understand a word
B	the way that a word or language sounds
C	a language that no one speaks any more
D	a language used by the government and schools
E	able to speak a language well
F	a language that's not spoken in your country
G	your first language
H	the language you learn after your first language
I	able to speak two languages well
J	a language that's a mixture of two other languages
K	a language is this if many people in a country speak it

[Total: 10 marks]

Grammar 3

For each question, correct the mistake the writer has made with the present continuous.

Example:

- 0 He has learning German at the moment.

He is learning German at the moment....

- 31 I'm think of studying Greek at school next year.

.....

- 32 Don't get upset! I'm not be serious.

.....

- 33 Maria didn't get good exam results so she feeling very sad.

.....

- 34 Naresh and Mira is playing tennis together.

.....

- 35 What does Bashir looking at?

.....

[Total: 5 marks]

Grammar 4

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence.

Use the word in bold and an abstract noun related to the word in brackets.

Do not change the word in bold. Use between **two and three words**, including the word in bold.

Example:

- 0 In some cultures, blowing your nose in public can be (*embarrassing*).

cause

In some cultures, blowing your nose in public can be a *cause of embarrassment*.

- 36 In many cultures, it's rude to become (*impatient*) with other people.

showing

In many cultures, with other people is rude.

- 37 Using certain gestures in other countries can (*confuse*) people.

lead

Using certain gestures in other countries can

- 38 Tapping the side of the head in Russia suggests that someone is (*mad*).

suggests

Tapping the side of the head in Russia in another person.

- 39 It's important to feel very (*confident*) when you're trying to speak another language.

lots

It's important to have when you're trying to speak another language.

- 40 In some cultures, if everyone is (*silent*) for a long time, people feel uncomfortable.

long

In some cultures, can make people feel uncomfortable.

[Total: 5 marks]