Voice คือ ลักษณะการกระทำของกริยาในประโยค มี 2 ลักษณะด้วยกันคือ

1. **Active Voice** คือ Voice ที่ประธานเป็นผู้กระทำกริยานั้น เช่น
   The teacher *punishes* the student. (ครูทำโทษนักเรียน)
2. **Passive Voice** คือ Voice ที่ประธานเป็นผู้ถูกกระทำกริยานั้นโดยผู้อื่น เช่น
   The student *is punished* by the teacher. (นักเรียนถูกทำโทษโดยครู)

Present Tense

Active : Jasper feeds the dog

Passive : The dog is fed by Jasper.

is / am / are + v3

Present Continuous

Active : Jasper is feeding the dog.

Passive : The dog is being fed by Jasper.

is / am / are + v3

Present Perfect

Active : Jasper has fed the dog.

Passive : The dog has been fed by Jasper.

have + v3

Present Perfect Continuous

Active : Jasper has been feeding the dog.

Passive : The dog has been being fed by Jasper.

have + v3

1.My sister has drawn this portrait.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____ .

2. The cleaner has cleaned the office.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

3.They have opened a new shop.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

4. I have bought the tickets.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

5. We have not sold the bike.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

6. Thomas has forgotten the sandwiches.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

7. Somebody has watered the plants.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

8. I have been writing emails.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

9. She has been reading that book all day.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

10. They've been playing tennis for an hour.

_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____.

write wrote written เขียน

read read read อ่าน

LIVEWORKSHEETS