

Tên:

Từ vựng & Ngữ pháp:.....

Lớp: S5...

Đọc:.....

Ngày giao bài: Thứ..., ngày..../....

Mini test:.....

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ..., ngày..../....



ENTERTAINMENT - VOCABULARY & PRESENTATION

A. VOCABULARY

❖ Entertainment

No.	Words	Meanings	No.	Words	Meanings
1	entertainment (n)	sự giải trí	6	festival (n)	lễ hội
2	entertain (v)	giải trí	7	concert (n)	buổi hòa nhạc
3	theater (n)	nhà hát	8	water sports (n)	thể thao dưới nước
4	novel (n)	tiểu thuyết	9	classical music (n)	nhạc cổ điển
5	magazine (n)	tạp chí	10	water puppet (n)	rối nước

❖ Extra vocabulary

No.	Words	Meanings	No.	Words	Meanings
1	performance (n)	buổi biểu diễn / màn trình diễn	4	imaginary (adj)	tưởng tượng
2	latest (adj)	mới nhất	5	disappointed (adj)	thất vọng
3	ski slope (n)	dốc trượt tuyết			

* **Note:** n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ; adj = adjective: tính từ.

* Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ I đóng vào vở ghi.

B. HOMEWORK

I. Choose the best answer for each question.

0. I like to watch the _____ to see the latest sports highlights.

A. sports program B. cooking show C. nature show

1. My brother enjoys _____ like swimming and surfing.

A. theater B. opera C. water sports

2. She listens to _____ while doing her homework.

A. magazine B. classical music C. novel

3. There is a lot of _____ at the weekend festival.

A. entertainment B. cinema C. theater

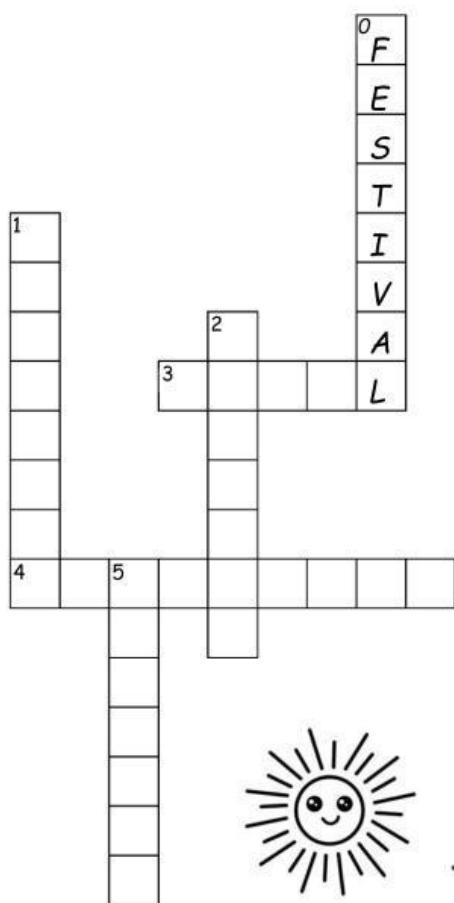
4. We went to the _____ to watch a play last night.

A. novel B. opera C. theater

5. We went to see a traditional Vietnamese _____ performance.

A. water puppet B. opera C. novel

II. Crossword Puzzle: Entertainment. Read the clues below and fill in the crossword puzzle.



Down

0. a series of performances usually organized in the same place once a year

1. a type of large thin book with a paper cover containing articles, photographs, etc.

2. a public performance of music

5. a building or an outdoor area where plays are performed

Across

3. a story, in which the characters and events are usually imaginary

4. to interest somebody or make somebody laugh



Well Done!

III. Combine each pair of sentences into one sentence. Use WHO for people and WHICH for things. Then use each new sentence to match with the suitable noun.

0. This is a show. It uses puppets in water.

→ This is a show which uses puppets in water.

magazine

1. This is a paper. It has many pictures.

→ _____.

water puppet

2. This is a book. It has a long story.

→ _____.

novel

3. This is an event. Many people go to it every year.

→ _____.

festival

4. He is a person. He sings at big shows.

→ _____.

singer

*** CAMBRIDGE READING PRACTICE ***

Part 2

Questions 7–13

For each question, choose the correct answer.

		Paul	Mark	Samuel
7	Who started dancing before he had lessons?	A	B	C
8	Who didn't start dancing because of a family member?	A	B	C
9	Who didn't enjoy dancing at first?	A	B	C
10	Who already has a successful career as a dancer?	A	B	C
11	Who couldn't continue dancing because he had a problem?	A	B	C
12	Who studied two kinds of dance?	A	B	C
13	Who stopped doing a sport when he started dancing?	A	B	C

A love of dancing

Paul



My mum was a professional dancer, and I had my first ballet lesson when I was six. I hated it and never went again. Mum was disappointed, but then she suggested that I should try modern dance. It was a brilliant idea. I loved it. When I left school, I joined a modern dance company. Unfortunately, a few years later I had a bad accident. Now my right leg isn't strong enough for me to dance, but I'm training to be a dance teacher.

Mark



My love for dance began when I was four. My big sister took ballet lessons, and when she practised at home, I watched and copied her. I asked my mum and dad if I could have ballet lessons too. They were surprised, but they agreed. Soon I was better than my sister. I studied ballet and modern dance, and when I left school I was offered a place in a modern dance company. One day I want to be a star and dance in musicals.

Samuel



I became interested in dance when one of my friends started going to modern dance lessons. As a joke, I went to a class with him one day. To my surprise, I enjoyed it and the teacher said I was good. I started going to class three times a week, so I didn't have time for football anymore. Some people at school laughed at me. They aren't laughing now. I am a dancer with a famous dance company. Dance is my life.

CAMBRIDGE READING PRACTICE

Part 3

Questions 14–18

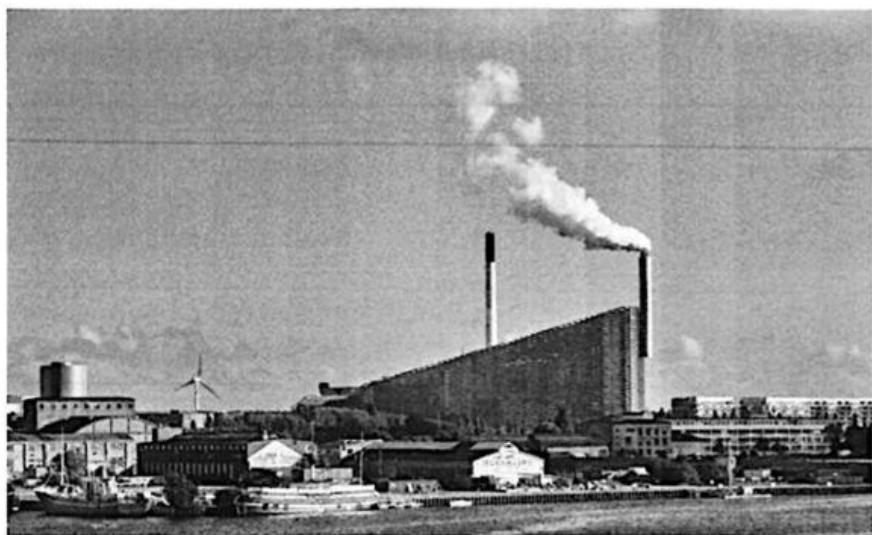
For each question, choose the correct answer.

Copenhill

Most tourists to Copenhagen want to see its famous sights: the statue of the Little Mermaid in the harbour, the Tivoli Gardens, old palaces and museums. The Danish capital is also famous for its beautiful modern buildings, and in 2019 another building was completed in the city: the Amager Resource Centre (ARC), also known as Copenhill. It has many visitors, but it is unusual because it is not a hotel, a bank, an office block, a museum or a shopping centre. It is a waste resource centre. This means that 400,000 tons of rubbish are brought inside the building every year. There, it is burned to heat 150,000 homes and make electricity for 550,000 people.

However, Bjarke Ingels, the architect who designed Copenhill, wanted the 90-metre-high building to do more than burn rubbish. It is the only place in the country where people can go skiing. The roof is like a mountain with a 400-metre ski slope. It is not white, but green: bright green in the middle and dark green at the sides. Ingels chose green because white would get dirty too quickly. Visitors can also go snowboarding, running or walking on Copenhill, and after an enjoyable day of activity they can relax in the café. The outside of the building also has the world's highest climbing wall: 85 metres!

The idea that a building can have many very different uses is exciting, and it will be interesting to see what Copenhagen will offer visitors in the future.



14 Which statement is true?

- A** Old buildings in Copenhagen are not as beautiful as modern ones.
- B** Tourists prefer Copenhagen's old buildings to its modern ones.
- C** Visitors to Copenhagen can enjoy a variety of different sights.

15 Copenhill

- A** is in the centre of the city.
- B** is near a shopping centre.
- C** is a popular place.

16 The ski slope

- A** is inside the Copenhill building.
- B** is 90 metres in length.
- C** is on the roof of the building.

17 The ski slope isn't white because

- A** white is difficult to keep clean.
- B** green is Ingels' favourite colour.
- C** bright green is used in the middle.

18 Visitors to Copenhill

- A** can enjoy different activities there in the future.
- B** can have something to drink there.
- C** can climb the highest building in the city.