

Practice 56 Sentence Connectors

EXAMPLE	EXPLANATION
I would like to visit you. However , I will be very busy this summer.	Ideas within a paragraph can be connected by sentence connectors. These connectors show the relationship of ideas.
They wanted to go to Africa. However , they didn't have enough money. She didn't study at all. Nevertheless , she passed the test.	Sentence connectors that show contrast are <i>however</i> and <i>nevertheless</i> . These words are similar in meaning to <i>but</i> .
He is taking five classes this semester. In addition , he's working three nights a week. I want to graduate. Furthermore , I want to become a doctor.	Sentence connectors that add more information to the same idea are <i>in addition</i> , <i>furthermore</i> , and <i>moreover</i> . These words are similar in meaning to <i>and</i> .
They wanted to study English. Therefore , they went to Canada. They did not get along at all. As a result , they got divorced.	Sentence connectors that show a result or conclusion are <i>therefore</i> , <i>as a result</i> , and <i>for this reason</i> . These words are similar in meaning to <i>so</i> .

Language Note: Use either a period or a semicolon (;) before a sentence connector and use a comma after a sentence connector:

She was laughing; *however*, she felt very sad inside.