

Name: .....

Class: S9...

Assignment date: ...../...../.....

Submission date: ...../...../.....



Vocabulary &amp; Grammar: .....

Reading: .....

Mini Test: .....

## GENDER EQUALITY VOCABULARY & DEBATE

**Lưu ý:** Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chú thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

### A. VOCABULARY

#### - Gender equality

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	<b>Pride Month</b> (n)	tháng tự hào (tháng 6 – tôn vinh cộng đồng LGBTQ+)	8	<b>breadwinner</b> (n)	trụ cột kinh tế trong gia đình
2	<b>look down on somebody</b> (phr.v)	coi thường ai đó	9	<b>share responsibility</b> (phr.)	chia sẻ trách nhiệm
3	<b>equality</b> (n)	sự bình đẳng	10	<b>opportunity</b> (n)	cơ hội
4	<b>discriminate</b> (v)	phân biệt đối xử	11	<b>ability</b> (n)	khả năng
5	<b>stereotype</b> (n)	khuôn mẫu, định kiến	12	<b>social bias</b> (n)	định kiến xã hội
6	<b>logical</b> (adj)	có lý, hợp lý, tư duy lô-gic	13	<b>emotional</b> (adj)	giàu cảm xúc, thuộc về cảm xúc
7	<b>male-dominated</b> (adj)	do nam giới chiếm ưu thế, kiểm soát	14	<b>female-dominated</b> (adj)	do nữ giới chiếm ưu thế, kiểm soát

### B. EXTRA VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	<b>misunderstood</b> (adj)	bị hiểu sai	5	<b>shed light on</b> (idiom)	làm sáng tỏ
2	<b>flyweight category</b> (n)	hạng cân nhẹ (trong boxing)	6	<b>quirky</b> (adj)	độc đáo, lạ lùng (theo cách tích cực)
3	<b>titanium-based</b> (adj)	làm từ hợp chất titan	7	<b>gradually</b> (adv)	dần dần
4	<b>safety-orientated</b> (adj)	chú trọng an toàn	8	<b>go ahead with</b>	tiến hành, tiếp tục thực hiện

\*Note: n = noun: danh từ; adj = adjective: tính từ; v = verb: động từ; adv = adverb: trạng từ;

phr. = phrase: cụm từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ đặc biệt; idiom = thành ngữ.

\*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ 1 dòng vào vở ghi.

### C. HOMEWORK

#### VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

#### I. Circle the correct answers.

0. Before the match started, the \_\_\_\_\_ checked if the players followed the rules.
  - A. referee
  - B. pitcher
  - C. caddie
  - D. batter
  
1. Some people still unfairly \_\_\_\_\_ others just because of their gender.
  - A. emotional
  - B. discriminate
  - C. ability
  - D. equality
  
2. Men are often seen as the \_\_\_\_\_ of the family, but that idea is changing.
  - A. pride month
  - B. breadwinner
  - C. logical
  - D. stereotype
  
3. We need to fight against every kind of \_\_\_\_\_ in the workplace.
  - A. social bias
  - B. emotional
  - C. share
  - D. ability

4. In a modern relationship, both partners should share \_\_\_\_\_ at home.  
 A. responsibility      B. stereotype      C. pride month      D. emotional

5. It's wrong to \_\_\_\_\_ on somebody just because they express their feelings more openly.  
 A. equality      B. pride month      C. look down      D. opportunity

**II. Fill in the blanks with the correct words/phrases from the box. Some words may not be used. Change the form if necessary.**

**equality    male-dominated    gap    emotional    opportunity    bias    look down    Pride Month**

Emma is deeply committed to raising awareness about gender (0) **equality** in career choices. She believes that all students should be given the same (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to follow their passions, regardless of gender.

She has often spoken out about how engineering remains a(n) (2) \_\_\_\_\_ field, discouraging many girls from applying. Likewise, she criticizes the (3) \_\_\_\_\_ that exists in some schools, where leadership roles are more often offered to boys.

Emma also highlights how society tends to label women as overly (4) \_\_\_\_\_ and less rational, a harmful stereotype that limits their chances in scientific research or business.

During (5) \_\_\_\_\_, she organizes workshops focusing on breaking gender roles, helping both boys and girls feel confident to pursue what they love.

**III. Complete using the correct future form (WILL or BE GOING TO) of the verbs in brackets.**

0. I think it **will rain** (rain) later this evening.

- I promise I \_\_\_\_\_ (help) you with your homework after dinner.
- They \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) their cousins in France this summer.
- A: "My bag is so heavy!" – B: "Don't worry — I \_\_\_\_\_ (carry) it for you."
- Watch out! You \_\_\_\_\_ (drop) that glass!
- I'm not sure yet, but maybe we \_\_\_\_\_ (order) pizza tonight.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) the new documentary this weekend. It's already on our calendar.

**IV. Rearrange the words/phrases to make meaningful sentences.**

0. have a / you / travel / before flying / document / must / valid

→ **You must have a valid travel document before flying.**

1. meeting / going / to / we / are / a / have / tomorrow

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

2. leadership roles / opportunity / will have / girls / equal / to apply for

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

3. gender bias / are / going / to / we / address / in / the workshop

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

4. are / taking / survey / students / a / this week / on / equality

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

5. next month / Pride Month / celebrating / are / we / at school

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

You are going to read an article about a woman's career. For questions 31–36, choose the answer (A, B, C or D) which you think fits best according to the text.

In the exam, mark your answers **on the separate answer sheet**.

## A varied career

*Chloe Kelling, a successful model and singer-songwriter, now has a new venture*

I arrive for my interview with Chloe Kelling and I'm asked to wait in the garden. I hardly have time to start looking round at the carefully tended flowerbeds when Chloe appears. Every bit as tall and striking as I'd expected, Chloe emerges from the house wearing an oversized man's jacket, a delicately patterned top and jeans. Chloe is known for her slightly quirky sense of fashion and, of course, she looks great as she makes her way towards me through the flowerbeds.

'Let's talk in my office,' she says, leading the way not back to the house, but instead to an ancient caravan parked up next to it. As we climb inside the compact little van, the smell of fresh baking greets us. A tiny table is piled high with cupcakes, each iced in a different colour. Chloe's been busy, and there's a real sense of playing tea parties in a secret den! But what else should I have expected from a woman with such a varied and interesting career?

Chloe originally trained as a make-up artist, having left her home in the country at nineteen to try and make her name as a model in London, and soon got work in adverts and the fashion business. 'I went to Japan to work for a short period, but felt very homesick at first,' she recalls. 'It was very demanding work and, though I met loads of nice people, it was too much to take in at nineteen. If I'd stayed longer, I might have settled in better.'

Alongside the modelling, Chloe was also beginning to make contacts in the music business. 'I'd been the typical kid, singing with a hairbrush in front of the mirror, dreaming of being a star one day,' she laughs. She joined a girl band which 'broke up before we got anywhere', before becoming the lead singer with the band Whoosh, which features on a best-selling clubbing album. Unusually though, Chloe also sings with two other bands, one based in Sweden and another in London, and each of these has a distinct style.

It was her work with Whoosh that originally led to Chloe's link with Sweden. She was offered a song-writing job there with a team that was responsible for songs for some major stars, but gradually became more involved in writing music for her own band.

Although she now divides her time between London and Sweden, her first stay there turned out to be much longer than she'd bargained for. 'The rooms are very tall over there and so people have these rather high beds that you climb up to,' she explains. 'I fell as I climbed up the ladder and cracked three ribs. Although the people at the hospital were very kind, I was stuck there for a while, which was very frustrating. Sneezing and laughing were so painful at first, let alone singing!'

It was while recovering from her injuries that Chloe hit upon the idea of staging what she calls vintage fairs. 'It was snowing in Sweden and I wanted something nice to look forward to.' Chloe had always loved vintage clothes, particularly from the 1950s, and decided to stage an event for others who shared her passion. The first fair was held in her home village and featured stalls selling all sorts of clothes and crafts dating back to the 1950s. It was a huge hit, with 300 people turning up.

*line 39* 'When I had the idea of the first fair, it was only meant to be a one-off, but we had so many compliments, I decided to go ahead with more,' says Chloe. 'There's something for all ages and people find old things have more character than stuff you buy in modern shops. It also fits perfectly with the idea of recycling.' Looking round Chloe's caravan, I can see what she means.

**Tip Strip**

**Question 31:** The answer is in the first paragraph. Look for the sentence 'Chloe is known for her ... sense of fashion'. Which option has the idea 'known for' and a word that means 'fashionable'?

**Question 35:** The piece of text that talks about 'hospital' and 'Sweden' contains the answer.

**Question 36:** Find a word or phrase in the options that means the same as 'compliments' (line 39).

31 In the first paragraph, the writer suggests that Chloe

- A usually keeps people waiting.
- B is much taller than he expected.
- C lives up to her stylish reputation.
- D is surprisingly interested in flowers.

32 What do we learn about Chloe in the second paragraph?

- A She's cooked something for her guest.
- B She's expecting some other visitors today.
- C She has no room in her house for an office.
- D She invites very few people into her caravan.

33 What does Chloe say about her trip to Japan?

- A She soon got used to her life there.
- B She felt lonely most of the time there.
- C She wishes she'd done the work better.
- D She wasn't old enough to appreciate it fully.

34 In the fourth paragraph, we find out that Chloe

- A gave up modelling to become a singer.
- B had always had ambitions to be a singer.
- C has now left the first successful band she joined.
- D sings in three bands that have a very similar sound.

35 Chloe ended up in hospital in Sweden after

- A breaking a rib whilst trying to move her bed.
- B hurting her leg in a fall from her bed.
- C falling off a ladder in her bedroom.
- D tripping over in her room at night.

36 What does Chloe say about her 'vintage fairs'?

- A Her main aim is to raise awareness of environmental issues.
- B She has responded to positive feedback from customers.
- C Certain shops are now showing interest in the idea.
- D They are mostly popular with older people.

You are going to read an article about a boxer. Six sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A–G the one which fits each gap (37–42). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

In the exam, mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.

## In defence of women's boxing

*Lucy O'Connor thinks that women's boxing is widely misunderstood*

Women's boxing is a new addition to the list of sports included at the Olympic Games. But according to Lucy O'Connor, winner of various international competitions, it's still widely misunderstood – a situation that Lucy's hoping to change. After graduating, Lucy took up boxing on the advice of a sports coach, who thought it would improve her general fitness. But Lucy soon set her sights on competitions and it wasn't long before she was boxing at the National Championships, which she eventually went on to win.

As a result of her success, Lucy was accepted on to what the navy calls its 'elite sportsman's programme'. **37** Every day now starts with a run at 7 a.m., followed by a skill and technique session or a strength and conditioning circuit. Come the afternoon, there are more aerobic workouts, before Lucy gets into the ring and practises with other elite boxers.

As with all competitors, diet is a huge part of Lucy's life. Since she first started boxing, she's had to shed twenty-eight kilos. Losing the last six, which took her into the flyweight category, required great determination. **38** As she explains: 'I don't go out to party anymore. Thankfully, I'm married to my boxing coach, so at least I've got some sort of social life!' Lucy's husband boxed as a heavyweight himself and he's in her corner for all her domestic competitions.

Lucy's mum works as a buyer at a big department store, and Lucy has been testing out products for the store's

sports division. Whilst preparing for a recent international championship, Lucy wore a new titanium-based sports clothing range designed to improve circulation and aid recovery. **39** But how does her family react to her taking part in competitions? 'Mum tends to admire me boxing from afar, but Dad just loves it!'

Lucy has clearly answered questions about safety concerns before and cites all the protective gear boxers strap on before a fight such as hand bandages, head guards, gum shields and much more. 'Amateur boxing is not dangerous,' she says definitively. 'It's so safety-orientated and the rules are so stringent it's actually difficult to get hurt. We approach it more as a skill and point-scoring exercise, rather than as a fight. **40** Boxers win points by landing the white knuckle part of their gloves on the opponent's scoring area – essentially the upper body and head – cleanly and with sufficient force. In five years of competitive boxing, Lucy's suffered only a few bruises and a broken thumb.

And in response to those who think it's 'inappropriate' to see women boxing at the Olympics, Lucy is quick to point out that women have been competing in martial arts such as taekwondo and judo for years. **41**

Her biggest concern is that people confuse amateur boxing competitions with professional fights, where the focus is more on aggression and hurting your opponents. 'Female amateur boxing is about showing skill, speed and stamina,' she says. **42** 'I find it so satisfying to be changing people's opinion.'

### Tip Strip

**Question 37:** Look for the option that talks about Lucy's training. The text after the gap describes what she does to train.

**Question 38:** The text before the gap talks about a goal that Lucy achieved. Which option has a word with a similar meaning to 'goal'? The text after the gap talks about

**Question 42:** Look for the option that contains a word that means 'to be wrong'.

- A** All that hard work certainly paid off and the competition itself brought out the best in Lucy.
- B** That's because in order to reach that target, she had to totally rethink her lifestyle.
- C** Having access to this space-age training kit was certainly an advantage.
- D** If the sport was more in the public eye, then fewer people would make that mistake.

- E** Nobody complained about women taking part in those events when it was introduced.
- F** That's why I've always regarded it as a thinking girl's sport really.
- G** What this meant, in effect, was that she was able to train full-time.