

Name: _____

Score: _____

11 Multiple choice questions

Definition

1 of 22

Active, informed participation in governance is essential.

- ☐ Roman Republic
- ☐ Athenian Democracy
- ☐ Cicero's Ideals
- ☐ Athenian Citizenship

Definition

2 of 22

Gatherings for legislative decision-making in Rome.

- ☐ Councils
- ☐ Unions
- ☐ Churches
- ☐ Assemblies

Definition

3 of 22

U.S. body named after Roman legislative body. Consists of 2 Senators from each state, for a total of 100 Senators in the US Senate. Each state is represented equally in this chamber regardless of their population.

- ☐ Congress
- ☐ House Of Representatives
- ☐ Senate
- ☐ Supreme Court

Definition

4 of 22

Exploration of justice and ethics by thinkers.

- ☐ Philosophy of Governance
- ☐ Checks and Balances
- ☐ Rule of Law
- ☐ Roman Legal Principles

Definition

5 of 22

Public service prioritized over personal interests.

- ☐ Civic Virtue
- ☐ Common Good
- ☐ Republicanism
- ☐ Senate

Definition

6 of 22

Key aspect of democratic engagement in U.S.

- ☐ Civic Responsibility
- ☐ Checks And Balances
- ☐ Voting Participation
- ☐ Separation Of Powers

Definition

7 of 22

Foundation for U.S. Constitution's legal framework.

- ☐ Checks And Balances
- ☐ Roman Legal Principles
- ☐ Cicero's Ideals
- ☐ Codified Laws

Definition

Citizens elect officials to make decisions.

8 of 22

- ☐ Dictatorship
- ☐ Direct Democracy
- ☐ Representative Democracy
- ☐ Abusive Democracy

Definition

Stressed importance of public service in governance.

9 of 22

- ☐ Cicero's Ideals
- ☐ Civic Virtue
- ☐ Athenian Citizenship
- ☐ Roman Legal Principles

Definition

Divided government authority to prevent power concentration.

10 of 22

- ☐ Divided Government
- ☐ Separation of Powers
- ☐ Popular Sovereignty
- ☐ The Bill of Rights

Definition

Citizens vote directly on laws and policies.

11 of 22

- ☐ Indirect Democracy
- ☐ Oligarchy
- ☐ Dictatorship
- ☐ Direct Democracy

11 Matching questions

- Rule of Law
- Influence of Roman Empire
- American Democratic System
- Influence of Socrates
- Influence of Ancient Greece
- Influence of Plato
- Codified Laws
- Roman Republic
- Civic Responsibility
- Checks and Balances
- Influence of Aristotle

- A.** Laws apply equally to all citizens.
- B.** System ensuring no branch dominates government.
- C.** Explored ideal states and governance models.
- D.** Advocated for governance aimed at common good.
- E.** Rooted in principles from Ancient Greece.
- F.** Written laws that govern society uniformly.
- G.** Emphasis on informed citizenship and community service.
- H.** Transitioned from monarchy to elected representation.
- I.** Introduced citizen involvement in governance.
- J.** Promoted critical thinking in governance discussions.
- K.** Established structure for representative government.

12-22 of 22