



INDUS VALLEY PUBLIC SCHOOL, NOIDA

SESSION: 2025-26

CLASS: IV

SUBJECT: SOCIAL STUDIES

NAME: _____ **SEC:** _____ **DATE:** _____

Q1. Assertion- Reason Questions:

Read the given statements and write:

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

B. If both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.

C. A is true but R is false.

D. A is false but R is true.

- a) Assertion (A): The national flag of India is a horizontal tricolour of deep saffron at the top, white in the middle and dark green at the bottom.

Reason (R): The saffron colour represents courage and sacrifice.

Answer- _____

- b) Assertion (A): The Bengal Tiger is the National Animal of India.

Reason (R): The Bengal Tiger is found only in India.

Answer- _____

- c) Assertion (A): The National Emblem of India is adopted from the Lion Capital of Ashoka.

Reason (R): It was adopted on 26th January 1950, the day India became a republic.

Answer- _____

- d) Assertion (A): The Northern Plains are densely populated.

Reason (R): The Northern Plains have fertile alluvial soil and abundant water supply.

Answer- _____

Q2. Source Based Questions:

I. Read the following and answer the question that follows:

The Himalayas, extending over 2,400 km, form the northern boundary of India. They consist of three parallel ranges — the Himadri (Great Himalayas), Himachal (Lesser Himalayas), and Shiwalik (Outer Himalayas). The Himalayas play a vital role in influencing India's climate, preventing cold winds from Central Asia and causing rainfall through monsoon winds. Many important rivers like the Ganga, Yamuna, and Brahmaputra originate in these mountains.

a) Which of the following is the highest range of the Himalayas?

- i. Shiwalik ii. Himachal iii. Himadri iv. Western Ghats

b) The river Ganga originates from which of the following glaciers in the Himalayas?

- i. Pindari ii. Gangotri iii. Siachen iv. Nanda Devi

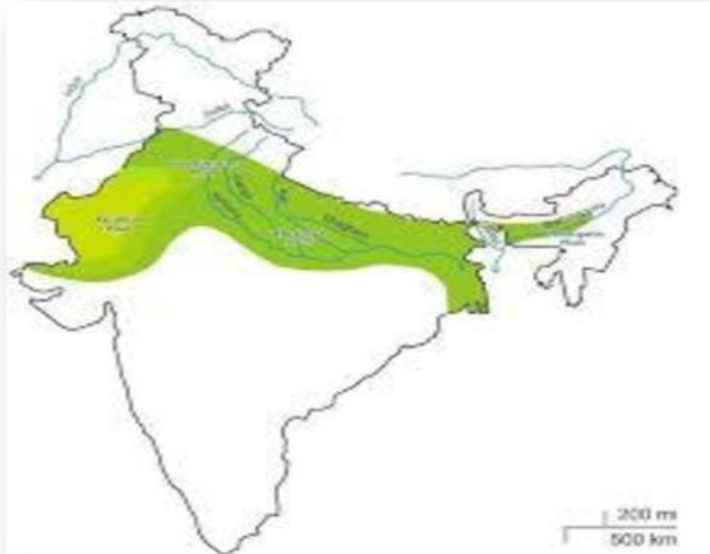
c) What will happen if, Himalayas do not lie to the north of India?

- A. Monsoon winds will be affected resulting in less rainfall.
B. The Himalayas would shift to the southern tip of India.
C. The Northern part of India will become a cold desert.
D. India would lose access to the Indian Ocean.

Options:

- i. A and B ii. B and C iii. And C iv. C and D

II. Observe the picture carefully and answer the following questions:



a) Which of the following statements about the Great Himalayas are correct?"

- I. The Great Himalayas are the highest range of the Himalayan Mountain system.
- II. Mount Everest is located in the Great Himalayas.
- III. The Great Himalayas are also known as the Siwalik range.
- IV. The average elevation of the Great Himalayas is around 6,000 meters.

Options:

- i. I and II
- ii. II and III
- iii. III and IV
- iv. IV and I

b) Why are the Northern Plains densely populated?

- i. Presence of mountains
- ii. Good climate for tourism
- iii. Fertile land and availability of water
- iv. Presence of desert land

c) Which city lies in the Northern Plains of India?

- i. Bengaluru
- ii. Jaipur
- iii. Delhi
- iv. Mumbai

d) The shaded green area in the image shows which physical feature of India?

- i. Western Ghats
- ii. Northern Plains
- iii. Peninsular Plateau
- iv. Coastal Plains

Q3. Multiple Choice Questions:

a) Which of the following states have large areas of alluvial soil?

- A. Punjab B. Bihar C. Rajasthan D. Uttar Pradesh
- i. A, B and C
- ii. B, C and D
- iii. C, D and A
- iv. A, B and D

b) Which of the following statements about black soil are correct?

- A. It is also called Regur soil.
- B. It is ideal for growing cotton.
- C. It is found mainly in northern India.
- D. It has poor moisture-retaining capacity.

Options:

- i. A and B
- ii. A and C
- iii. A and D
- iv. B and D

c) Which of the following crops are commonly grown in laterite soil?

- A. Tea B. Coffee C. Wheat D. Cashew

Options:

- i. A, B and C
- ii. A, B and D
- iii. A, C and D
- iv. A, B and D