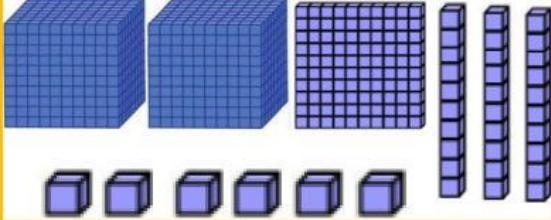


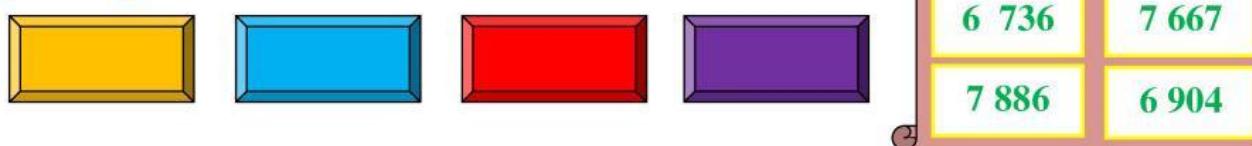
## Q.1 Match the columns.

Column A	Column B
2-digit numbers belongs to	0
10 Hundreds make	Hundreds
Smallest whole number	1 Thousand
5 Thousands, 7 Hundreds, 2 Ones	Tens
Highest place in Ones house	5 702

Q.2 Count and write Thousands, Hundreds, Tens and Ones. Also write numeral and number name.

Blocks	Thousands, Hundreds, Tens and Ones	Numeral and Number name
	<input type="text"/> Thousands, <input type="text"/> Hundred(s), <input type="text"/> Tens , <input type="text"/> Ones	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="flex: 1;"> <input type="text"/> Numeral:   <input type="text"/> Number Name:         </div> </div>

Q.3 Drag and drop the numbers in order from least value to greatest value of Tens place digit.



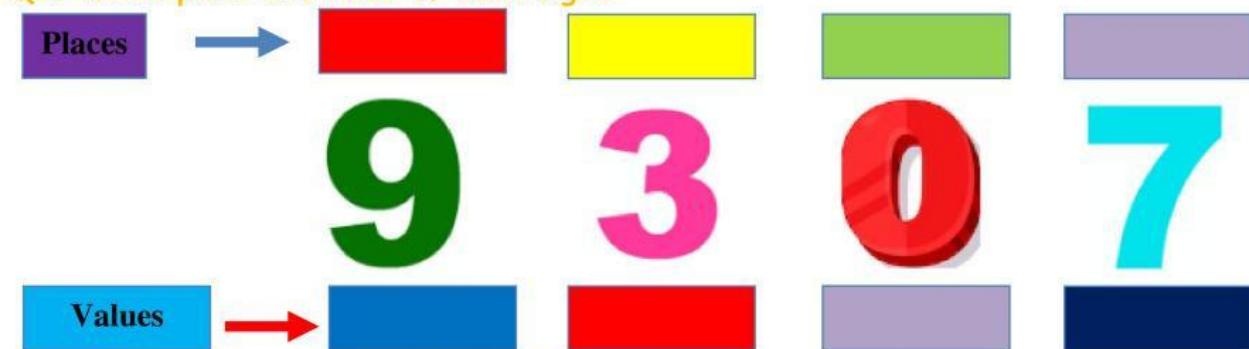
Q.4 Complete the given counting series.



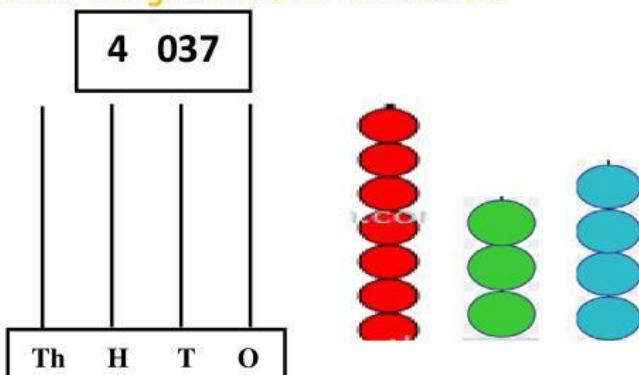
Q.5 Complete the table.

Numeral	Expanded form	Number name
7 203	<input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/>	
	800 + 3	

Q6. Write place and value of each digit.



Q.7 Drag and Drop the beads on spikes to show the given number on abacus.



Q.8 Complete the grid.

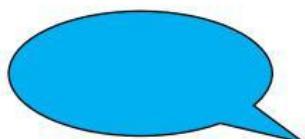
x	4	7	8	11
2				
3				

Q.9 Guess the number.

I am a 3-digit number. I have 8 Ones.

My Tens place is smallest natural number.

My Hundreds place is greatest 1-digit number.



Q.10 Select the numbers that have curved lines only.

7, 8, 0, 4, 5, 9, 2

Q.11 Look at the number given at the right and fill in the blanks.

a) The least place digit is \_\_\_\_\_ and its value is \_\_\_\_\_.

b) The digit \_\_\_\_\_ is at Hundreds place.

c) Smallest valued digit is \_\_\_\_\_ and its place is \_\_\_\_\_.

d) Highest place is \_\_\_\_\_.

8 703

Q.12 Select the object that shows both straight lines and curves.

