

Cambridge First (FCE) – Transformations – Comparatives and Superlatives

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. **Do not change the word given.** You must use between **two** and **five** words, including the word given. Here is an example (0).

Example:

0 Kyle is an active person, so he usually goes for a run every morning.

TO

Because he is an active person,*Kyle tends to go running*.... every morning.

1 There isn't a burger in New York as tasty as the one in this restaurant.

THE

This restaurant in New York.

2 Since the price of paper increased, new books aren't made as much.

FEWER

They new books since the price of paper increased.

3 Paul's old shoes were expensive, but his new ones were cheap.

LESS

Paul's shoes his old ones.

4 There are usually more people at the festival than this year.

AS

There aren't at the festival this year.

5 Last time I went abroad wasn't nearly as exciting as this trip has been.

MUCH

This trip than the last time I went abroad.

6 People from Europe find it harder to learn Chinese than any other language.

FAR

Chinese is language to learn for people from Europe.

7 If Anna is going to study online, she needs her internet connection to be fast.

FASTER

Anna should internet connection if she is going to study online.

8 Jonah used to lack confidence in public speaking, but he's better now.

MORE

Jonah speaks in public he used to.

9 Gary has never been very far away from home unless he visits the regional capital.

EVER

The away from home is to the regional capital.

10 Sunflowers are very common pants to find in gardens.

MOST

The of plants found in gardens are sunflowers.