

Name:

Listening:

Class: S9...



Ngày làm bài: Thứ, ngày/.....

GRAMMAR & FCE LISTENING PRACTICE

CLASSWORK

FCE LISTENING PRACTICE

Con làm bài nghe theo link sau:

<https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/first-for-schools-trainer-2-test-4-part-3>

Test 4 Listening • Part 3

37 You will hear five teenagers talking about listening to music while studying. For questions 19–23, choose from the list (A–H) each speaker's opinion about how effective it is for them. Use the letters only once. There are three extra letters which you do not need to use.

A. I only listen to music for some types of studying.

Speaker 1

19

B. Only some types of music help me study.

Speaker 2

20

C. I realized listening to music doesn't help me.

Speaker 3

21

D. Music makes boring schoolwork more fun.

Speaker 4

22

E. I listen to music when I need to focus a lot.

Speaker 5

23

F. Music helps me remember certain things.

G. I study better with music than in total silence.

H. It's only useful during breaks, not while studying.

GRAMMAR

I. Which goes with which?

0. Why don't you come to the party with us?	0- b	a. It's going to be a nice day.
1. That ceiling looks dangerous.	1- <u> </u>	b. You'll enjoy it.
2. He's looking very tired.	2- <u> </u>	c. I think he's going to fall asleep.
3. This table is too big.	3- <u> </u>	d. He'll get what he wants.
4. The weather forecast is good.	4- <u> </u>	e. It looks as if it's going to fall down.
5. Jake is very determined.	5- <u> </u>	f. I don't think it will fit in the room.

II. Complete the sentences using PRESENT CONTINUOUS.

0. Steve isn't playing (not / play) football on Saturday. He's hurt his leg.

1. _____ (We / have) a party next week. We've invited all our friends.
2. _____ (I / not / work) tomorrow. It's a public holiday.
3. _____ (I / leave) now. I've come to say goodbye.
4. "What time _____ (you / go) out this evening?" - "Seven o'clock."
5. _____ (Laura / not / come) to the party tomorrow. She isn't well.

III. Complete the sentences using WILL ('LL) or (BE) GOING TO.

0. a: Why are you turning on the TV?

b: I'm going to watch the news. (I / watch)

1. a: I forgot my wallet. I don't have any money.

b: Not to worry. _____ you some. (I / lend)

2. a: Why are you filling that bucket with water?

b: _____ the car. (I / wash)

3. a: I don't know how to use the washing machine.

b: It's easy. _____ you. (I / show)

4. a: I've decided to paint this room.

b: That's nice. What colour _____ it? (you / paint)

5. a: Where are you going? Are you going shopping?

b: Yes, _____ some things for dinner tonight. (I / buy)

IV. What is going to happen in these situations? Use the words in brackets.

0. There are a lot of black clouds in the sky.

(rain) It's going to rain.

1. It is 8.30. Tom is leaving home. He has to be at work at 8.45, but the journey takes 30 minutes.

(late) He _____.

2. There is a hole in the bottom of the boat. A lot of water is coming in through the hole.

(sink) The boat _____.

3. Amy and Ben are driving. The tank is nearly empty. It's a long way to the nearest petrol station.

(run out) They _____.

4. Sarah's car was badly damaged in an accident. Now it has to be repaired.

(cost a lot) It _____ to repair the car.

Name:

Grammar:

Listening:

Class: S9...

Ngày giao bài: Thứ , ngày /

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ , ngày /

TV & CINEMA

GRAMMAR & FCE LISTENING PRACTICE

Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chủ thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

A. GRAMMAR

Future tenses (will, be going to, be V-ing)

Tense	Structure	Usage	Example
will + V (future simple)	S + will + V.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Quyết định đưa ra ngay lúc nói. – Dự đoán không chắc chắn. – Lời hứa, đề nghị, cảnh báo. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – I will help you carry that bag. – It will rain tomorrow.
be going to + V	S + be + going to + V.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Kế hoạch đã có trước khi nói. – Dự đoán dựa trên dấu hiệu hiện tại. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – We're going to visit Grandma this weekend. – Look at those clouds! It's going to rain.
be V-ing (present continuous)	S + be + V-ing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Lịch trình/kế hoạch đã sắp xếp cụ thể (gần như chắc chắn sẽ xảy ra). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – I'm meeting my boss at 9 a.m. tomorrow. – They're flying to Paris next week.

B. EXTRA VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	strategy (n)	chiến lược	4	feel the pressure	cảm thấy áp lực
2	rewarding (adj)	đáng giá, đáng bồi công sức	5	tough discipline	kỷ luật nghiêm khắc
3	wind down (phr.v)	thu giãn, xả hơi	6	put in much effort	nỗ lực nhiều

*Note: n = noun: danh từ; adj = adjective: tính từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ đặc biệt.

*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ **1 dòng** vào vở ghi.

C. HOMEWORK

GRAMMAR

I. Circle the correct answers.

0. "I forgot my wallet." – "Don't worry, I _____ for the coffee."
 - A. am going to pay
 - (B.) will pay**
 - C. am paying
 - D. pay

1. Look at those dark clouds. It _____ any minute now!
 - A. is going to rain
 - B. rains
 - C. will rain
 - D. is raining

2. I _____ my grandparents this Saturday. We've booked the train already.
 - A. will visit
 - B. visiting
 - C. visit
 - D. am visiting

3. "Do you have plans for the summer?" – "Yes, we _____ to Spain."
 A. will fly B. are flying C. fly D. flew

4. I think he _____ the competition. He's very talented.
 A. is going B. will win C. wins D. will winning

5. She has already planned that she _____ an online course next month.
 A. taking B. will take C. takes D. is going to take

II. Read the situations and complete the sentences using WILL ('LL) or (BE) GOING TO.

0. You want some coffee. You go to the kitchen to make some.

You say (to your friend): **I'm going to make** some coffee. Would you like some? (I/make)

1. You're speaking to a friend and arranging to meet. You suggest a time and place.

You say: _____ you at 10.30 in the hotel lobby, OK? (I/see)

2. You have decided to sell your car. You tell a friend of yours.

You say: I don't need my car any more. _____ it. (I/sell)

3. Your friend is worried because she has lost her driving licence.

You say: Don't worry. I'm sure _____ it. (you/find)

4a. You have an old camera that is broken. You have decided to throw it away. You tell your friend.

You say: This camera is broken. _____ it away. (I/throw)

4b. Your friend loves and collects old cameras. He doesn't want you to throw it away.

He says: Don't throw it away! _____ it. (I/have)

5a. Joe has to go to the airport tomorrow. He doesn't know how to get there. Amy offers to take him.

Amy says: Don't worry about getting to the airport, Joe. _____ you. (I/take)

5b. Later that day, Paul offers to take Joe to the airport. Joe tells him that it's not necessary.

Joe says: Thanks, Paul, but _____ me. (Amy/take)

III. Imagine you are in these situations, write a sentence for each situation using the correct future tense.

0. You've just decided to help your friend with his project.

→ **I'll help my friend with his project.**

1. You've already planned to meet your cousin at the café at 5 p.m.

→ _____.

2. Your phone is about to fall off the table!

→ _____!

3. You've arranged a dentist appointment for tomorrow at 9 a.m.

→ _____.

4. You saw the dark sky and predicted a storm.

→ _____.

5. After checking your schedule, you decided to join the class trip.

→ _____.

Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài đọc.



CAMBRIDGE LISTENING PRACTICE

Con làm bài nghe theo link sau:

<https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/first-for-schools-trainer-2-test-5-part-3>

Test 5 Listening • Part 3

41 You will hear five teenagers talking about playing tennis. For questions **19–23**, choose from the list **(A–H)** the reason each speaker gives for enjoying the game. Use the letters only once. There are three extra letters which you do not need to use.

A. It helps me feel more relaxed.

Speaker 1

19

B. I'm getting better at dealing with stress.

Speaker 2

20

C. It really makes me think and use my brain.

Speaker 3

21

D. I enjoy trying to beat other people.

Speaker 4

22

E. I can meet people and make new friends.

Speaker 5

23

F. I enjoy tennis more than other sports.

G. I've learned not to be upset when I don't win.

H. I got better at it because I worked hard.