

**ĐỀ THI THỬ TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT****NĂM HỌC 2025-2026**

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (không kể phát đề)

**MOCK TEST 8**

**Part 1: Write/ Mark A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that best completes each of the following sentences. (2.0 pts)**

1. The city is now a big \_\_\_\_\_ site with many half-finished buildings.  
A. waste                      B. tourist                      C. storage                      D. construction
2. The condo is so small and there are not enough \_\_\_\_\_ for families with young children.  
A. facilities                      B. equipment                      C. tools                      D. space
3. The rules didn't specify \_\_\_\_\_ to speak to in case of an emergency.  
A. where                      B. whom                      C. who                      D. which
4. The newspaper article advised against \_\_\_\_\_ too much meat.  
A. eating                      B. to eating                      C. eat                      D. to eat
5. We are encouraging the people in our community to cut \_\_\_\_\_ on plastic bags.  
A. on                      B. down                      C. for                      D. up
6. Nam asked An if she \_\_\_\_\_ on a tour of Hue that weekend.  
A. is going                      B. will go                      C. was going                      D. should go
7. The more crowded the bus got, \_\_\_\_\_ it was for me to breathe.  
A. more difficult                      B. the more difficult                      C. the most difficult                      D. the difficult
8. One way to \_\_\_\_\_ people's awareness of the need to protect our Earth is to follow the 3Rs.  
A. rise                      B. preserve                      C. protect                      D. raise

**Part 2: Read the following announcement/advertisement/passage and write/ mark A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks. (1.0 pt)**

In the 1800s and early 1900s, most children went to school in one-room schoolhouses. At that time, most people lived (1) \_\_\_\_\_ farms. The farms were spread out. One-room schoolhouses were built because there weren't many children in the farm areas. Most of the one-room schoolhouses only (2) \_\_\_\_\_ about fifteen to twenty children. The one-room schoolhouses had just one teacher. That teacher instructed all students from the age of five or six up to ages thirteen or fourteen or even older. The teacher also (3) \_\_\_\_\_ all subjects. In one-room schoolhouses, students did a lot of reciting and memorising. Reciting means that they said out loud (4) \_\_\_\_\_ they learned. The teacher would ask a question, and the students would stand up and recite the answer. Students also did a lot of memorising. They were often asked to memorise poems. They had to memorise famous speeches and important facts, too.





### TA9 LUYỆN THI VÀO 10

### MOCK TESTS

- |             |             |            |             |
|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. A. in    | B. on       | C. for     | D. with     |
| 2. A. had   | B. made     | C. founded | D. promoted |
| 3. A. gave  | B. observed | C. taught  | D. educated |
| 4. A. which | B. how      | C. that    | D. what     |

**Part 3: Write/ Mark A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances/sentences to make a meaningful exchanges/text in each of the following questions.**

**(1.0 pt)**

**1.**

- a. How was the film?
- b. Yes, I did.
- c. It was a brilliant sci-fi and we were so thrilled to see the space exploration of the hero.
- d. Hoa, did you go to see the new film with Mai last weekend?

- A. d-b-a-c      B. b-c-d-a      C. c-b-a-d      D. a-d-c-b

**2.**

- a. It was in the summer of 2024.
- b. What was your most memorable experience?
- c. My most memorable experience was a trip to Ha Long Bay.
- d. When was it?

- A. d-b-a-c      B. b-c-d-a      C. a-c-b-d      D. c-d-b-a

**3.**

- a. Should we choose any particular type of books?
- b. I really admire that you know so much English vocabulary. Do you have any tips?
- c. Sure. The first tip is reading in English. When we learn a new word as part of a story, we can remember it better because it is in a context.
- d. I read lots of different types. However, choose books that suit your age and English level.

- A. c-b-a-d      B. d-b-c-a      C. a-c-d-b      D. b-c-a-d

**4.**

- a. What makes it historically significant?
- b. Can you tell me about one historical place you have visited?
- c. OK. I have visited Co Loa Citadel.
- d. Where is it located?
- e. It is located in Dong Anh District, Ha Noi.

- A. b-e-a-c-d      B. e-c-a-b-d      C. b-c-d-e-a      D. b-e-c-a-d





**Part 4: Read the following passage and write/mark A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions. (1.0 pt)**

Edinburgh is the capital city of Scotland. It has enormous historical significance. Located on the east coast of Scotland, Edinburgh proudly offers a window to the past. For many people, this city is an exciting mix of something traditional and something modern.

Edinburgh has been Scotland's royal city since 1437. Most of Edinburgh's sights are within two districts: the old town and the new town. The medieval Royal Mile stretching for over a mile from Edinburgh Castle to the Palace of Holyroodhouse dominates the city's central area. The Royal Mile is one of the largest, longest and most splendid streets for buildings in Britain.

To millions of visitors, Edinburgh Castle is a must-see because there are many treasures. Princess Street is in Edinburgh's new town, directly below the castle. Next to Princess Street, in the shadow of Edinburgh Castle, lies the green Princess Street Gardens. This is one of the most delightful gardens in Britain. Edinburgh is also a cultural centre. The worldwide famous Edinburgh Fringe Festival (a series of arts festivals held in August) draws thousands and thousands of visitors to the city annually. So Edinburgh is really a place no traveler should ignore.

**1. Which of the following dominates the central area of Edinburgh?**

- A. The Royal Mile.    B. Edinburgh Castle.    C. Holyroodhouse.    D. Princess Street.

**2. The word "splendid" in the passage mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. communal    B. basic    C. magnificent    D. occupied

**3. The word "This" in the passage refers to \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. Princess Street    B. Edinburgh    C. Edinburgh Castle    D. Princess Street Gardens

**4. Which of the following is NOT TRUE, according to the passage?**

- A. Edinburgh belonged to the past.  
B. Edinburgh is Scotland's royal city.  
C. Holyroodhouse is at one end of Royal Mile.  
D. Arts festivals are held in August in Edinburgh.





**Part 5: Read the following passage and decide if the statements that follow are TRUE or FALSE.**

**(1.0 pt)**

Viet Nam is in the period of industrialisation and modernisation, and many aspects of Vietnamese lifestyle have changed. The biggest differences we can see now are in teenagers' lifestyle. They are now more flexible and casual in the way they dress. They wear their hair in different styles and even dye it different colours. They have become more confident in communicating with others, even with their elders. They are daring in their actions and ambitions. For many of them, technology has become important in their daily life. They use it for study and entertainment.

However, Vietnamese teenagers have also learnt to treasure their traditional values. Many customs and traditions are passed from generation to generation. Vietnamese teens show respect for the elders, at home and outside. They learn to value their families. They come to their parents for advice and ask for permission in their important decisions such as university study and marriage. They also wear traditional costumes such as ao dai, ao tu than, and cook traditional Vietnamese foods on special occasions.

1. The most significant change in lifestyle can be seen among the elderly.
2. The example of teenagers dying their hair in different colours shows that they are now more flexible.
3. Most teenagers use technology for entertaining and studying.
4. Teenagers want to depend on their parents.

**Part 6: Give the correct form of words in brackets. (1.0 pt)**

1. \_\_\_\_\_, farmers used buffalo-driven carts to transport agricultural products. (**tradition**)
2. Learning a new language can be a \_\_\_\_\_ (**challenge**) but also a rewarding experience.
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ (**develop**) of new technology has revolutionized various industries.
4. In my opinion, a place of interest is a place famous for its scenery or a well-known (**history**) \_\_\_\_\_ place.

**Part 7: Each sentence has a mistake. Find the mistakes and correct them. (1.0 pt)**

1. Mr Minh was determined leaving the office by 4.30 to catch the early train home.

\_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_

2. I wish he will stop complaining about his parents and had a heart-to-heart conversation with them .

\_\_\_\_\_ -> \_\_\_\_\_





**Part 8:** Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one. Use **NO MORE THAN FOUR WORDS**. (2.0 pts)

1. This is the first time he has gone bird-watching.

→ He \_\_\_\_\_ bird-watching before.

2. That is the tour guide; I spoke to her yesterday.

→ That is the tour guide \_\_\_\_\_ to yesterday.

3. My friends argue all the time. It is a pity that.

→ I wish \_\_\_\_\_ all the time.

4. "Do you know who is the author of this dictionary?" Lan asked me.

→ Lan asked me if \_\_\_\_\_ the author of that dictionary