



1 Choose the correct verbs to complete the sentences.

- You were very lucky. You *might / must* have been seriously hurt!
- Nobody is answering the door. They *couldn't / must* have gone out.
- The burglar *couldn't / might* have known we were on holiday, because we didn't tell anybody.
- I'm not sure, but I think I *may / must* have forgotten to lock the front door.
- You *couldn't / must* have heard the news! Everybody's talking about it.
- Marie *might / can't* have forgotten about the extra practice, because I reminded her about it.
- I don't know who phoned, but it *must / could* have been Harry.
- It *couldn't / must* have been very cold last night because there's ice on the roads this morning.



3 Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Use the word in brackets.

- Perhaps Greg forgot to lock his bike. (might)
Greg _____
- I'm sure it was really frightening to find a mouse in your bedroom. (been)
It _____
- It's possible that they were too late for the early train. (missed)
They _____
- I'm certain that it wasn't a very pleasant experience. (unpleasant)
It _____



2 Complete the conversations with a modal verb + have + the past participle of the verbs in brackets. Sometimes more than one modal verb is possible.

- A:** Thanks for all your help. I _____ (fix) the broken door without you.
B: No problem. I think the burglar _____ (be) very strong.
- A:** It's possible that the police _____ (find) the criminal by now.
B: No, they _____ (find) them yet. They don't work that fast!
- A:** Do you think Hunter _____ (get) stuck in traffic? He's very late.
B: No, he _____ (get) stuck in traffic – the streets aren't busy at this time.
A: Then you _____ (forget) to invite him. There's no other explanation!
- A:** I'm not sure, but I think I _____ (upset) Sophie when I told her how surprised I was that she got 100% in the test.
B: She _____ (get) 100%. That was a really hard test. She _____ (be) lying to you.
- A:** Have you seen Gary recently? He's got some great news!
B: Well, I thought I saw him at the gym yesterday evening, but it _____ (be) him, he was quite far away.
A: No, you _____ (see) him yesterday evening, because he was with me, telling me his news.



4 Correct the mistakes in four of the sentences. Which one is correct?

- The line-up was changed and that was the worst surprise I could have. _____
- I spent almost an hour waiting, and then decided that the call will have been a joke. _____
- I must have been seven years old at that time. _____
- He could have triumph over the fish because of his knowledge of the sea. _____
- Mark and Angela understood that he mustn't had told her the story. _____

VOCABULARY

Negative prefixes



1 Write the correct prefix to make the opposites of the adjectives.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1 ___ accurate | 8 ___ patient |
| 2 ___ clear | 9 ___ polite |
| 3 ___ expensive | 10 ___ possible |
| 4 ___ fair | 11 ___ safe |
| 5 ___ honest | 12 ___ visible |
| 6 ___ legal | 13 ___ willing |
| 7 ___ organised | |



2 Match the prefixed adjectives from Exercise 1 to the meanings.

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 1 not wanting to do something | _____ |
| 2 dangerous | _____ |
| 3 rude | _____ |
| 4 too difficult to do | _____ |
| 5 likely to lie or do something criminal | _____ |
| 6 against the law | _____ |
| 7 not correct or exact | _____ |
| 8 not able to plan things well | _____ |
| 9 easily annoyed by mistakes or delays | _____ |
| 10 not possible to see | _____ |

