



UNITS 10-12



Complete the dialogues with verb forms in the affirmative or negative.

1 A: If you _____¹ (can change) something about your hometown, what _____² (it/be)?

B: I wish we _____³ (have) more green areas. It _____⁴ (feel) more relaxing, if _____⁵ (there be) more public gardens, more trees, and flowers. What about you? What _____⁶ (you/change)?

A: I wish _____⁷ (there be-neg) so much traffic. If we _____⁸ (spend-neg) so much time stuck in traffic, we _____⁹ (be) less anxious.



2 A: You look upset. Is anything wrong?

B: It's a friend from school. She _____¹ (miss) classes lately. Something _____² (happen). She always _____³ (come) to class. What _____⁴ (I/do)?

A: _____⁵ (you/try) calling her?

B: Nobody _____⁶ (answer) the phone.

A: I _____⁷ (drop by) for a visit if I _____⁸ (be) you.

B: I don't know. She _____⁹ (might think) I'm too nosy.

A: _____¹⁰ (you/try) talking to one of her teachers?

B: No, but that's not a bad idea. I'll do that. Thanks.



3 A: You don't eat meat, _____¹?

B: Well, I _____² (try) to eat less red meat lately.

A: Me too. I _____³ (think about) _____⁴ (take) cooking classes to learn new dishes.

B: _____⁵ (learn) more vegetarian options _____⁶ (might be) a good idea. You were thinking about veggie dishes, _____⁷?

A: Not only. I wish I _____⁸ (know) how to prepare quick meals. If I _____⁹ (learn) one-dish recipes, I _____¹⁰ (make) such a mess in the kitchen.



4 A: I wish I _____¹ (have to-neg) hand in the geography assignment tomorrow. If _____² (have) a little more time, I _____³ (be able to) do a much better job.

B: If I _____⁴ (be) you, I _____⁵ (get) so desperate. I _____⁶ (talk) to Professor Lake. She _____⁷ (might give) you a couple of extra days.

A: You think so?

B: I do. If you _____⁸ (be-neg) so busy today, _____⁹ (you/give) me a hand in the kitchen?

A: Yes, I _____¹⁰. I really like _____¹¹ (make) and _____¹² (eat) brownies! I can have a break from writing to help you.



5 A: Many strange things happened to me today. First, an elderly lady _____¹ (fall) asleep on my shoulder on the bus this morning.

B: She _____² (might/be) too tired. Or her blood pressure _____³ (could/drop).

A: When I _____⁴ (get off) the bus, a guy _____⁵ (give) me flowers!

B: He _____⁶ (could/make) a mistake. Wrong person. Or it _____⁷ (might/be) for an ad.



6 A: Hey, is something the matter? You can tell me.

B: What _____¹ (you/do) if you _____² (break) something in a friend's house, and nobody _____³ (notice) it was you?

A: I _____⁴ (apologize) and _____⁵ (tell) the truth.

B: Don't you think you _____⁶ (be) embarrassed?

A: Not at all. It happens to everyone.

B: What a relief! I _____⁷ (break) your mother's Chinese vase that was in the bathroom.



B Complete the conversations with comparatives or superlatives.



A: Buying the right meat cut for a pot roast is _____¹ (not/easy) you think. Finding something that is tender and at the same time tasty is _____² (complicated) than you can imagine.

B: I know what you mean. One of the _____³ (hard) things is to choose a meat cut. I stick to salads. I've been trying to make a different salad every day, to have a _____⁴ (healthy) diet, you know.

A: My dad's new recipe is one of _____⁵ (tasty) salads I've ever had. And one of _____⁶ (easy) to prepare too. All sorts of greens, nuts, asparagus, Parma ham, a bit of mozzarella cheese, and mustard, honey and yogurt dressing.

B: Wow!

C Complete with **too** or **not enough** to say something is not good when compared to what it should be.

A: Time is _____¹ short to write a persuasive essay on an ethical dilemma. What I have right now isn't good _____².

B: You are perhaps _____³ anxious to think clearly now. Believe me, it might not be good _____⁴ for a book, but it is definitely reasonable _____⁵ for a composition for school.



D Complete with the passive voice.

A: On the topic of strange foods, I read tarantulas _____¹ (first/eat) by Cambodians in the 70s. They became popular and now _____² (serve) as a deep-fried crispy snack.

B: Yuck! Well, I read something worse than that. Ever heard of the century eggs in China? In the past they _____³ (make) by preserving the egg in salt, lime, and ashes for months until they turned dark green and smelled of ammonia. Now they _____⁴ (can/make) in one month. They _____⁵ (eat) in China since the Ming Dynasty.

A: Gross! Let me see the pictures.

