

## ĐỀ SỐ 10

**Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)**

- |                |               |             |              |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. A. breathe  | B. think      | C. thank    | D. health    |
| 2. A. accept   | B. generation | C. endanger | D. memorable |
| 3. A. watches  | B. hopes      | C. ranges   | D. faces     |
| 4. A. repaired | B. invented   | C. divided  | D. succeeded |

**Câu II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau. (3,0 điểm)**

5. \_\_\_\_\_ farmers in rural areas depend heavily on natural resources for their livelihood.  
A. A                      B. An                      C. The                      D. Ø
6. In the future, many jobs will no longer exist, while new ones will appear \_\_\_\_\_ a short period of time.  
A. in                      B. during                      C. at                      D. within
7. Cities are becoming increasingly \_\_\_\_\_ due to rapid urbanization.  
A. crowd                      B. crowded                      C. crowding                      D. crowds
8. You will never get a good job if you don't have any \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. measures                      B. qualifications                      C. levels                      D. examinations
9. Young people are the ones who should contribute to preserving their community's \_\_\_\_\_ heritage.  
A. national                      B. touristic                      C. traditional                      D. cultural
10. You have read for four hours. This book \_\_\_\_\_ be very interesting.  
A. can                      B. might                      C. must                      D. should
11. \_\_\_\_\_ his poor English, he couldn't explain his problem very clearly.  
A. Because                      B. Although                      C. Because of                      D. In spite of
12. We would rather she \_\_\_\_\_ to the gym regularly to stay healthy.  
A. go                      B. goes                      C. went                      D. going
13. Since the 1970s, the festival in Glastonbury has taken \_\_\_\_\_ almost every year.  
A. part                      B. place                      C. note                      D. notice
14. He'll be very upset if his employer \_\_\_\_\_ his proposal.  
A. pulls down                      B. finds out                      C. takes off                      D. turns down

15. What does the sign mean?

- A. You mustn't drive after drinking.
- B. You shouldn't drink after drinking water.
- C. You must be careful with drunk drivers.
- D. You must drive carefully.



16. What does the sign mean?

- A. You can't buy sweets here.
- B. Sweets are much cheaper today.
- C. You can't use cards to buy sweets.
- D. Sweets are free today.

CASH ONLY WHEN  
PAYING FOR SWEETS

**Câu III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau. (1,0 điểm)**

- 17. Students (**study**) \_\_\_\_\_ for the final exams to achieve their academic goals at this moment.
- 18. The professor (**teach**) \_\_\_\_\_ a fascinating course on modern physics at the university last semester.
- 19. I hope (**pass**) \_\_\_\_\_ all of my courses this term.
- 20. After I had finished (**write**) \_\_\_\_\_ the report, I began to listen to music.

**Câu IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau. (1,0 điểm)**

Madagascar has two seasons, a warm, wet season from November to April, and a cooler dry season between May and October. However, different parts of the country have very different weather. The east coast is hotter and wetter, with up to 4,000 mm of rainfall per year. (21) \_\_\_\_\_ the rainy season comes, there are strong winds, and these can cause a lot of damage. The dry season is cooler and more (22) \_\_\_\_\_. The high, central part of the country, (23) \_\_\_\_\_ has about 1,400 mm of rain falls in the rainy season, is much drier and cooler, but the summer is usually sunny and dry. The west coast is the driest part of the island. Here, the winter months are pleasant with little rain, cooler temperatures and blue skies. The summers can be extremely hot, especially in the southwest. This part of the country is semi-desert, and only (24) \_\_\_\_\_ around 300 mm of rain per year.

(Adapted from <https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/>)

- |                 |               |             |             |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| 21. A. Because  | B. But        | C. Although | D. When     |
| 22. A. pleasant | B. pleasantly | C. pleased  | D. pleasure |
| 23. A. who      | B. whom       | C. which    | D. that     |
| 24. A. catches  | B. gets       | C. takes    | D. keeps    |



**Câu V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)**

**How Animals See Things**

Many people think animals see things like humans do. But this is not true! Most animals have their own unique way of seeing things.

Dogs cannot see some colors. They can only see gray, blue, and yellow. Some scientists believe that red and green appear yellow to dogs. So dogs think red and green tomatoes are all yellow! But dogs have better night vision than humans. That is why your pet dog easily moves around in the dark. Horses' eyes give **them** an extremely wide view. That is because their eyes are on the sides of their heads. It allows them to see about 350 degrees around them. So horses can easily sense **approaching** predators and run away. However, horses cannot see things that are right in front of them! They have a blind spot in the space between their two eyes.

Dragonflies' eyes have about 30,000 lenses. Their eyes can see about 360 degrees around. Also, dragonflies are very good at sensing motion. They can see most movements in slow motion. Dragonflies catch their prey while flying. Their strong vision makes this easier to do.

(Adapted from <https://www.moetenglishclub.com/>)

25. What is the main idea of this passage?

- A. Humans have better vision than animals.
- B. All animals see things in the same way.
- C. Animals see things in different ways than humans.
- D. Animals see things in the same ways with humans.

26. How far around can dragonflies see?

- A. about 180 degrees
- B. about 240 degrees
- C. about 350 degrees
- D. about 360 degrees

27. What does the word "**them**" in paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. horses
- B. dogs
- C. humans
- D. scientists

28. The word "**approaching**" most closely means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. coming
- B. appearing
- C. disappearing
- D. vanishing

**Câu VI. Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)**

Canada Geese are large blue and white birds. When autumn arrives, they have to fly south where the weather is warmer. The winters are so cold in Canada that the birds die if they stay there.

Last spring, Bill Lishman found sixteen young Canada Geese on his farm. They had lost their parents. Bill thought, "These young birds won't know what to do in the autumn." Bill had a small plane and he decided to teach the birds to follow him. All through the summer, he went on short trips in his plane and the young geese flew after him.



When the cold weather arrived in autumn, Bill flew to Virginia in the United States, over 600 miles south of his home in Canada. The geese followed him all the way. Bill left the geese in Virginia and he returned home. This spring, Bill was waiting for the birds to come back. They didn't arrive, so Bill flew to Virginia to get them. He looked for them for two weeks but he couldn't find them. When he arrived back home, Bill found the geese waiting for him. They had found their way home without him!

(Adapted from <https://www.moetenglishclub.com/>)

29. Are the winters in Canada cold or stormy?

.....

30. How many Canada Geese appeared on Bill's farm?

.....

31. Is it 600 miles from his home to Virginia?

.....

32. What were the geese doing when Bill arrived back home?

.....

**Câu VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)**

**33. After/ she/ finish/ homework/ assignments/ she/ can/ watch/ favorite/ TV show/.**

- A. After she finish her homework assignments, she can watch her favorite TV show.
- B. After she finishes homework assignments, she can watch her favorite TV show.
- C. After she finishes her homework assignments, she can watch her favorite TV show.
- D. After she finished homework assignments, she can watch her favorite TV show.

**34. In spite/ efforts/ he/ not/ pass/ previous/ exam/.**

- A. In spite of his efforts, he doesn't pass previous exam.
- B. In spite of his efforts, he can't pass previous exam.
- C. In spite of his efforts, he didn't pass the previous exam.
- D. In spite of efforts, he couldn't pass the previous exam.

**Câu VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)**

35. "Where did you get the information about Disneyland Resort?" Quang said to me.

→ Quang asked .....

36. He prefers reading books to watching movies.

→ He likes reading .....

37. Go to bed early, and you will feel fresh in the morning.

→ If you .....

38. I don't know how to paint on ceramic pots.

→ ***I wish*** .....

39. The new model is more fuel-efficient than any other car on the market.

→ ***The new model is the*** .....

40. The festival was postponed because of the storm.

→ ***Because*** .....