



Used to\ Be used to\Get used to

We use **used to + infinitive** to refer to past habits or states. In such cases, used to can be replaced by the past simple with no difference in meaning.

Used to + infinitive – це конструкція, яка означає дію або стан, що регулярно відбувалися в минулому, але тепер більше не відбуваються.

- + He used to go out a lot when he was younger. (He doesn't any more)
- ? Did she use to spend a lot of money when she was single?
- She didn't use to smoke when she was younger.

We use the past simple, and not used to, for **actions** which happened **at a definite time** in the past.

He visited Paris last month.

Be\get used to + noun\pronoun\ -ing form

Be / get used to + noun / pronoun / -ing form – конструкція, яка означає звичку або процес звикання до чогось.

Be used to = бути звичним до чогось
(Ми вже звикли, це нормально для нас)
Формула:
be (am / is / are / was / were) + used to + noun / -ing

They **are used to** hot weather. (Вони звикли до спекотної погоди.)

I'm used to getting up early. (Я звик (звикла) вставати рано.)

She **wasn't used to** working at night. (Вона не була звикла працювати вночі.)

Mary **is getting used to** life in the city. (Мері звикає до життя в місті.)

They **will soon get used to** cooking their own meals. (Вони скоро звикнуть готувати їжу самостійно.)

Choose the correct answer.

Щойно ти почнеш працювати

1) I find it hard to get up early. You to getting up early once you start working.

A are used **B** will get used **C** were used

2) "Do you often exercise now?" "No, but I to exercise a lot when I was at school."

A used **B** will get used **C** am used

3) "Aren't you bothered by all that noise?" "No, we to noise. We live in the city centre."

A were used **B** will get used **C** are used

4) "Does your sister travel a lot?" "No, but she to before she got married."

A didn't use **B** used **C** wasn't used

5) "I don't like wearing a suit every day." "Don't worry, you to it very soon."

A are used **B** will get used **C** were used

6) "Sandra to using a computer, but now she enjoys it." "It's a lot easier for her now."

A isn't used **B** will get used **C** wasn't used

7) "Do you remember the things we to do when we were kids?" "Of course I do. How could I forget what fun we had!"

A used **B** were used **C** got used

8) "Do you like living in the city?" "Well, I to it yet, but it's okay."

A am not used **B** wan't used **C** am used

I _____ go to school by bus, but now I walk.

- a) am used to
- b) used to
- c) get used to

She is _____ living alone.

- a) used to
- b) use to
- c) used

They will never _____ eating spicy food.

- a) used to
- b) be used to
- c) get used to

We didn't _____ play computer games so much.

- a) used to
- b) use to
- c) be used to

I'm not _____ speaking in public.

- a) used
- b) use to
- c) used to

