

## PRESENT PERFECT: HAVE/HAS + Participle

We use the present perfect to:

- talk about recent actions
- actions that happened in an unspecified time (recently, before)
- a period of time that continues in the present (this year, this month, today)
- an action that has a consequence in the present

There are some words that help you identify the need for a "perfect" tense. They are:

just - ever - already - never - yet - since - for - recently

We make the present perfect with HAVE/HAS + PARTICIPLE.

In contrast, we use the **past simple** when we know when the action happened or when we are sure that the period of time has finished.

We make the past simple by adding -ED to the end of regular verbs or changing the conjugation of the irregular ones. For negatives we use didn't and for interrogatives, did.

1. Keeping the rules you've just read in mind, complete the gaps with the past simple or perfect of the verbs in brackets.
  - a. He \_\_\_\_\_ in Berlin **for a year** when we were in high school. (study)
  - b. I \_\_\_\_\_ just \_\_\_\_\_ an amazing movie! You should see it too. (watch)
  - c. My great great great grandmother \_\_\_\_\_ twelve brothers. (have)
  - d. (looking in the bag) "Oh no! I \_\_\_\_\_ my phone!" (lose)
  - e. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ Julia **today**? (see)
  - f. I \_\_\_\_\_ only by American Airlines recently. (fly)
  - g. Last weekend, we \_\_\_\_\_ football and then we \_\_\_\_\_ to a restaurant. (play/go)
  - h. I \_\_\_\_\_ 3 books **this week**. (read)
  - i. We \_\_\_\_\_ our homework **yet**. (do)
  - j. Julie \_\_\_\_\_ in France when she was a toddler. (live)
  - k. She \_\_\_\_\_ to several different countries, so she knows a lot about culture. (be)
  - l. \_\_\_\_\_ you already \_\_\_\_\_ the new song from Beyoncé? (hear)
  - m. Bastille storming, important for the French revolution, \_\_\_\_\_ in July, 14 1789 (happen)
  - n. I \_\_\_\_\_ to the party last night because I was sick. (go)
  - o. Ouch! I \_\_\_\_\_ my finger! (cut)
  - p. We \_\_\_\_\_ here all morning. (be)
  - q. He \_\_\_\_\_ his foot the day before the last game. (break)
  - r. They \_\_\_\_\_ every day **since** they were 4 years old. (draw)

s. My cousins \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_ All Stars. They only like Vans shoes.  
(wear)

t. I \_\_\_\_\_ in the sun for way too long - I'm all sunburnt! ( stay )

### **PAST AND PARTICIPLES**

Fill in the gaps with the past and the participle of the verbs.

break	bring
speak	buy
wake	fight
steal	catch
lend	try
send	hurry
spend	cry
build	carry
live	sit
love	lose
save	get
move	light
find	plan
have	stop
hear	prefer
read	travel
pull	come
call	become
ask	run
fix	---
eat	fly
forget	know
give	draw
take	grow
drink	stand
ring	understand _____ / _____
sing	sell
swim	tell
cut	Very special and important verbs
hit	be
shut	go
put	