

James: I've always wanted to see that. Was it well (2) _____?

Hannah: Yes, it's (3) _____ the efforts of many people to protect these structures for future generations.

James: That's so important. We need to preserve our cultural (4) _____.

Hannah: Definitely. It's not just about looking back on history, but also understanding and appreciating different cultures.

James: Absolutely. Where else have you been that has a lot of historic sites?

Hannah: I recently (5) _____ Egypt and saw the pyramids. They're incredibly ancient yet still standing strong.

James: Wow, I can't imagine how long those have been around. People must be working hard to (6) _____ them too.

Hannah: Absolutely. We're lucky to be able to experience and learn from such (7) _____ places.

James: I agree with you. These historic sites are an essential part of our world and we need to make sure they'll be there for future (8) _____ to enjoy.

Exercise 12: Read the text carefully, then do the tasks.

One of the most famous cultural heritages in Vietnam is Hoi An Ancient Town. It's a beautiful place in central Vietnam near the Thu Bon River. Hoi An is special because it has many old buildings and streets that have been there for hundreds of years. When you walk through the town, you feel like you're going back in time. There are colourful lanterns everywhere, making the streets look magical, especially at night. The Japanese Bridge is one of the most famous parts of Hoi An. It was built in the 16th century. People come from all over the world to see it. In Hoi An, there are also markets where you can buy all sorts of things, like clothes, souvenirs, and delicious food. The town is like a mix of different cultures because it has been influenced by Vietnamese, Chinese, Japanese, and European traditions. Hoi An is very important to Vietnam because it shows how people lived in the past and how different cultures came together to create something unique. Hoi An Ancient Town was recognised by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage in 1999.

A. Decide whether the following statements are True or False.

No.	Statements	True	False
1.	Hoi An is located in northern Viet Nam.		
2.	Hoi An is situated near the Mekong River.		
3.	Hoi An is famous for its modern buildings.		
4.	The architecture in Hoi An is well preserved.		
5.	Hoi An's streets are adorned with colourful lanterns, especially at night.		
6.	The Japanese Bridge in Hoi An was constructed in the 20 th century.		
7.	Hoi An's markets offer only clothes and souvenirs, not food.		
8.	Hoi An structures have been influenced by Vietnamese, Chinese, Japanese, and European cultures.		

B. Read the text again and answer the questions.

1. Is Hoi An Ancient Town famous?

→ _____

2. Where is Hoi An Ancient Town located?

→ _____

3. Why is Hoi An special?

→ _____

4. How do visitors feel when walking through Hoi An's streets?

→ _____

5. When was the Japanese Bridge built?

→ _____

6. What can you buy in Hoi An's markets?

→ _____

7. Why is Hoi An important to Vietnam?

→ _____

8. When was Hoi An Ancient Town recognised as a World Cultural Heritage by UNESCO?

→ _____

Exercise 13: Read the text and choose the correct options.

Vietnamese traditions are well preserved and passed down through generations thanks to the Vietnamese people's love for their country. They have a long history of fighting against foreign invaders, such as China and France. This has made them very protective of their culture and traditions.

One of the most important traditions is Tet, the Lunar New Year. It takes place in January or February. The whole country stops working for a week to celebrate. People visit their families and give each other lucky money in red envelopes. They also clean their houses to get rid of bad luck from the old year. There are many delicious foods to eat at Tet, such as "*banh chung*", which is sticky rice with pork inside, wrapped in "*dong*" leaves.


Another important tradition is ancestor worship. Vietnamese people believe that when someone dies, their soul lives on and can protect the family. They have an altar in their house where they put pictures of their ancestors. Every day, they light incense and offer food and drink to their ancestors. During Tet, they invite their ancestors' spirits to join the celebrations. They also clean and decorate their ancestors' graves and bring them food and flowers.

1. Which countries have Vietnamese people fought against as mentioned in the text?

A. Thailand and Cambodia	B. China and France
C. Japan and Korea	D. Laos and Myanmar

2. When does the Lunar New Year usually take place?

A. March or April	B. May or June
C. January or February	D. November or December

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3. Why do Vietnamese people clean their houses during Tet?
 - A. to get rid of bad luck from the old year
 - B. to impress their guests
 - C. to earn more money
 - D. to protect the houses
 4. What do people give each other during Tet?
 - A. lucky money in red envelopes
 - B. clothes and shoes
 - C. letters in red envelopes
 - D. books and stationary
 5. What is "*banh chung*" mentioned in the text?
 - A. sticky rice with pork inside
 - B. beef noodle soup
 - C. fried chicken
 - D. bread with sausage inside
 6. Vietnamese people believe that when someone dies, their soul _____.
 - A. disappears
 - B. dies
 - C. vanishes
 - D. lives on
 7. What do Vietnamese people offer to their ancestors daily?
 - A. money
 - B. incense, food, and drink
 - C. books
 - D. diamonds
 8. What do Vietnamese people bring to their ancestors' graves during Tet?
 - A. food and flowers
 - B. clothes
 - C. toys
 - D. household appliances

Exercise 14: Underline the mistake and rewrite the correct one.

1. My father was drive to work when he saw an accident on the road.
→ _____
2. Ngoc was dancing in her room while her brother were playing video games.
→ _____
3. The volunteers made a meaningful contribute to the local orphanage.
→ _____

4. Linda wishes she has a new smartphone and a new bike.

→ _____

5. I want to observation the changing colours of the leaves in autumn.

→ _____

6. I was waiting for the bus when I realise I had forgotten my umbrella.

→ _____

7. We wish that our parents didn't had to work so hard.

→ _____

8. Cultural preserve includes safeguarding intangible heritage like music and dance.

→ _____

9. He fixing the car in the garage for weeks because it kept breaking down.

→ _____

10. Minh and Quang are having a picnic in the garden at 3 p.m. last Saturday.

→ _____

11. She wish she had a villa with a swimming pool and a beautiful garden.

→ _____

12. We should protected valuable artefacts from being stolen or sold illegally.

→ _____

13. I wish I could reading minds and know what people are thinking.

→ _____

14. The baby was sleeping peacefully when the phone will ring loudly.

→ _____

15. My sister attends a cooking class to learn how to make new recipes three months ago.

→ _____

Exercise 15: Write complete sentences using past continuous.

1. Mary/ play/ piano/ while/ her parents/ watch TV.

→ _____

2. She/ paint/ a picture/ while/ her brother/ do/ his homework.

→ _____

3. Jane/ bake/ a cake/ while/ her father/ decorate the house.

→ _____

4. They/ explore/ city streets/ take/ photographs/ all day.

→ _____

5. My sister/ play/ badminton/ while/ my brother/ fly/ kite.

→ _____

6. Ngoc/ have/ meeting/ 9 a.m./ last Wednesday.

→ _____

7. Quang/ read/ science book/ all morning.

→ _____

8. he/ chat/ friends/ online/ 10 p.m./ yesterday?

→ _____

9. I/ save/ money/ for months/ buy/ new/ car.

→ _____

10. John/ sing/ while/ his friends/ dance/ at/ party.

→ _____

11. They/ study/ Spanish/ all year/ prepare/ their trip.

→ _____

12. My brother/ practise/ guitar/ all month/ improve/ his skills.

→ _____

Exercise 16: Rewrite the following sentences using “wish”.

1. Sarah wants to go for a hike, but she can't because of her broken leg.

→ _____

2. My father doesn't have a camera. He'd like to have one.

→ _____

3. Kim dreams of becoming a famous actress.

→ _____

4. I want my friends to help me move to my new apartment, but they refuse.

→ _____

5. We don't have a dishwasher. We want to have one.

→ _____

6. I'm sorry that I don't have the skills to help you with your Maths homework.

→ _____

7. She wants her children to prioritise their studies and maintain good grades, but they don't.

→ _____

8. My sister is always on her phone. I want her to talk to me more.

→ _____

9. Peter works in a small town, but he would rather work in a bustling city.

→ _____

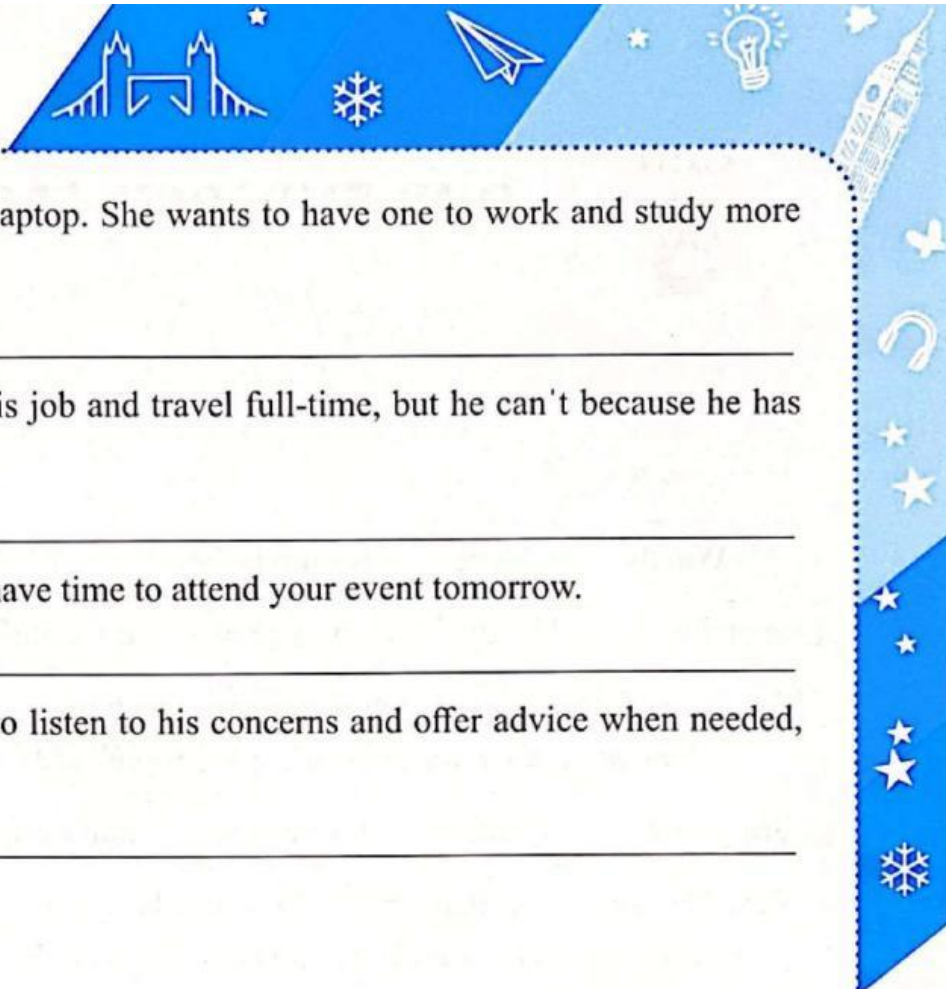
10. I'm sorry that I don't have the ingredients to make your favourite dish for dinner.

→ _____

11. My uncle is always busy with his hobbies. I want him to teach me how to make a wood house.

→ _____





12. Trang doesn't have a laptop. She wants to have one to work and study more efficiently.

→ _____

13. Oliver wants to quit his job and travel full-time, but he can't because he has debts to pay off.

→ _____

14. I'm sorry that I don't have time to attend your event tomorrow.

→ _____

15. He wants his parents to listen to his concerns and offer advice when needed, but they don't.

→ _____