4 Home sweet home

4.1 VOCABULARY

Describing houses • inside a house • *make or do*

SHOW WHAT YOU KNOW

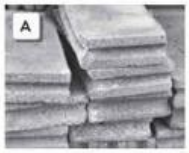
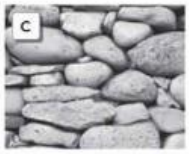
1 Choose the odd one out in each group of four words.

	table	oven	dishwasher	(desk)
1	shower	coffee table	armchair	sofa
2	lamp	rug	microwave	bed
3	bath	dining table	washbasin	toilet
4	kitchen	living room	plant	bedroom
5	chair	bathroom	study	hall

WORD STORE 4A | Describing houses

2 Match the words from the box to pictures B–L.

bungalow concrete cottage glass
housing estate semi-detached house
stone suburbs terraced house
the countryside wood village

Material	Houses	Location
A  *concrete*	E 	I 
B 	F 	J 
C 	G 	K 
D 	H 	L 

3 Complete the information on the website. The first and last letters are given.

Home | Search | Hot | Contact

This week's Hot Homes

See our list of the top five houses/flats for sale

22 Greenways Road – This is a lovely **s**emi-d**e**tache**d** house, with neighbours on the south side only. Greenways Road is in the quiet [1]**s**_____**s** of the city, and good transport links get you to the historic centre in only 15 minutes. More →

78 Darrington Avenue – This small [2]**t**_____**d** house (quiet neighbours on both sides) is made of red [3]**b**_____**k** and has a private garden at the back and a real fire in the living room – very [4]**c**_____**y** on cold winter nights! More →

8 Denholme Street – This 300-year-old stone [5]**c**_____**e** is very near the [6]**s**_____**a** and has wonderful views across the water. It also comes with a few nice surprises: there's a study downstairs in the [7]**b**_____**t** and a small guest bedroom on the second [8]**f**_____**r**. More →

Oak House, Long Lane – A large and very [9]**s**_____**s** home (8 big rooms!) in a small, friendly [10]**v**_____**e** only 30 miles from London. This [11]**d**_____**d** house has large gardens all round. Built in the 1800s, this is a very [12]**t**_____**l** English home. More →

128/14 Ivy Close – These new [13]**f**_____**s** (seven in each building) are very [14]**m**_____**n** and have hi-tech kitchens and bathrooms. The kitchen, living room and dining room are [15]**o**_____**n** plan, so there's one very big living space. Ivy Close is right in the city [16]**c**_____**e**, close to shops and offices, so it's perfect for young professionals. More →

LIVEWORKSHEETS

WORD STORE 4B | Inside a house

4 Match the numbers in the picture to the words in the box. There are three extra items.

☑ 7 bedside table	☐ bookcase	☐ carpet	
☐ chest of drawers	☐ cooker	☐ cupboard	
☐ desk	☐ fridge	☐ front door	☐ kitchen sink
☐ ladder	☐ radiator	☐ shelves	☐ stairs
☐ wardrobe	☐ wooden floor		



In which room do the three extra items go?

The _____

WORD STORE 4C | *make or do*

5 Choose *make* or *do* to complete the sentences.

1 Gordon's food is delicious, but he always [a]*does / makes* a mess in the kitchen when he [b]*does / makes* the cooking.
2 When Mum and Dad [a]*do / make* the housework, they [b]*do / make* a lot of noise, and I can't concentrate on my homework.
3 Helen never [a]*does / makes* the shopping on Saturdays. She prefers to [b]*do / make* the gardening if the weather is nice.
4 I would like to *do / make* a complaint about this meal. My burger is cold and my cola is warm.
5 Katy, I want you to [a]*do / make* your bed while I [b]*do / make* dinner.
6 Which would you prefer – [a]*doing / making* the ironing or [b]*doing / making* the washing-up?
7 Right! I've [a]*done / made* a decision. I'm going to [b]*do / make* my homework now and then clean my room.
8 Do you *do / make* your own washing? My mum still washes all of my clothes.

REMEMBER THIS

stay at home = don't leave your house/flat
leave home = leave your house/flat
go home = go back to your house/flat
get home = arrive at your house/flat

6 Read REMEMBER THIS. Complete the sentences with the phrases in bold.

Tomorrow, I need to *leave* home at 6 a.m. My flight is at 8:15 a.m. and it takes about half an hour to get to the airport.

1 Kim doesn't feel like going out, so we are going to _____ at home and watch a film.
2 It's 11:00 p.m. and you have to be up early tomorrow – I think you should _____ home and get some sleep.
3 I'm hungry, Alex. When we _____ home, I'll start cooking dinner straight away, OK?

REMEMBER BETTER

To remember the collocations with *home* in Exercise 6, write sentences about a typical day or weekend in your life.

Complete the sentences with personal information.

On school days, I leave home at *7.30 a.m.* (time).

1 After school, I usually go home by _____ (means of transport).
2 On weekdays, I usually get home at _____ (time).
3 Sometimes I go out at the weekend, but sometimes I just enjoy staying at home and _____ (activity).

SHOW WHAT YOU'VE LEARNT

7 Choose the correct words.

1 My grandma chose a *terraced house / bungalow / detached house* because this type of house is all on the ground floor and doesn't have stairs.
2 Diana keeps all of her clothes in an antique *cupboard / desk / wardrobe* next to her bed.
3 Grandad built his own house out of *wood / concrete / stone* from trees in the local forest.
4 A greenhouse is a building where you grow plants. It is made of *metal / brick / glass* so that the light and heat from the sun can get in easily.
5 Sue has a flat *on the top floor / on the ground floor / in the basement* of her building. You can see the whole town from her living room window.
6 I wonder how long it will take to build this red *concrete / brick / stone* wall – probably a couple of months.
7 Kevin, the washing is dry and it's your turn to *do the shopping / do the cooking / do the ironing*. Dad needs a shirt and a pair of trousers for work tomorrow.
8 No, leave the plates, please! You made dinner, so I'll *do the gardening / do the washing / do the washing-up*.
9 Sssh. Don't *make a complaint / make a mess / make a noise*. The baby is sleeping.
10 Thomas's flat is always cold because the *ladders / radiators / fridges* don't work.

/10

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4.2 GRAMMAR

Present Perfect with *for* and *since*

SHOW WHAT YOU KNOW

1 Decide if the underlined part of each sentence describes a *point in time* or *period of time*.

I was born in 1997. (point)/period

The film was two hours long. point /(period)

1 I like living in the city, so a week in the country is long enough. point /period

2 Sasha moved into her flat in 2017. point /period

3 It took us 3 days to paint the walls in my bedroom. point /period

4 Zara finished her homework at 6:00 p.m. point /period

5 The village is 375 years old. point /period

6 My parents bought the house when they got married. point /period

2 ★ Choose the correct words.

1 Luke has lived in this cottage *for* / *since* he was three years old.

2 I haven't done the washing *for* / *since* two weeks. I have no clean clothes.

3 We have wanted to live in a village near the sea *for* / *since* so many years!

4 Annie has been in bed *for* / *since* yesterday morning. She's really sick.

5 People have built houses in this area *for* / *since* thousands of years.

6 My brother hasn't had a bath *for* / *since* at least six months. He prefers the shower.

7 They've had a wood-burner *for* / *since* about three years but now they want to change it because it's not good for their health.

8 The pasta has been in the cupboard *for* / *since* we moved into this flat four years ago.

9 Dad hasn't cut the grass *for* / *since* he lost the key to the shed.



3 ★★ Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect form of the verbs in brackets and *for* or *since*.

Kevin's in his room, but he *hasn't made* (not/make) a noise *since* one o'clock. Do you think he's OK?

1 We [a]_____ (have) this pizza in our fridge [b]_____ two weeks.

2 Harry [a]_____ (write) lots of miserable poems [b]_____ he stopped seeing Ellen.

3 Chloe [a]_____ (not/make) her bed [b]_____ three days.

4 Lewis and Oliver [a]_____ (play) for the school football team [b]_____ two years.

5 [a]_____ last month, there [b]_____ (be) a market in the city centre.

4 ★★★ Use the words in brackets to complete the questions and answers in the Present Perfect. Add *for* or *since*.

Q: How long *have you lived* (you/live) in London?

A: We*'ve lived in London for* 5 years.

1 Q: How long [a]_____ (Olivia/want) to be an architect?

A: Oh, Olivia [b]_____ she visited Barcelona.

2 Q: How long [a]_____ (your parents/be) married?

A: I don't really know, but they [b]_____ a long time.

3 Q: How long [a]_____ (Alice/know) Samuel?

A: She [b]_____ they started school together.

4 Q: How long [a]_____ (your sister/have) long hair?

A: She [b]_____ at least six months.

SHOW WHAT YOU'VE LEARNT

5 Use the information in brackets to write Present Perfect sentences. Use *for* or *since* if necessary.

I*'ve been passionate about poetry for* (be/passionate about poetry) three years.

1 I _____ (not/be/to school) two weeks.

2 Molly _____ (not/read/a good book) last year.

3 How long _____ (Polly/be busy) in the kitchen?

4 The World Wide Web _____ (exist) 1989.

5 Lauren _____ (not/see/Oliver) four days.

6 How long _____ (your grandparents/live) in a bungalow?

/6

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