

MEDICATION

I. Matching Words and Definitions (15 items)

A (Term)	B (Definition)
1. Antibiotics	a. Medication that helps relieve pain
2. Painkiller	b. Given under the tongue
3. Sedative	c. A drug used to treat depression
4. Antihistamines	d. Medication that reduces inflammation
5. Anti-inflammatory	e. Taken four times a day
6. BID	f. Given through the veins
7. Intravenous	g. Drug that treats bacterial infections
8. Sublingual	h. Drug that calms the nervous system
9. QID	i. Given by injection into a muscle
10. PRN	j. As needed
11. TID	k. Taken three times a day
12. Antidepressant	l. Taken two times a day
13. Intramuscular	m. Helps reduce allergic reactions
14. Suppository	n. Medication inserted into the rectum
15. qhs	o. Taken at bedtime

II. Fill-in-the-Blank

antibiotic, relieve, topical, administer, sublingual,
allergy, tablespoons, intravenously, before
bowel movement, TID, intramuscular, PRN,
QOD, suppository

1. The doctor prescribed an _____ to treat the patient's infection.
2. Take this medication _____, meaning three times per day.
3. A _____ is inserted into the rectum for fast absorption.
4. Painkillers are used to _____ pain.
5. The sedative will be given _____ to work quickly.
6. This cream is _____; apply it to the skin twice a day.
7. The nurse will _____ the medication at 8:00 a.m.
8. This tablet should be placed _____ for quick absorption.
9. Antihistamines are used to treat _____ symptoms.
10. The dosage is 10 mL or two _____.
11. Laxatives help promote _____.
12. This medication should be taken _____ meals (ac).
13. The patient will receive a _____ injection in the thigh muscle.
14. "Take this medicine _____," the nurse said. "Only if the pain is too strong."
15. The doctor ordered the antibiotics to be given _____ (every other day).

III. Multiple Choice Quiz (20 Questions)

1. What does **P.O** mean?
 - a. By injection
 - b. By mouth
 - c. By rectum
 - d. By vein
2. Which of the following is a **topical** medication?
 - a. Eye drops
 - b. Cream
 - c. Tablet
 - d. Injection
3. What does **PRN** mean?
 - a. Take with food
 - b. Take at night
 - c. Take when needed
 - d. Take in the morning
4. What does **BID** stand for?
 - a. Once a day
 - b. Twice a day
 - c. Three times a day
 - d. Four times a day
5. A **sedative** is used to _____
 - a. Kill bacteria
 - b. Stimulate the brain
 - c. Calm or help someone sleep
 - d. Treat constipation
6. What does **ac** mean?
 - a. After meals
 - b. Before meals
 - c. Anytime
 - d. At bedtime
7. Which is an example of a **painkiller**?
 - a. Penicillin
 - b. Aspirin
 - c. Antihistamine
 - d. Prozac
8. The instruction “take this medication **qhs**” means:
 - a. Take it every hour
 - b. Take it before meals
 - c. Take it at bedtime
 - d. Take it once a day
9. A **suppository** is given _____
 - a. By mouth
 - b. By injection
 - c. Through the skin
 - d. Through the rectum
10. What is the purpose of **antibiotics**?
 - a. Treat viruses
 - b. Reduce fever
 - c. Kill bacteria
 - d. Treat allergies

11. What does **TID** stand for?
- a. Three times a day
 - b. Every other day
 - c. Four times a day
 - d. At night
12. A **subcutaneous** injection is given _____
- a. Into a vein
 - b. Into a muscle
 - c. Under the skin
 - d. Into the rectum
13. Which of the following is a **stimulant**?
- a. Morphine
 - b. Ibuprofen
 - c. Caffeine
 - d. Paracetamol
14. The abbreviation **stat** means _____
- a. Take regularly
 - b. Take slowly
 - c. Take immediately
 - d. Take weekly
15. An **antidepressant** is used to treat _____
- a. Pain
 - b. Infections
 - c. Depression
 - d. Allergies
16. How much liquid is one **teaspoonful (tsp)**?
- a. 5 ml
 - b. 10 ml
 - c. 15 ml
 - d. 20 ml
17. "QOD" means _____
- a. Every other day
 - b. Once a week
 - c. Four times daily
 - d. Daily
18. Which of the following is **not** a route of administration?
- a. Topical
 - b. Intravenous
 - c. Teaspoon
 - d. Sublingual
19. An **anti-inflammatory** drug helps to _____
- a. Treat infection
 - b. Reduce swelling and pain
 - c. Cure cancer
 - d. Lower blood pressure
20. A **drop** is most often used in:
- a. Topical creams
 - b. Eye or ear medications
 - c. Oral tablets
 - d. Injections

Reading: Medication Instructions for a Patient

Mrs. Lee is a 67-year-old patient who was admitted to the hospital with high blood pressure and joint pain. The doctor prescribed several medications to manage her condition.

She takes an antihypertensive pill P.O BID to control her blood pressure. After meals, she must take an anti-inflammatory drug TID to reduce swelling and pain in her knees. If she experiences severe pain, she is allowed to take a painkiller PRN, but not more than two doses per day.

Mrs. Lee also has mild anxiety, so the nurse gives her a sedative via intravenous injection qhs to help her sleep. Because she occasionally suffers from constipation, a laxative suppository is administered P.R every other day (QOD).

All medications are clearly labeled with the route, dosage, and frequency to prevent errors. The nurse must carefully follow the doctor's orders to ensure the patient's safety and comfort.

Choose the best answer for each question based on the passage.

1. What condition was Mrs. Lee admitted to the hospital for?

- a. Diabetes and insomnia
- b. High blood pressure and joint pain
- c. Allergies and infection
- d. Depression and stomach pain

2. How often does Mrs. Lee take her antihypertensive medication?

- a. Once a day
- b. Three times a day
- c. Twice a day
- d. Only when needed

3. When does Mrs. Lee take her anti-inflammatory drug?

- a. Before meals
- b. After meals
- c. At bedtime
- d. Every hour

4. What is the purpose of the sedative given to Mrs. Lee?

- a. To reduce swelling
- b. To treat constipation
- c. To relieve anxiety and help her sleep
- d. To control her blood pressure

5. How is the laxative administered?

- a. Orally, once a day
- b. As an injection
- c. Sublingually every hour
- d. As a suppository every other day

Rearrange the Words

1. twice / day / the / Take / a / tablet
2. injection / the / nurse / The / administered / intramuscular
3. medicine / sublingual / is / This / placed / under / the tongue
4. painkiller / PRN / The / patient / was / a / given
5. before / taken / meals / should / be / This / medication