

B1 PET

Name: _____

Environment

1 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

bottle bank climate pollution public transport recycle rubbish

1. I think that change is a really serious problem and everyone needs to do more to prevent it.
2. I use such as buses and trains. I try to avoid driving because it causes air
3. I don't throw paper into the bin. I always it, to reduce the number of trees that are cut down.
4. I always take glass bottles to the It's important to use glass again.

Exam tips

- The writer may be writing about their own experiences, or about someone or something else.
- The questions ask about the writer's feelings and opinions, not what you think.
- To find the answer to the last question, you need to read in more than one place in the text.

Exam task

Read the text and the questions below. For each question, choose the correct answer.

The price of a perfect holiday?

Cruises are becoming more and more popular, with around 20 million passengers per year now enjoying holidays on board luxury ships. Many people see a cruise as the perfect way to sit back and do nothing, and enjoy time off work. Everything you could possibly need is within easy reach. On board, there are shops, theatres, cinemas, swimming pools and leisure centres. There are more facilities, in fact, than most towns offer their residents. It's therefore easy to see why they are so popular. But what is the effect on the environment of this trend?

Although it usually takes less energy for a vehicle to move through water than over land, cruise ships are often huge, with the biggest ones carrying up to 6,000 passengers. Moving such large vehicles requires enormous engines, which burn as much as 300,000 litres of fuel a day. One scientist has calculated that cruise ships create as much pollution as 5 million cars going over the same distance. Because they are out at sea, they also burn dirtier fuel that isn't allowed

on land. Unfortunately, no government has control over the amount of air pollution out at sea.

Cruises also produce huge amounts of rubbish, and cruise ships aren't usually good at recycling. Waste water from showers and toilets is usually poured directly into the sea – as much per day as from a small town. Waste food from restaurants isn't put into the sea, but still causes problems when brought back to the land.

Cruise ships also cause difficulties in the cities where they stop. Popular destinations can get five or six ships per day, with thousands of tourists at a time. Good for restaurants? No. Restaurant owners complain that the visitors look around for a few hours and then return to their ship to eat. What's more, the crowds can put off other tourists, who complain that the streets are too busy. Some towns have banned cruise ships or put a limit on the number that can stop at the same time. People who care about the environment worry that as the cruise industry continues to grow, so too will the issues for our planet.

1 What is the writer trying to do in paragraph 1?

A persuade people to go on cruise ships
B explain why cruise ships have become so popular
C compare cruise ships with a typical holiday resort
D describe how the services cruise ships offer have changed

2 One reason cruise ships cause a lot of air pollution is because

A they carry large numbers of cars as well as passengers.
B their engines are not as efficient as those of other ships.
C it takes more energy to move through water than over land.
D they use types of fuel that are not permitted on land.

3 What do we learn about the waste products on cruise ships?

A All the waste products are carried back to shore.
B Waste food is often thrown away at sea.
C Most cruise ships recycle their waste products.
D An enormous amount of the waste water isn't recycled.

4 How do some people feel about the cruise ship passengers who visit their cities?

A surprised that they are rude to other tourists
B annoyed that they don't spend money on meals
C happy that they fill up all the restaurants
D pleased to see so many visitors to the city

5 Which best describes large cruise ships?

A They seem to offer ideal relaxing holidays, but they aren't environmentally friendly.

B They are becoming very popular and they bring a lot of benefits, in spite of their problems.

C They used to cause a lot of pollution, but things are improving now.

D They cause pollution in the sea and on land, so cities are planning to ban them in the future.

Complete the sentences with the correct form of *will* or *be going to* and the verb in brackets

1. Look at those dark clouds. It (rain).
2. I hope the concert (be) good tonight.
3. That ladder doesn't look very safe. I'm sure she (fall).
4. Why don't you borrow Jack's camera? I'm sure he (not mind).
5. I haven't done any revision. I just know that I (fail) my exam!
6. Are you going into town now? I (come) with you, if that's OK.

Sport

1 Choose the correct preposition to follow each adjective.

1. Netball is similar *with / of / to* basketball.
2. You should be ashamed *for / from / of* yourself for cheating in the game!
3. The city of Manchester is famous *of / for / from* its football teams.
4. We were very surprised *at / from / for* the result.
5. Are you interested *for / in / with* keeping fit?
6. Hurry up – I'm tired *of / from / with* waiting for you!
7. I'm not very keen *of / on / for* sport.
8. Who is responsible *for / with / about* organising the event?



Match the underlined words in the text to these definitions.

1. a group of people who work, train or perform together
2. someone who teaches sports skills
3. an event where people compete against each other
4. join in with an event
5. be the best or get the best score in a game or contest
6. a large building where sports events take place
7. people who compete in a game or event
8. taught sports skills to people



Get it right!

Look at the sentences below and choose the correct one.

I'm sure that you will have a great holiday here.

I'm sure that you have a great holiday here.

Reading 26 to 29

Read the text and the questions below. For each question, choose the correct answer.

Athletics in Jamaica

Jamaica has produced some of the world's best athletes, including stars such as Usain Bolt and Veronica Campbell-Brown. Is this success partly due to one event – the Jamaica Schools' Championships?

The four-day Championships have taken place every year since 1910. Nearly 200 school students take part in front of an audience of over 30,000 people. The event is also shown on live TV, and the whole country watches what is sometimes called Jamaica's mini-Olympics. The competitors take it very seriously, and they all want to win. Classmates and former students also come to support and encourage their schools.

School coach Dwayne Simpson has trained many young stars. He believes the Championships have an important role in the development of young athletes. They are the biggest schools' competition in the world, he says, and other countries are now looking to copy them. He also believes that the Championships give young athletes a reason to practise. They want to do well for their school, so

they work and train together as a team, so they produce better results.

The Championships have turned many young students into stars, but those who are most talented as adults don't always win as young teenagers. Olympic gold medallist Usain Bolt, for example, failed to win a single race at the Championships as an under-15 runner. Olympic champion Veronica Campbell-Brown was always easily beaten in the lower-age groups before finally winning as an older student.

Nathaniel Day, a young runner from Britain, has studied and trained in Jamaica for the last two years. 'Young athletes here get experience of being on TV from the age of 12,' he says, 'so when they're older, they aren't scared of big occasions and they perform well. In the UK, athletes don't perform in front of the cameras until they're adults, and sometimes they find it hard to deal with.' According to Nathaniel, the Championships also give young athletes a goal. 'Because it's such a big event, it gives them an idea of how exciting it is to perform in an Olympic stadium. It helps them develop the ambition to become champions.'

1 What does the text say about the Championships?

A Thirty thousand people watch them on TV.
B Young athletes take part just to have fun.
C They started over 100 years ago.
D Some former students take part.

2 What does Dwayne Simpson say about the Championships?

A Other countries should try to hold a similar competition.
B They have grown too big in recent years.
C They encourage young athletes to do their best.
D Schools are always keen to do well.

3 In paragraph 4, what does the writer say about Jamaica's Olympic champions?

A They could beat even the oldest students in some races.
B They occasionally lost races, but only to much older students.
C They tried much harder after losing all their races as teenagers.
D They took time to develop into world-class athletes.

4 According to Nathaniel Day, the event

A helps young athletes get used to being filmed.
B is more exciting than the Olympics.
C makes some young athletes feel nervous of big occasions.
D is hard for some young competitors to deal with.

5 Which best describes the Jamaica Schools' Championships?

A It's an international competition which prepares young athletes for the Olympics.

B It's an important event which helps young athletes to improve.

C It's a huge social event which brings people together to have fun.

D It's a local event which gives young athletes the chance to perform in a relaxed atmosphere.

Listening pages 72 to 79

Put the words into the correct order to make questions.

Then write your answers.

1. go / how / cinema / to / you / the / do / often / ?

.....

What kind of films do you like to watch?

.....

2. music / ever / you / festival / been / to / have / a / ?

.....

What did you enjoy about it?

.....

3. reading / you / do / enjoy / ?

.....

What was the last book you read?

.....

4. exercise / last / you / any / did / weekend / do / ?

.....

Do you prefer to exercise alone or with other people?

.....

5. play / musical / you / a / instrument / can / ?

.....

Which instruments do you like the sound of?

.....

6. gamer / a / you / are / ?

.....

Why do you like gaming?

.....

▶  **Track 7** For each question, write the correct answer in the gap. Write one or two words or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear a film review programme on the radio.

The Film Review Programme

This week's reviews

The film *Jungle Fever* is a (1) about a family of tigers.

Actor Steve Wills plays a (2) in his new film, *Call It*.

Swim! is about a man who wants to swim in a local (3)

Competition for listeners

Listeners can enter an online quiz at [www.\(4\).co.uk](http://www.(4).co.uk).

Winners will receive (5) tickets.

Entries must be received on (6) by 2 p.m.

▶ Complete each sentence with **have** or **get** and the correct form of the verbs in the box.

Use one verb twice.

cut	deliver	paint	repair	wash
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1. I my hair about once a month when it gets too long.
2. Hello, I'd like to my bike The wheel is broken.
3. My grandma all her shopping to her door now.
4. My parents have just the outside of their house white.
5. We the fence after it was damaged in the storm.
6. I never my car for me – I always do it myself.



Track 8 For each question, write the correct answer in the gap. Write one or two words or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear part of a training session for people who are going to work as sales assistants in a large shop.

Training session for new sales assistants

The training manager is called Mandy (1)

New assistants will work on the (2) floor.

Part-time workers have a rest day on (3) every week.

Workers who live in the town can use the store's (4) service for free.

The staff discount cannot be used to buy (5)

Assistants need to collect their (6) on their first day.



Track 9 For each question, write the correct answer in the gap. Write one or two words or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear a talk about an exercise class called Extreme Bootcamp.

Extreme Bootcamp

The (1) use the name 'bootcamp' for soldiers' training.

Extreme Bootcamp takes place on a (2) , so you can exercise and look at the river.

Members start each class at 6.30 a.m. by doing some (3)

Wear the same clothes as for other exercise classes, and bring good (4)

The next bootcamp starts on (5)

Contact Ellie (6) for more information.

a Match an adjective from A to the adjective from B which has a similar meaning.

A

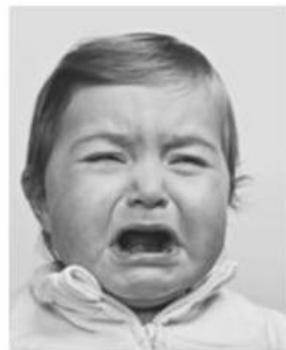
annoyed	awful	challenging	funny	intelligent
miserable	nervous	relaxed	strange	surprised

B

amazed	amusing	angry	anxious	calm
clever	difficult	terrible	unhappy	unusual

b Now complete the sentences below with the adjective(s) you think fits best.

1. I was really when Ted said he was getting married – I never expected that!
2. I find maths really I'm not very good at it!



Exam task

▶ **Track 10** For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear an interview with a TV actress called Brittany Briers.

1. Brittany realised that she really enjoyed acting when
 - she played at being an actor at home.
 - she attended some acting classes.
 - she took part in a school play.
2. How did Brittany feel before her first theatre performance?
 - worried about forgetting her lines
 - anxious that she would use the wrong accent
 - nervous about appearing in front of a large audience

3 Why did Brittany move into TV acting?
A She needed to earn more.
B She lost interest in theatre work.
C She wanted to try something new.

4 What does Brittany still find difficult about screen acting?
A having to repeat scenes
B learning to speak more quietly
C not having an audience

5 Brittany particularly enjoys
A receiving a new part to learn.
B attending special events for actors.
C seeing her new films for the first time.

6 What does Brittany dislike about being an actor?
A not having many holidays
B being recognised in the street
C starting work early in the morning

► Choose the correct adjective, *-ing* or *-ed*, to complete the sentences.

1. I found the talk on butterflies pretty *boring* / *bored*. I nearly fell asleep!
2. I'm really *confusing* / *confused* about what to do – can you help me make a decision?
3. Toni failed her driving test again – she was so *disappointing* / *disappointed*.
4. Wow! That film was *amazing* / *amazed*! It was better than I thought it would be.
5. Do you find science *interesting* / *interested*?
6. I'm so *exciting* / *excited* – we're going on holiday on Saturday!



Exam facts

- In this part, you listen to one or two people talking.
- You have to choose the correct answer (A, B or C) for six questions.
- Some questions will ask you about the speakers' attitude and opinions.