

CHAPTER
5

Section 3 Guided Reading and Review

The Two-Party System in American History
A. As You Read

On a separate sheet of paper, draw a chart like the one shown. Fill in the chart as you read Section 3.

	Period of Dominance (if any)	Supporters	Leaders
Federalists	1.	2.	3.
Jeffersonian Republicans	4.	5.	6.
Jacksonian Democrats	7.	8.	9.
Whigs	10.	11.	12.
Republicans	13.	14.	15.
Post-Civil War Democrats	16.	17.	18.
New Deal Democrats	19.	20.	21.

On a separate sheet of paper, describe the major issues for each of the following periods.

22. Era of the Democrats, 1800–1860
23. Era of the Republicans, 1860–1932
24. Return of the Democrats, 1932–1968

B. Reviewing Key Terms

On a separate sheet of paper define the following terms.

25. incumbent
26. faction
27. electorate
28. sectionalism

The Two-Party System in American History



Section 3 Quiz

A. Key Terms and Concepts

Complete each sentence in Column I by writing the letter of the correct term from Column II in the blank.

Column I

- _____ 1. Thomas Jefferson and James Madison were the leaders of the ____.
- _____ 2. The party that developed in opposition to the Jacksonian Democrats was the ____.
- _____ 3. The Era of Good Feeling was a period of ____ rule.
- _____ 4. In the 1996 presidential election, President Bill Clinton was the ____.
- _____ 5. The ____ expanded to include all white males during the Jacksonian era.

Column II

- a. incumbent
- b. one-party
- c. Whig party
- d. electorate
- e. Democratic-Republican party

B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

- _____ 6. Which of the following was supported by the Democratic-Republicans?
 - a. presidential rather than congressional leadership
 - b. a broad interpretation of the Constitution
 - c. policies designed to help farmers and planters
 - d. a strong Federal Government
- _____ 7. During which period(s) of American history has the Democratic party dominated the Federal Government?
 - a. 1800–1860 only
 - b. 1800–1860 and 1932–1968
 - c. 1860–1932 only
 - d. 1860–1932 and 1968–present
- _____ 8. Which of the following groups was NOT part of the coalition that backed the post-Civil War Republican party?
 - a. African Americans
 - b. business and financial leaders
 - c. Western farmers
 - d. Southerners
- _____ 9. The critical election of 1896 was a ____ victory that signaled an end to divisive ____ conflicts.
 - a. Democratic, racial
 - b. Republican, religious
 - c. Democratic, economic
 - d. Republican, sectional
- _____ 10. Unlike previous periods, during the period from 1968 to the present,
 - a. one party has controlled both Congress and the presidency.
 - b. most of the conflicts that divide Americans have been over domestic issues.
 - c. one party has controlled the presidency while the other has controlled Congress.
 - d. minor parties have made substantial gains in congressional representation.