

TA10. U9. Protecting the environment. Vocabulary 3

1. Environmental Issues and Protection:

- environmental protection /Inˌvaɪəərənˈmentl prəˈtektʃən/ (n.phr) – bảo vệ môi trường
- endangered animals /Inˈdeɪndʒəd ˈæniməlz/ (n.phr) – động vật có nguy cơ tuyệt chủng
- deforestation /ˌdiːˈfɒrɪˈsteɪʃn/ (n) – nạn phá rừng
- biodiversity /ˌbaɪəʊdaɪˈvɜːsəti/ (n) – đa dạng sinh học
- ecosystem /ˈiːkəʊsɪstəm/ (n) – hệ sinh thái
- global warming /ˈgləʊbəl ˈwɔːmɪŋ/ (n.phr) – sự nóng lên toàn cầu
- rising sea levels /ˈraɪzɪŋ siːˈlevlz/ (n.phr) – mực nước biển dâng cao
- climate change /ˈklaɪmət tʃeɪndʒ/ (n.phr) – biến đổi khí hậu
- heat waves /ˈhiːtweɪvz/ (n) – sóng nhiệt
- waste gases /weɪst ˈɡæsiːz/ (n.phr) – khí thải từ xe cộ
- gas emissions /ɡæs ɪˈmɪʃənz/ (n.phr) – khí thải
- wildlife trade /ˈwaɪldlaɪf treɪd/ (n.phr) – buôn bán động vật hoang dã

2. Actions and Solutions:

- do some research /duː sʌm riˈsɜːʃ/ (v.phr) – thực hiện một số nghiên cứu
- ask someone for advice /ɑːsk ˈsʌmwʌn fɔːr ədˈvaɪs/ (v.phr) – hỏi xin lời khuyên của ai đó
- practical action /ˈpræktɪkəl ˈækʃ(ə)n/ (n.phr) – những hành động thiết thực
- come up with /kʌm ʌp wɪð/ (phr.v) – nghĩ ra
- identify /aɪˈdentɪfaɪ/ (v) – xác định
- deliver /dɪˈlɪvə(r)/ (v) – thực hiện
- organise /ˈɔːɡənaɪz/ (v) – tổ chức
- recycle /ˌriːˈsaɪkl/ (v) – tái chế
- cut down forests /kʌt daʊn ˈfɒrɪsts/ (v.phr) – chặt phá rừng
- avoid /əˈvɔɪd/ (v) – tránh

3. Effects and Impacts:

- impact /ˈɪmpækt/ (n) – tác động
- effect /ɪˈfekt/ (n) – ảnh hưởng
- lead to /liːd tuː/ (phr.v) – dẫn đến
- have an impact on /hæv ən ˈɪmpækt ɒn/ (v.phr) – có tác động
- substance /ˈsʌbstəns/ (n) – chất
- disappear /ˌdɪsəˈpiə(r)/ (v) – biến mất

4. Awareness and Responsibility:

- be aware of /biː əˈweər ɒv/ (v.phr) – nhận thức
- responsible /rɪˈspɒnsəbl/ (adj) – có trách nhiệm
- protect /prəˈtekt/ (v) – bảo vệ
- involve /ɪnˈvɒlv/ (v) – liên quan
- global issues /ˈgləʊbəl ˈɪʃuːz/ (n.phr) – các vấn đề toàn cầu

5. Natural Environments and Habitats:

- natural habitats /ˈnætʃrəl ˈhæbɪtæts/ (n.phr) – môi trường sống tự nhiên
- loss /lɒs/ (n) – việc mất rừng
- machines and factories /məˈʃiːnz ænd ˈfæktərɪz/ (n.phr) – máy móc, nhà xưởng sản xuất
- vehicles or public transport /ˈviːɪklz ɔː ˈpʌblɪk ˈtrænspɔːt/ (n.phr) – xe và phương tiện công cộng

6. Illegal and Harmful Activities:

- illegally /ɪˈliːɡəli/ (adv) – bất hợp pháp

Exercise 1: Match the words on the left with the correct definitions on the right.

Phrases	Definitions
1. Environmental protection	A. The rise in temperature of the Earth's atmosphere due to human activity
2. Endangered animals	B. Actions taken to safeguard natural ecosystems and prevent pollution
3. Deforestation	C. The destruction or loss of forests, often for agricultural use or urban development
4. Biodiversity	D. Animals whose populations are at risk of disappearing from the planet
5. Global warming	E. The range of different species and organisms living in an ecosystem
6. Rising sea levels	F. The gradual increase in the average level of the Earth's oceans
7. Climate change	G. Extreme weather events like heatwaves, storms, and melting ice caps
8. Waste gases	H. Gases released by human activity that harm the environment, such as CO ₂
9. Wildlife trade	I. The illegal or unsustainable trading of animals or plants
10. Heat waves	J. Extended periods of excessively high temperatures in certain regions

Exercise 2: Choose the correct answer for each sentence.

- What is the main cause of global warming?
 - Deforestation
 - Recycling
 - Planting more trees
 - Reducing waste
- Deforestation often leads to the loss of...
 - Fresh water
 - Biodiversity
 - Solar energy
 - Fossil fuels
- Climate change refers to...
 - Only global warming
 - The long-term changes in temperature and weather patterns
 - An increase in animal population
 - The rise in sea levels alone
- Endangered animals are at risk because...
 - They have large populations
 - Their natural habitats are being destroyed
 - They are not affected by climate change
 - They are not affected by global warming
- Rising sea levels is a direct consequence of...
 - Deforestation
 - Climate change

- C. Reduced use of public transport
- D. Increased biodiversity
- 6. We should protect natural habitats to...
 - A. Maintain balance in ecosystems
 - B. Encourage wildlife trade
 - C. Promote urbanization
 - D. Increase gas emissions
- 7. One way to help reduce climate change is to...
 - A. Cut down forests
 - B. Recycle materials
 - C. Increase waste gases
 - D. Avoid using public transport
- 8. The wildlife trade contributes to the loss of...
 - A. Fresh water
 - B. Wildlife populations
 - C. Ecosystem balance
 - D. Both B and C
- 9. Heat waves can...
 - A. Lead to more wildlife populations
 - B. Cause negative impacts on health and agriculture
 - C. Have no impact on ecosystems
 - D. Only affect the oceans
- 10. Governments must take practical action to...
 - A. Increase gas emissions
 - B. Raise awareness of global issues
 - C. Encourage deforestation
 - D. Promote wildlife trade

Exercise 3: Fill in the blanks with the correct words from the word bank.

Word Bank: *biodiversity, global warming, wildlife trade, deforestation, ecosystem, gas emissions, heat waves, rising sea levels, climate change, environmental protection*

- 1. _____ is the process by which forests are cleared for farming, logging, or urban development.
- 2. We need to act now to reduce _____ caused by human activities.
- 3. _____ can cause serious harm to animal and plant life, leading to species extinction.
- 4. _____ refers to the variety of different species of plants and animals in a particular area or the world.
- 5. The _____ of the Earth is causing glaciers to melt, which contributes to rising sea levels.
- 6. _____ is essential to maintain healthy ecosystems and reduce the impact of environmental issues.

7. _____ is one of the most harmful effects of climate change, leading to serious health risks.
8. Increased _____ from vehicles and factories contribute to air pollution and global warming.
9. The _____ has led to unpredictable weather patterns and an increase in natural disasters.
10. _____ involves the illegal or unsustainable trade of animals and plants, causing harm to species and their habitats.

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