

Listen to a lecture about the History of Leisure in twentieth century America. Choose the correct answers.

- 1 In 1921, people had about _____ leisure time than they had in 1901.
 - A. 10 hours more
 - B. 10 hours less
 - C. 4 hours less
 - D. 4 hours more
- 2 The groups which had more leisure time were predominantly...
 - A. male and female middle and working class.
 - B. male middle class, working class and immigrants.
 - C. male and female working class and immigrants.
 - D. female middle class, working class and immigrants.
- 3 Reading, needlecraft and music...
 - A. became popular pursuits in the period 1901-1921.
 - B. were popular in middle class families in the 1800s.
 - C. were forms of 'commercial' recreation.
 - D. were regarded as immoral by religious groups.
- 4 Traditional organisations _____ commercial recreation.
 - A. supervised
 - B. founded
 - C. disapproved of
 - D. encouraged
- 5 Commercial recreation venues were forced to...
 - A) close down
 - B) obtain licences
 - C) close during the vacations
 - D) offer alternative entertainment
- 6 Schools and churches responded by...
 - A. preaching against commercial recreation.
 - B. offering morally acceptable alternatives.
 - C. putting on their own shows and fairs.
 - D. adopting a less moral stance.
- 7 The new voluntary organisations of this era...
 - A. were mostly geared towards boys and men.
 - B. included groups for both children and adults.
 - C. were run as extra-curricular school activities.
 - D. were all founded by religious groups.
- 8 The Playground Association of America...
 - A. believed that children needed unsupervised time away from adults.
 - B. was set up to ensure that playgrounds were safe for children.
 - C. argued that voluntary organisations reduced children's opportunities for outdoor play
 - D. trained adults in how to lead children in constructive play.