

## UNIT 3 REVIEW

### VOCABULARY

#### 1 Choose the correct answer.

1. The ..... gave the player a yellow card. a. goalkeeper b. referee c. coach	4. Daniel is going to join a ..... a. pitch b. fitness centre c. court
2. Charlotte can't swim without her ..... a. bat b. goggles c. net	5. The winner of a race ..... a. works out b. scores c. finishes first
3. We did our best to ..... the other team. a. beat b. score c. shoot	

#### 2 Complete the text with the words below. There is one extra word. work out • goggles • swimming cap • records • lifeguard • champion

A Polar Bear Plunge is an annual winter event at lakes, beaches and swimming pools around the world. Participants enter the cold water, with a <sup>1</sup> ..... and a pair of <sup>2</sup> ..... A <sup>3</sup> ..... is there to make sure everybody's safe, because the freezing conditions are dangerous. Winter swimming had been promoted as a healthy way to <sup>4</sup> ..... since the 16th century in Russia. This was a long time before the worldwide phenomenon of the Polar Bear Plunge in the 20th century. Although this event is not usually a competition, people still break <sup>5</sup> ..... , such as the most participants in one event (36,000 in the Netherlands, January 2012).

#### 3 Complete the sentences with the words below. speed limit • homeless • mayor • slum • neighbourhood • poverty • job opportunities

1. Cities offer more ..... than towns.
2. The ..... leads a town or city.
3. She lives in a ..... . There's a lot of crime there.
4. Volunteers help people living in .....
5. She was driving above the ..... when a policeman stopped her.

6. Winter is an especially difficult season for ..... people.
7. I know most of the people in my .....

**4** Choose the correct answer. Pay attention to the words in bold.

1. **Open space** is important for a city's *cars / residents*.
2. The beach is usually **crowded** *at the weekend / when it rains*.
3. **Traffic jams** affect mainly *motorists / cyclists*.
4. People move to the **suburbs** to be *closer to / away from* the city.
5. A **disadvantage** of urban life is *lots of noise / entertainment*.
6. Don't *walk / drive* on the **pavement**.
7. *Helping the environment / Getting wet in the rain* is an **advantage** of being a cyclist.

**5** Read the online interview with the mayor of Baybridge and complete the sentences with the words below.

residential • cycling lanes • improve • motorway • litter • urban farm

**Interviewer:** Ms Mayor, what are you doing about the pollution and noise from the nearby <sup>1</sup> ..... ?

**Mayor:** Well, we've just opened a new <sup>2</sup> ..... to increase the open space in our city. Green open spaces can help decrease pollution.

**Interviewer:** True. And what about adding more <sup>3</sup> ..... in the city centre?

**Mayor:** Yes, we intend to reach every <sup>4</sup> ..... area.

**Interviewer:** That's good to hear. However, our city is so dirty. Can you tell us what you're going to do about all the <sup>5</sup> ..... ?

**Mayor:** Our team of motivated volunteers are going to clean the streets and <sup>6</sup> ..... our city.

**Interviewer:** Thank you, Ms Mayor, and good luck.

## GRAMMAR

### 1 Choose the correct answer.

1. Athletes **can** / **could** / **must** practise a lot in order to succeed.
2. You **should** / **can** / **could** walk as much as possible.
3. Children **mustn't** / **shouldn't** / **couldn't** use the gym. It's only for people over 18 years old.
4. My leg really hurts. What **should** / **could** / **can** I do?
5. She **can't** / **shouldn't** / **couldn't** finish yesterday's race.

### 2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *can*, *could*, *should* or *must*.

1. Swimmers ..... wear swimming caps in the pool. That's the rule.
2. We ..... see the marathon runners because there were too many people outside.
3. You ..... worry about winning. It's more important to enjoy the game.
4. .... you buy me a ticket to tonight's basketball game?
5. You ..... go to bed early. You'll need lots of energy tomorrow.

### 3 Complete the sentences for each situation below. Use the words in brackets and the correct form of *have to*, *can*, *could* or *should*.

1. The tickets are free. (pay anything)  
You .....
2. It's a secret. (tell you)  
I .....
3. I don't recommend this book. (read it)  
You .....
4. It's going to rain today. (take an umbrella)  
You .....
5. I arrived late. (find my keys)  
I .....

### 4 Choose the correct answers to complete the text.

Greetings from Telosa! This eco-smart city in the USA is over 600 square kilometres, has got 50,000 residents and uses only clean energy. You <sup>1</sup> **mustn't** / **don't have to** walk far to get to a beautiful open space. In addition, its residents <sup>2</sup> **shouldn't** / **don't need to** travel more than 15 minutes to get to schools, workplaces and shops. In fact, most residents <sup>3</sup> **can** / **need to** walk or cycle everywhere. But obviously, everyone <sup>4</sup> **can't** / **must** do that. There are both self-driving electric cars and public transport. Anyone <sup>5</sup> **can** / **should** use these.

Telosa sounds wonderful. But you <sup>6.</sup> **shouldn't** / **couldn't** make plans to visit because it doesn't exist yet. It's the idea of billionaire Marc Lore, and his dream is to create a model city for a new way of living in the desert in the USA. According to Lore, the first residents will have the chance to move in by the early 2030s. People interested in living there <sup>7.</sup> **could** / **should** fill in an application on Telosa's website.