

Exercise 1. Cho dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc ở thì quá khứ đơn. Học viên cần phải làm đúng cả 3 về mới được tính là 1 câu đúng.

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| <p>1. a. I (eat) _____ lunch at noon yesterday.
b. She (buy) _____ a new phone.
c. We (go) _____ to the cinema.</p> <p>2. a. He (take) _____ the bus to work.
b. I (run) _____ five kilometers.
c. They (see) _____ a movie last night.</p> <p>3. a. He (drink) _____ a glass of water.
b. We (have) _____ a great time.
c. I (give) _____ him the book.</p> <p>4. a. I (sing) _____ my favorite song.
b. She (fly) _____ to Paris.
c. We (meet) _____ some new people.</p> <p>5. a. They (come) _____ early to help.
b. I (read) _____ the news this morning.
c. He (sit) _____ in the front row.</p> <p>6. a. He (build) _____ a new house.
b. He (know) _____ the answer.
c. We (drive) _____ to the beach.</p> | <p>7. a. She (begin) _____ her new job.
b. I (catch) _____ the bus just in time.
c. They (ride) _____ a bike to school.</p> <p>8. a. We (win) _____ the football match.
b. We (speak) _____ about the project.
c. She (hold) _____ a birthday party.</p> <p>9. a. They (know) _____ the answer.
b. He (stand) _____ over there.
c. They (write) _____ a report.</p> <p>10. a. We (swim) _____ yesterday.
b. I (lose) _____ my wallet.
c. He (make) _____ dinner tonight.</p> <p>11. a. She (learn) _____ Literature.
b. I (find) _____ that it was wrong.
c. Kim (wake) _____ me up.</p> <p>12. a. He (get) _____ some rest.
b. She (send) _____ this letter.
c. He (grow) _____ some trees.</p> |
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Exercise 2. Điền in/on/at để hoàn thành câu. Học viên cần phải làm đúng cả 2 về mới được tính là 1 câu đúng.

13. The meeting is scheduled _____ 10 o'clock _____ the morning.
14. They arrived _____ the city yesterday. She lives _____ Paris, the capital of France.
15. They usually have lunch _____ noon. She is studying _____ the classroom.

Exercise 3. Điền từ phù hợp vào chỗ trống để hoàn thành câu. Cho dạng đúng của động từ ở dạng V-ing.

16. The kids were _____ volleyball while their parents relaxed on the sand.
17. We were _____ Biology at school when the power went out.
18. She was _____ the house when I found her old photographs.
19. I was _____ stamps when I found one from my grandmother's collection.
20. They were _____ breakfast in the kitchen when the smoke alarm went off.
21. I didn't know she was _____ a birthday party until I saw the invitation.
22. I was _____ the dishes when I accidentally cut my hand.
23. She was _____ at the hospital when she heard the good news.
24. She dreams of _____ an engineer someday, so now he's working so hard.
25. He was _____ the computer when I asked him a question.

Exercise 4. Cho dạng đúng của tính từ trong ngoặc ở so sánh ngang bằng. Học viên cần phải làm đúng tối thiểu 2 về mới được tính là 1 câu đúng.

33. a. He is (hardworking) _____ his brother.
b. This test is (difficult) _____ the last one.
c. My car is (fast) _____ yours.

Exercise 5. Cho dạng đúng của động từ ở Hiện tại đơn, hiện tại tiếp diễn, quá khứ đơn, tương lai đơn, hoặc quá khứ tiếp diễn. Học viên cần phải làm đúng tối thiểu 2 về mới được tính là 1 câu đúng.

34. a. My father (play) _____ basketball with his friends every day.
b. Yesterday, my dad (not close) _____ the window.
c. Right now, my friends (work) _____ on the project together.
35. a. At this time yesterday, my parents (have) _____ dinner at a restaurant. (QKTD)
b. When I was a child, I usually (collect) _____ stamps and coins.
c. Sorry but tomorrow, my boss (fly) _____ to New York for business.
36. a. We (not be) _____ happy with the results last week.
b. They (listen) _____ to music in the living room at the moment.
c. He (go) _____ swimming twice a week.
37. a. My friends (not enjoy) _____ eating carrots in every meal.
b. Look! The children (not study) _____.
c. Her brother (attend) _____ the meeting 3 hours ago.

Exercise 6. Điền many/much vào chỗ trống để hoàn thành các câu sau. Học viên cần phải làm đúng tối thiểu 2 về mới được tính là 1 câu đúng.

32. a. _____ students attended the event.
b. Do you have _____ time to finish the assignment?
c. We drank _____ water after the long hike.

Exercise 7. Điền từ trong bảng vào chỗ trống để hoàn thành câu. Học viên cần phải làm đúng cả 3 về mới được tính là 1 câu đúng.

26. a. We usually _____ emails to our teachers. sell • teach • write
 b. They _____ apples and oranges at the local fruit stand.
 c. I want to _____ Geography when I become a teacher.
27. a. I like to _____ orange juice every morning. drink • break • find
 b. He helped me _____ my smartphone in the park.
 c. I didn't mean to _____ the radio, but I fell off the table.
28. a. I always arrive early before the class _____. pays • begins • leaves
 b. She _____ Hanoi for New York tomorrow morning.
 c. She _____ 30 dollars for a ticket to the concert.
29. a. I saw him _____ to the teacher after class. sleeping • speaking • eating
 b. We were _____ lunch when we heard the news.
 c. The cat is _____ in the bedroom right now.
30. a. I was in the kitchen when the phone _____. rang • caught • met
 b. Yesterday, I _____ my friends at the shopping mall.
 c. I _____ fish for the first time during our camping trip.
31. a. I _____ my homework on the bus. grew • forgot • took
 b. My father _____ some trees in the garden.
 c. He _____ my pen, and now I don't have it to write.

Exercise 8. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn đáp án đúng A, B, C hoặc D cho các câu hỏi

When someone does an activity that is not a part of his or her job and is done for fun, it is called a hobby. Most people enjoy hobbies during their free time. Some people spend a lot of time on their hobbies. There are nearly as many kinds of hobbies, as there are people. A hobby can be about making or collecting things, or enjoying an experience.

Creative hobbies are popular. Some creative hobbies are writing, drawing, and making pottery. A lot of people like making jewelry or clothes. People who do these kinds of hobbies sometimes become writers or artists when they retire. Collecting is also popular. Most collectors used to buy coins, stamps, or baseball cards. Today, toys, games, and model cars are trendy. Collectors buy and sell things on the Internet. They also shop online in stores all around the world. Enjoying an experience is a hobby, too. Some people listen to music. Others watch movies or read books. Many people travel or play sports. Helping people is a hobby. There are places you can help build houses for poor families. You can help feed the homeless at soup kitchens. You can also tutor children or help the elderly.

38. When do most people enjoy hobbies?
 A. when they have free time
 B. when they have much money
 C. when they are creative
 D. when they are popular
39. Collecting is also popular when most collectors used to buy _____.
 A. basketball cards
 B. pottery
 C. stamps
 D. models
40. Which of the following activities is NOT a hobby?
 A. Help to build houses for poor families
 B. Tutor children or help the elderly
 C. Watch movies or read books
 D. Hold birthday parties for the homeless

Exercise 9. Xây dựng câu sử dụng các từ/cụm từ cho sẵn.

41. She / enjoy / listen / music. ☒ _____.
42. A lot / students / not come / school / last week.
 ☒ _____.
43. My mother / never get up / late / the morning.
 ☒ _____.
44. One student / my class / very good at / English.
 ☒ _____.

Exercise 10. Viết lại các câu sau, bắt đầu với từ có sẵn.

45. It took Nam 30 minutes to finish the assignment.
 ☒ Nam spent _____.
46. He failed the test because he was lazy.
 ☒ He was _____.
47. Her hobby is collecting coins.
 ☒ She enjoys _____.
48. My father doesn't like gardening.
 ☒ My father detests _____.
49. She is interested in playing the violin.
 ☒ She loves _____.
50. Because she didn't go to school, she couldn't understand the lesson.
 ☒ She didn't _____.