

Name :

## Ramadhan

Ramadan is a sacred Islamic tradition observed in the ninth month of the Islamic calendar. It is a significant religious event for Muslims worldwide, marked by fasting, prayers, and spiritual reflection.

Ramadan follows the lunar calendar, meaning its start date shifts by about 11 days each year. The holy month lasts for approximately 30 days and ends with Eid ul-Fitr, a festive celebration marking the completion of fasting.

The main goal of Ramadan is to strengthen faith, encourage self-reflection, and re-evaluate life priorities. Through fasting from sunrise to sunset, Muslims focus on purifying their souls, avoiding negative behaviors, and seeking forgiveness for their sins.

Fasting is obligatory for all Muslims except children, the elderly, pregnant women, and the sick. Those unable to fast must provide food for the needy. The last ten days of Ramadan are especially significant, with Laylat al-Qadr considered the holiest night, when Allah determines people's destinies.

Ramadan is a time of devotion, self-discipline, and spiritual growth. It allows Muslims to reflect on their lives, seek forgiveness, and renew their commitment to faith and righteousness.

**A. Match the phrases with their meanings based on the text.**

1.

Eid ul-Fitr

The calendar system that causes Ramadan's start date to shift every year.

Fasting

A celebration marking the end of Ramadan.

Lunar calendar

The practice of abstaining from food, drink, and other activities from sunrise to sunset.

2.

Not everyone is required to fast

Eid ul-Fitr is the festival that marks the end of fasting.

The Islamic calendar affects Ramadan's start date

Because it follows a lunar cycle, Ramadan begins on a different day each year.

Ramadan ends with a joyous celebration

Children, the elderly, pregnant women, and the sick are exempt.

3.

Those  
exempted from  
fasting

Considered the holiest  
part of the month.

The last ten  
days of  
Ramadan

Children, the elderly,  
pregnant women, and  
the sick.

4.

Those unable to  
fast

Must provide food for  
the needy as  
compensation.

The main goal  
of Ramadan

A celebration marking  
the end of Ramadan.

Strengthening faith,  
self-reflection, and re-  
evaluating life  
priorities.

5.

Eid ul-Fitr is celebrated at the end of Ramadan.

Muslims fast from sunrise to sunset.

A practice of self-discipline and soul purification.

A period when Allah determines people's destinies, including Laylat al-Qadr.

A festive occasion marking the completion of fasting.