DIFFERENT LIFESTYLES

A. Drag the words A-N to the words 1-14 to make common expressions connected with different lifestyles. Use each word only once

1	fast	Α	tension
2	standard	В	image
3	poverty	С	of living
4	child	D	durables
5	welfare	Е	level
6	nuclear	F	state
7	working	G	flyer
8	disposable	Н	parent
9	consumer	I	benefit
10	single	J	family
11	subsistence	K	class
12	racial	L	income
13	self	M	pace
14	high	Ν	trap



B. Complete the passage with these words. There is one more than you need

bare necessities

polarised

threats

demolish brave victimising plight support evict sympathise cottage belongs survival A Welsh district council has refused to pay for the 1) of a tiny two-room stone 2) , and has declared it unfit for human 3) . The cottage 4) to Miss Heather Morton, who has lived there since her childhood. She manages with only the 5) of life, as there is no electricity or piped water. She wants to stay in the 150-year-old cottage, but the council is determined to 6) her and 7) the building. the community. A few Her 8) has 9) of her neighbours 10) the council's decision, but most with Miss Morton and accuse the council of 11) 12) an elderly lady. Despite the council's 13) , Miss Morton intends to 14) out the winter in her home, with her five dogs for company.

The unused word is:

renovation habitation



C.	C. Decide whether the definitions are <u>true</u> or <u>false</u> . Find the correct				
	definition for the ones that are false.				
		TRUE	FALSE		
1.	Materialism is an excessive interest in money and	П	П		
	material possessions.	_	_		
2.	A status symbol is a possession which is regarded as	П	П		
	proof of the owner's social position.	ш	ш		
3.	An acquisitive person is someone who asks too many				
	questions.	ш			
4.	Affluence is the power exerted by one person over	П	П		
	another.	_			
5.	Slums are squalid, overcrowded areas of a city.	П	П		
6.	Squatters are people who illegally occupy houses or		\equiv		
	land.	ш	Ц		
7.	The metropolis is the capital or main city of a country.		П		
0	Towns and the state of the stat	느	므		
ð.	Tramps are people who travel around on foot, with no				
0	permanent home.	_	_		
9.	Priorities are young couples who are buying their first				
10	home.	_			
10	.An au pair is a person who insists on equal opportunities.	\Box	Ш		
11	.A busker is someone who plays an instrument in a public	П	П		
	place and asks passers-by for money.	_	_		
12. A New Age traveller is a person who travels around the					
	country, camping wherever he/she feels like it.				



D.	Choose the correct wor	a or phrase from the pair in brackets to complete		
	each sentence.			
1.	Many housing estates of	and blocks of flats were put up in the building		
	of the 198	Os.		
	surge	boom		
2.	People are encourage	d to live these days, by making		
	excessive use of credit	facilities		
	in the red	beyond their means		
3.	Residents of the	enjoy good social amenities without the		
	noise and bustle of living in the town centre.			
	downtown	suburbs		
4.	It is becoming fashiona	ble to dress in clothes snapped up from		
	junk shops and jumble sales.			
	second-hand	antique		
5.	Some people opt out o	f the and take early retirement.		
	rat race	grindstone		
6.	A house can be seen a	s a comfortable dwelling to bring the family up in		
	or as a lucrative	_		
	investment	profit		
7.	While some households	ers have open-plan gardens, others feel the need		
	for high fences, guard	dogs and lights.		
	privacy	security		
8.	Tastes in interior decord	ation vary from the plain, simple, farmhouse style		
	to the, expe	ensive decor you find in many town houses.		
	tasty	sophisticated		
9.	If a marriage does not	work out, the couple often split up, share out their		
	assets, and live	·		
	separated	apart		
10	.So many celebrities hav	ve a private life which is quite different from their		
	public			
	picture	image		

