

Zad. 1. Uzupełnij pary zdań tworząc od pogrubionych rzeczowników/czasowników przymiotniki zgodne ze znaczeniem podanym w nawiasie. Dodaj końcówkę -FUL lub -LESS.

1. HARM

Citric-acid is a natural cleaning product, _____ (nieszkodliwy) for the environment.

The emission of CO₂ is really _____ (szkodliwy) for our planet.

2. HELP

The new neighbours are very _____ (pomocni).

We all felt _____ (bezzadni) when the earthquake hit our country.

3. FEAR

(Nieustraszeni) _____ firefighters battled the terrible fire inside Notre Dame for a few days.

In the current situation with Coronavirus pandemic many people are _____ (przestraszeni) of losing their jobs.

4. POWER

He's probably the most _____ (wpływowy) politician in our city.

Watching her son battle that terrible illness, made her feel _____ (bezsilny).

5. USE

I think it's probably the most _____ (użyteczna) application on my smartphone.

His car was so badly damaged in that accident, that it's completely _____ (bezużyteczny) now.

Zad. 2. Utwórz od słów podanych w nawiasie odpowiednie formy przymiotników. Zwróć uwagę na znaczenie pogrubionych fragmentów oraz kontekst całego zdania. Dodaj końcówkę -FUL lub -LESS.

1. He **wasn't a very good student but** he became a very _____ businessman.
(SUCCESS)

2. She felt **extremely tired** after a _____ night. (SLEEP)

3. After his company had gone bankrupt he soon **lost his home** and became a _____ man. (HOME)

4. They were really _____ **for all the help** they got in that terrible situation. (THANK)

5. If you visit the **Swiss Alps in the winter** you can see some _____ **views**.

(WONDER)

6. This soup is rather _____. You should **add some salt and pepper**.

(TASTE)