

**A Label the ecosystem with the words from the box**

grass

river

ocean

pond



**B Choose the correct option.**

- a) A fire in a forest is an example of
- b) Lakes and rivers are
- c) Oceans are
- d) The change of seasons is an example of
- e) A town is an example of

marine ecosystems.  
man-made hábitat.  
freshwater ecosystems.  
harmful change.  
natural change.

**C Complete the sentences with the words in the box:**

microorganisms      secondary consumers      producers      primary consumers

1. \_\_\_\_\_ are living things that produce their own food. Generally plants.
  2. Animals that eat plants are \_\_\_\_\_ generally herbivores that eat producers.
  3. Carnivores and omnivores that eat primary consumers are \_\_\_\_\_.
  4. \_\_\_\_\_ like bacteria and molds eat the remains of other living things.
- 3 Please find the words in the word search.

## 5th Science 2T Two Matter

**D Mark with M the things that are matter**

☐ fire



☐ gas



☐ feeling



☐ wood



**E Connect the phrases to complete the sentences**

- Mass is • the space that an object occupies
- Volume is • the amount of matter in an object

**F Write T for (True) and F for (False).**

- 1) Density is the relationship between mass and volume. ☐
- 2) Transparency is not a property of matter. ☐
- 3) A glass is hard, transparent, and fragile. ☐
- 4) We measure mass in liters and volume in kilos. ☐
- 5) Stones has less density than water ☐

**G Rewrite the false sentences in exercise F so they are true**

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**H match the sates of matter with their forms and characteristics**

- |            |         |   |
|------------|---------|---|
| 1 Solid •  | • water | has own shape, keeps same volume                            |
| 2 Liquid • | • vapor | does not keep the same shape, does not keep the same volume |
| 3 Gas •    | • ice   | keeps the same volume, does not keep the same shape         |