

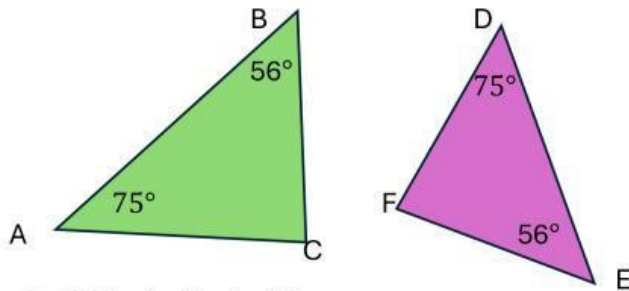
Guide Card 1

Definition: Two triangles are similar if their corresponding angles are congruent, and the lengths of corresponding sides are proportional.

Key Theorems for Proving Similarity

1. AA similarity Theorem

- If the Three angles of one triangle are congruent to the three angles of another triangle, then the two triangles are similar.

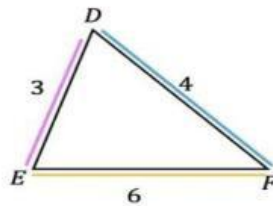
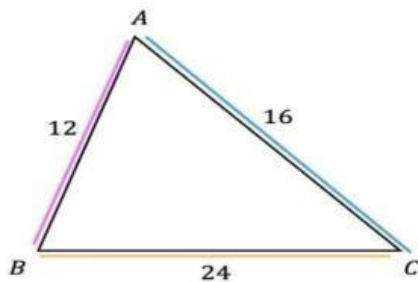


If: $\angle A \cong \angle D$; $\angle B \cong \angle E$

then: $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$

2. SSS similarity Theorem

- Two triangles are similar if the corresponding sides of the two triangles are in proportion.



$$\frac{AB}{DE} = \frac{AC}{DF} = \frac{BC}{EF}$$

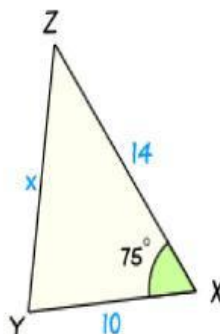
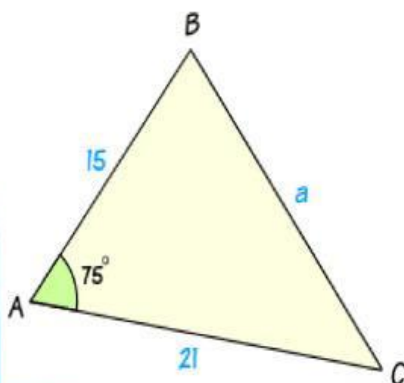
$$\frac{12}{3} = \frac{16}{4} = \frac{24}{6}$$

$$4 = 4 = 4$$

$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ by SSS

3. SAS similarity Theorem

- Two triangles are similar if an angle of one triangle is congruent to an angle of another triangle and the corresponding sides including those angles are in proportion.



$$\frac{AB}{XY} = \frac{AC}{XZ}; \angle A \cong \angle X$$

$$\frac{15}{10} = \frac{21}{14}$$

$$210 = 210$$

$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle XYZ$ by SAS