

GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: Go _____! I'm busy.

A out B away C on

- Jordan's looking _____ the house for his wallet.
A around B over C into
- Your boots are dirty! Please take _____ outside.
A off B off them C them off
- Let's get _____ the house and go for a walk.
A through B out of C along
- This form is in Chinese. I can't fill _____.
A it in B in it C it
- We walked _____ the park.
A through B over C under
- A lot of books _____ into other languages.
A are translate B are translated C is translated
- Thousands of disposable coffee cups _____ every day in the UK.
A are used B used C are use
- We aren't sure, but we _____ go away this weekend.
A might to B will C might
- She _____ at home. Her car isn't there.
A may not be B may not to be C might to be
- A I used to do a lot more exercise when I was younger.
B So _____ I.
A am B was C did
- A I can't play the piano.
B Neither _____ I.
A do B can C can't
- What time do you _____ go to work?
A usually B use to C used
- Did you use _____ glasses?
A wore B to wear C wear
- Who _____ yesterday?
A you saw B did see you C did you see
- Antonia told us she _____ tired, and went to bed.
A was B has been C is
- Jafar said he _____ the film many times before.
A saw B had seen C sees
- How many people _____ to the concert?
A goes B were gone C went
- Eva was tired because she _____ the night before.
A didn't slept B hadn't sleep C hadn't slept
- Ben said he _____ ring me later.
A had B was C would
- Who _____ you last night? Was it Maria?
A does call B called C have you called

PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A poetry B geography C biology

- A neither B athletics C both
- A science B physics C coincidence
- A coincidence B literature C identical
- A maths B brother C together
- A character B technican C teacher

VOCABULARY

a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the verb phrases.

Example: _____ owns the white van that is blocking the car park?
A Whose B Who C Which

- Li Wei checked his emails. _____ Claudia did the housework.
A Suddenly B Straight C Meanwhile
- _____ bag is this?
A Whose B Who C What
- It took two hours but _____ we reached the top of the hill.
A suddenly B eventually C meanwhile
- _____ should I leave this parcel?
A Where B Which C What
- I closed the door and _____ remembered that my phone was inside.
A meanwhile B immediately C eventually
- _____ did you manage without sugar for a month?
A Where B Which C How
- She found the answer _____.
A straight on B straight away C straight across
- _____ do you prefer: Lebanese food or Chinese food?
A Why B Which C How
- Peta was working when _____ the table broke.
A suddenly B next C quickly
- _____ would like this extra sandwich?
A Why B Which C Who

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: I took the book _____ to the library.
A away B back C up

- Turn the music _____. It's too loud.
A up B down C on
- We're looking _____ to our holiday next week.
A forward B out C for
- You should _____ up smoking. It's not good for you.
A stop B go C give
- Could you _____ out what time the film starts?
A put B find C go
- The match will _____ over in ten minutes.
A have B get C be

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: Your answer is different _____ mine.
A then B as C from

- Can you tell the _____ between Moya and Maeve?
A different B difference C differently
- Your bag's exactly the same _____ mine.
A as B of C with
- Carol looks _____ her mother. They're identical.
A after B for C like
- His new film is quite _____ to the last one.
A the same B the similar C similar
- Martin and John _____ have red hair.
A neither B both C all

b Which word has the same stress pattern? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: basketball

A afternoon B presenter C windsurfing

- tennis
A along B baseball C defeat
- exercise
A arrivals B intention C volleyball
- exciting
A footballer B basketball C athletics
- across
A towards B over C under
- identical
A interesting B immediately C energetic