

ASSESSMENT CARD

Directions: Read each item carefully and choose the letter of the correct Answer.

- How do you describe any two opposite angles in a parallelogram?
 - They are always congruent
 - They are supplementary
 - They are complementary
 - They are both right angles
- What can you say about any two consecutive angles in a parallelogram?
 - They are always congruent
 - They are supplementary
 - They are complementary
 - They are both right angles
- Which of the following statement is true?
 - Every square is a rectangle
 - Every rectangle is a square
 - Every rhombus is a rectangle
 - Every parallelogram is a rhombus.
- Which of the following conditions is not sufficient to prove that a quadrilateral is a parallelogram?
 - Two pairs of sides are parallel
 - Two pairs of opposite sides are congruent
 - Two angles are supplementary
 - Two diagonals bisect each other
- What is the measure of angle 2 in rhombus HOME?
 - 75°
 - 90°
 - 105°
 - 180°
- What is the measure of $\angle E$ in rhombus HOME?
 - 75°
 - 90°
 - 105°
 - 180°
- In rectangle KAYE, YO is 18 cm. Find the length of diagonal KY.
 - 6 cm
 - 9 cm
 - 18 cm
 - 36 cm
- In rectangle KAYE, YO is 18 cm. Find the length of EO.
 - 6 cm
 - 9 cm
 - 18 cm
 - 36 cm
- What must be the value of x so that Quadrilateral SOFT is a parallelogram.
 - 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
- What is the measure of side SO in parallelogram SOFT?
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6
 - 7

