Student A: First _____, employers need to ensure their workplace maintains a professional image. Checking online profiles can reveal if someone shares inappropriate content that could harm the company's reputation.

Student B: I see your point, but isn't that invasive? People should have personal lives outside of work. Judging them on social media feels unfair.
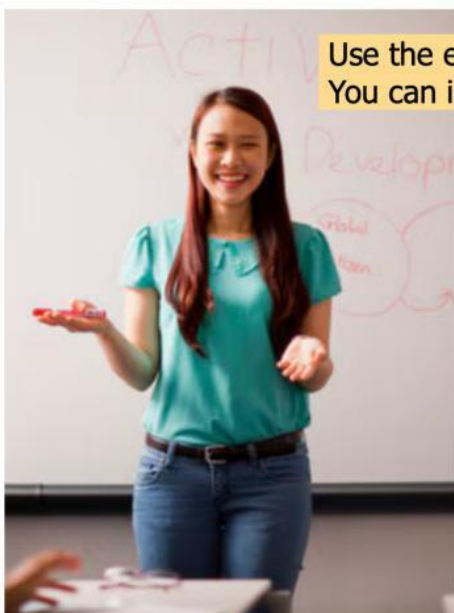
Student A: _____ **point is** when a business hires someone whose public posts create a PR issue. _____ **recap**, social media is public, and posts can impact the company.

Student B: Now, turning _____ personal opinions—what if employers judge someone for their pictures or years ago comments? Isn't it risky to let them decide what's acceptable?

Student A: _____ **instance**, it's reasonable to address hate speech or offensive behavior, but not personal opinions. The focus should be on clear red flags.

Student B: That sounds more reasonable. A clear policy could help avoid unnecessary tension.

Student A: In _____ , a balanced approach benefits both sides.

Use the expression to complete the example.
You can inclue your own ideas to fill in the blanks

"First and foremost, society's obsession with success often creates _____ or _____ that people feel pressured to meet.

_____ is social media, where people constantly compare themselves to others who seem to have 'perfect lives.' _____, this constant comparison can lead to feelings of _____, _____ and _____, especially people who _____.

_____, striving for success isn't bad, but the _____ to meet standards is _____."

"In a society that is becoming more dependent on artificial intelligence, do you think technological advancements will help reduce job scarcity by creating new opportunities, or will they only worsen the disadvantages for those who lack access to education and the skills needed to use AI?"