Adjectives and Adverbs

We use them to describe nouns and pronouns. Adjectives can come before nouns or after linking verbs.

Example before nouns: I have a ***black*** cat.

What a ***beautiful*** view.

Example: after a linking verb: He seems ***tired***.

The view is ***beautiful***.

Some linking verbs can be: ***become, seem, be.***

Are used to describe verbs, adjectives or the adverbs. They are often (**but not always**) made by adding "ly" to the adjective.

Example: I walk ***slowly*** (***slowly*** tell us about the verb walk)

They worked **quickly.**

She sang **loudly.**

Irregular Adverbs

Good	Well
Fast	Fast
Hard	Hard
Late	Late

1. Complete the following sentences by choosing an adjective or adverb.

a.	Julia is a _____ person.	carefully	careful
b.	The journey was_____.	quickly	quick
c.	She ran _____ to the station.	quickly	quick
d.	You look _____. Didn't you sleep?	Tiredly	tired
e.	You sound_____.	Happily,	happy
f.	The music was _____.	Beautiful	beautifully
g.	She plays the piano_____.	Beautiful	beautifully
h.	She answered_____.	Cleverly	clever
i.	Your flat seems _____ today.	Tidily	tidy
j.	Her Korean is _____.	Well	good

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2. Complete the following reading with the adverbs in the box.

Adverbs

healthy *gently* *early* *warmly* *quickly(x2)*

closely *carefully*

Maria is a nurse. She works in a big hospital in the city. Every day, she arrives _____ and prepares everything _____. Maria is a kind and patient person. She always smiles _____ at her patients, making them feel comfortable.

One morning, a young boy came into the hospital. He was very nervous. Maria spoke to him _____ and explained the treatment. The boy listened _____ and soon felt better. Maria _____ prepared the medicine and gave it to him. She works hard to ensure all her patients are _____.

Maria loves her job because she enjoys helping people. She feels proud when her patients recover _____. Her colleagues admire her because she is always cheerful and hardworking.

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