

HITCH HIKING

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

Lesson B

A pleasant journey!

A. READING

The Grand Canyon

1. Read the text carefully.



Last year, about 6.5 million people from all over the world visited the United States. Most visitors entered through major cities like New York, Boston, Miami, Los Angeles, or San Francisco.



After landing, many stayed in the city, unaware of the travel opportunities in the country's interior, which offers exceptional beauty and interest. Did you know there are 41 national parks between Maine and California? Some parks cover thousands of acres, each with unique scenery and character. If you enjoy nature, hiking, camping, birdwatching, clean air, or just escaping city life, you'll love the National Parks! On the East Coast, Acadia National Park in Maine faces the Atlantic Ocean with its long, rocky coastline. On the West Coast in California, Yosemite boasts majestic mountains, forests, and rivers, while Death Valley features desert plants and wildlife. National and state parks offer something for every taste, including Cape Hatteras in North Carolina, the Great Smoky Mountains in Tennessee, and Shenandoah in Virginia. And of course, there's the Grand Canyon in Arizona, that awe-inspiring chasm carved by the Colorado River. *Visiting a national park doesn't have to be expensive for overseas visitors, but it does require some planning and research.*

Read the text again and write true or false on these statements:

1. *The national parks in the States have similar sceneries and character.* _____

2. *In California there are 41 national parks.* _____

3. *On the west coast, you can find the Acadia National Park.*

4. *Death Valley is famous for its mountains, and forests.*

5. *National parks must be expensive for the local visitors.*

B.GRAMMAR

Modals for necessity

Describing necessity	Giving recommendations
They don't have to show an ID.	You should carry enough change for the bus.
You have to be 18 in order to get a driver's license.	They shouldn't drink alcohol on the street.
We need to study hard to pass the exams.	You ought to follow the instructions.
We must pay attention to the teacher's explanation.	They'd better avoid going to dangerous places.

1. Choose and write the best word to complete the advice given.

a. You _____ (must/should) give a tip to the server, but it's not mandatory.

b. The students _____ (have to/ had better) arrive early for the attendance. The teacher doesn't like latecomers.

c. Bikers _____ (should/need to) wear a helmet, it is recommendable for their own safety.

d. The software _____ (needs/ought to) be updated.

e. You _____ (shouldn't/have to) be over 1.70cm tall to get on to the swing.



Lesson C

Future Plans!

A. VOCABULARY

Future Plans, Necessity, and Suggestions

1. **Will**: We will **visit** the new art gallery next weekend.
2. **Going to**: I'm going to **apply** for that job tomorrow.
3. **Must** (Necessity): You must **complete** the assignment before the deadline.
4. **Should** (Suggestions): You should **consider** taking a break if you're feeling stressed.

These examples use verbs like visit, apply, complete, and consider that align with making plans, expressing obligation, and giving advice or suggestions for the future.

1. Match the words with the correct sentences.

Below are some words related to future actions and advice.

Choose and write each word to the correct sentence.

• Words: (buy, submit, study, travel, see, call)

1. I'm going to _____ for my exams next week.
2. You should _____ your project on time.
3. She will _____ a new car soon.
4. We must _____ the doctor if we feel sick.
5. He is going to _____ abroad next summer.
6. They will _____ the movie this Friday.



2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of will, going to, must, or should:

1. You _____ take some time to relax this weekend.
2. I _____ buy a new book tomorrow.
3. They _____ finish the project before the meeting starts.
4. She _____ visit her grandparents next month.

B. READING

Weekend plans and advice

1. Read the passage that expands on the characters and their weekend plans.



Anna and her friends are sitting in their favorite café, discussing their plans for the weekend. Anna is excited because she is going to visit her grandmother in the countryside. "I haven't seen her for a long time, and I really miss her," she

says. "I'm going to take the train on Saturday morning and arrive by noon. I'll stay with her for two days. We're going to cook together and maybe go for a walk in the nearby fields. I can't wait!" Ben, on the other hand, is feeling a bit lost. "I don't know what to do this weekend," he admits. "Maybe I'll stay home and watch a movie. I could catch up on my favorite series or play some video games, but I feel like I should do something outside too."

"Ben, you should make a plan! You must relax, but it's important to go outside too," says Anna. "You can't stay home all the time! Why don't you invite some friends to the park? You could have a picnic and enjoy the nice weather."

Sara, who has been listening to their conversation, chimes in, "I'm going to have a busy weekend. I have to study for my exams, and I'm also working on a project that's due next week. I need to finish my project by Monday, but I will take a break on Sunday

afternoon. After studying all day, I'll go to the café near my house and meet a friend for coffee. It's nice to have some time to relax and chat. "That sounds like a good idea, Sara!" Anna replies. "Studying is important, but you also need to recharge. You deserve a break. Just remember to balance your time between studying and relaxing."

As they continue their conversation, Ben starts to feel inspired. "Maybe I'll take your advice and invite a few friends to the park. I'll bring some snacks and we can enjoy the sunshine together. It sounds much better than just sitting at home!"

"I'm glad to hear that, Ben!" Anna encourages him. "Spending time with friends always makes the weekend more fun. Just make sure you check the weather before you go!"

2 Vocabulary Practice:

Fill in the blanks with the correct word from the box: (train, park, exams, project, coffee)

1. I need to study for my _____ this weekend.
1. She is going to meet her friend for _____ on Sunday.
2. Ben might go to the _____ this weekend.
3. Anna is taking the _____ to visit her grandmother.
4. Sara has to finish her _____ before Monday.

3 Read the text again and choose True / False.

1. Anna is going to visit her grandmother in the city.	True / False
2. Ben plans to invite his friends to the park for a picnic.	True / False
3. Sara has to finish her project by the end of the week.	True / False
4. Anna suggests that Ben should stay home all weekend.	True / False
5. Sara is taking a break from studying on Sunday afternoon to meet a friend.	True / False



“Will” vs. “Going to”

Structure:

“Will”: Used for spontaneous decisions, predictions, or promises.

o Form: Subject + will + base form of the verb

» Example: I will call you later.

“Going to”: Used for plans or intentions that have already been decided.

o Form: Subject + is/am/are + going to + base form of the verb

» Example: She is going to visit her friend next week.

Modals of Necessity: Used to express necessity, obligation, or lack of necessity. Common modals include must, have to, should, and ought to.

o Form: Subject + modal + base form of the verb

» Example: You must finish your homework.

Giving Suggestions: Phrases like should, could, or might can be used to give suggestions.

o Form: Subject + should/could/might + base form of the verb

» Example: You should try the new restaurant.

Exercises:

1. Fill in the Blanks with “will” or “going to”

1. I _____ (see) a movie tonight.

2. They _____ (visit) their grandparents this weekend.

3. She _____ (not come) to the party.

4. I think it _____ (rain) tomorrow.

5. We _____ (have) dinner at 7 PM.



2. Choose the Correct Modal

1. You wear a helmet when riding a bike.

2. He finish his report by Friday.

3. We go for a walk after dinner.

should can

4. They forget their tickets.

5. You see a doctor if you're feeling unwell.

3. Find out the mistakes in each sentence and rewrite them correctly.

1. I'm thinking it will raining tomorrow.

0 _____

2. You should take the bus instead of walking.

0 _____

3. I'm going to call you later to confirm the time.

1. The student will be able to define the following: