Name _____ Date _____

Unit 2 Time to celebrate

Vocabulary 1

Read the text below, and for each number, circle the letter, **A**, **B** or **C**, for the correct word on
the next page.

Nowruz

Nowruz, meaning 'new day', is the most important **(0)** in many countries, from Afghanistan to Georgia, Kazakhstan to Uzbekistan. It is the name given to the New Year in these regions. Nowruz has been ..... **(1)** for thousands of years.

Unlike many special days, Nowruz isn't connected to the ..... **(2)** month. It actually falls on the spring equinox, the day when night and day both last for 12 hours. This is usually on 21 March each year, so Nowruz ..... **(3)** the beginning of spring.

In many countries, families prepare for Nowruz by ..... **(4)** their houses and buying new clothes. In some regions, people arrange their tables in ..... **(5)** ways on the day of Nowruz. They put special items on the table, including fruit, which ..... **(6)** five of the planets plus the Sun and the Moon. They may also place some ..... **(7)** to light up the table, along with some eggs, which the family ..... **(8)**.

In many areas, concerts and ..... **(9)** are organised, and friends and family ..... **(10)** each other's houses and exchange gifts.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Example:

0	**Ⓐ** festival	**B** party	**C** anniversary

1	**A** delighted	**B** celebrated	**C** remembered
2	**A** annual	**B** lunar	**C** last
3	**A** celebrates	**B** suggests	**C** shows
4	**A** washing	**B** organising	**C** cleaning
5	**A** traditional	**B** old	**C** past
6	**A** are	**B** symbolise	**C** join
7	**A** bonfires	**B** flames	**C** candles
8	**A** design	**B** draw	**C** decorate
9	**A** burning	**B** dancing	**C** carrying
10	**A** visit	**B** call	**C** go

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Grammar 1

Make compound adjectives using a word from Column A and a word from Column B. Then use the compound adjectives to complete the sentences below.

Column A	Column B
~~brightly~~	made
well	covered
five	famous
world	behaved
home	~~coloured~~
snow	day

Example:

0 People draw……*brightly coloured* patterns on the floor during Diwali.

11 Russian people come out onto the …….. winter streets to celebrate Maslenitsa.

12 When people celebrate Eid al-Fitr, they cook and eat a lot of …….. food.

13 Diwali is a …….. festival at the end of October or beginning of November.

14 The children were very …….. at the New Year's Eve party.

15 Chinese New Year is now a …….. festival – everyone's heard of it!

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Grammar 2

Read the conversation between Rose and Eva.

Choose the best preposition for each space.

For each question, circle the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**.

Example:

Rose: Hi, Eva! What are your family doing ..... **(0)** New Year's Eve this year?

0 **A** in **B** on **C** at

Eva: The same thing we always do ..... **(16)** New Year. Some friends are coming round and we're going to have a big meal together.

Rose: Sounds good! What do you do ..... **(17)** midnight?

Eva: We usually set off some fireworks, like lots of people these days. What do you usually do?

Rose: Well, ... **(18)** the afternoon, we clean the house, then lots of friends come to visit during the evening. We always stay up late.

Eva: Yes, no one has to get up early ..... **(19)** 1st January because it's a holiday.

Rose: That's right. Well, have a good time and I'll see you ..... **(20)** January!

Rose: Yes, see you next year!

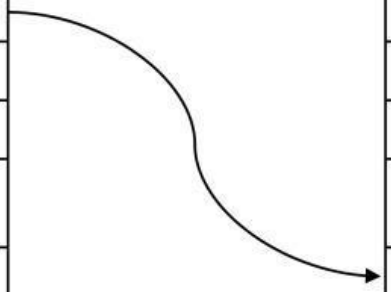
16	**A** in	**B** on	**C** at
17	**A** in	**B** on	**C** at
18	**A** in	**B** on	**C** at
19	**A** in	**B** on	**C** at
20	**A** in	**B** on	**C** at

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Vocabulary 2

Match the age ranges with the words and phrases to describe people of different ages.

	Age range
0	0 years – 1 year
21	1 year – 2 years
22	0 years – 12 years
23	13 years – 14 years
24	15 years – 16 years
25	17 years – 19 years
26	13 years – 19 years
27	20 years – 23 years
28	27 years – 29 years
29	40 years – 60 years
30	80 years +



	Descriptions of people of different ages
A	She's in her mid-teens.
B	She's a child.
C	They're all teenagers.
D	He's elderly.
E	He's in his late twenties.
F	He's a baby.
G	She's middle-aged.
H	He's in his early teens.
I	She's in her early twenties.
J	She's a toddler.
K	He's in his late teens.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Grammar 3

There is one mistake in each of these sentences containing non-defining relative clauses.
Correct the mistake.

Example:

0 My best friend who is 15 like me, lives next door to my house.

My best friend~~,~~ who is 15 like me, lives next door to my house.

31 The Swahili name Badru, what means 'full moon', comes from the Arabic language.

.....

32 Francesca's brother, who real name is Laurence, usually gets called Lol.

.....

33 My cousin, whose I haven't seen for years, is coming to stay with us soon.

.....

34 Steve's birthday, which is in April is on the same day as his Dad's.

.....

35 Sally's little sister, which is ten years younger than her, was born two days ago.

.....

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Grammar 4

For each question, circle the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**.

Example:

0 Billy thought the comedy film was really ..... .

A amused ◯ **B** amusing **C** amuses

36 The concert was terrible – I've never been so ..... in my life.

A boring **B** bore **C** bored

27 Fiona was ..... that her brother bought her such a nice present.

A amazed **B** amazes **C** amazing

38 These instructions are very ..... – I can't understand them at all.

A confuse **B** confusing **C** confused

39 The journey to New York was very long and ..... .

A tires **B** tired **C** tiring

40 Miranda felt very ..... by her end-of-year exam results.

A disappointing **B** disappointed **C** disappoints

LIVEWORKSHEETS