

1. What is gravity?

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|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| a) a noncontact force | b) a frictional force |
| c) a contact force | d) a magnetic force |

2. Which of these is considered a contact force?

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|--|---|
| a) the force between two charged particles | b) the friction between an object and air |
| c) the gravitational pull of a planet | d) the force between two magnets |

3. Why are some forces considered to be noncontact forces?

- | | |
|---|---|
| a) Objects push each other apart to increase the distance between them. | b) Objects must be large in size in order to exert a force that is strong enough to notice. |
| c) Objects do not have to touch each other to experience a force. | d) Objects must be far apart in order to exert a force. |

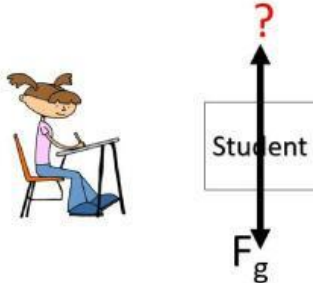
4. Why is the magnetic force considered to be a noncontact force?

- | | |
|---|---|
| a) Magnets must be large in size in order to exert a force that is strong enough to notice. | b) Magnets push each other apart to increase the distance between them. |
| c) Magnets do not have to touch each other to experience a force. | d) Magnets must be far apart in order to exert a force. |

5. What is a force?
- a) a PUSH or PULL on an object
 - b) the MOTION an object creates
 - c) objects HITTING one another
 - d) going REALLY FAST
6. What unit do we use to measure force?
- a) Newtons
 - b) Joules
 - c) Watts
7. The force that naturally pulls objects to the center of earth is called
- a) Electromotive Force
 - b) Strong Force
 - c) Magnitude
 - d) Force of Gravity
8. Which of the following is not a type of contact force?
- a) Applied Force
 - b) Friction
 - c) Magnetic Force
 - d) Air Resistance
9. Which of the following is not a type of a Non-Contact Force?
- a) Normal Force
 - b) Magnetic Force
 - c) Electric Force
 - d) Gravity
10. Which of the following forces opposes motion?
- a) Friction
 - b) Air Resistance
 - c) Both friction and air resistance
 - d) Neither friction or air resistance

11. A force is...
- a) an "invisible mechanism."
 - b) measured in Newtons.
 - c) any push or pull on an object.
 - d) all of the above.
12. The force that keeps objects on top of surfaces instead of letting them sink into the surface is known as:
- a) normal force
 - b) abnormal force
 - c) static force
 - d) inertia

13.



Name the missing force....

- a) weight force
 - b) normal force
 - c) frictional force
 - d) tension force
14. A(n) _____ is a force applied by a person or object onto another object.
- a) normal force
 - b) applied force
 - c) electric force
 - d) magnetic force
 - e) static force

15.



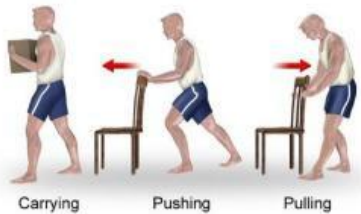
Which type of force is this?

- a) Applied Force
- b) Balanced Force
- c) Gravitational Force
- d) Frictional Force

16. A _____ is a support force.

- a) Balanced Force
- b) Normal Force
- c) Unbalanced Force
- d) Contact Force

17.



The three examples pictured are of

- a) Non-contact Forces
- b) Contact Forces