

1. What is gravity?
  - a) a noncontact force
  - b) a frictional force
  - c) a contact force
  - d) a magnetic force
  
2. Which of these is considered a contact force?
  - a) the force between two charged particles
  - b) the friction between an object and air
  - c) the gravitational pull of a planet
  - d) the force between two magnets
  
3. Why are some forces considered to be noncontact forces?
  - a) Objects push each other apart to increase the distance between them.
  - b) Objects must be large in size in order to exert a force that is strong enough to notice.
  - c) Objects do not have to touch each other to experience a force.
  - d) Objects must be far apart in order to exert a force.
  
4. Why is the magnetic force considered to be a noncontact force?
  - a) Magnets must be large in size in order to exert a force that is strong enough to notice.
  - b) Magnets push each other apart to increase the distance between them.
  - c) Magnets do not have to touch each other to experience a force.
  - d) Magnets must be far apart in order to exert a force.

5. What is a force?

- a) a PUSH or PULL on an object
- b) the MOTION an object creates
- c) objects HITTING one another
- d) going REALLY FAST

6. What unit do we use to measure force?

- a) Newtons
- b) Joules
- c) Watts

7. The force that naturally pulls objects to the center of earth is called

- a) Electromotive Force
- b) Strong Force
- c) Magnitude
- d) Force of Gravity

8. Which of the following is not a type of contact force?

- a) Applied Force
- b) Friction
- c) Magnetic Force
- d) Air Resistance

9. Which of the following is not a type of a Non-Contact Force?

- a) Normal Force
- b) Magnetic Force
- c) Electric Force
- d) Gravity

10. Which of the following forces opposes motion?

- a) Friction
- b) Air Resistance
- c) Both friction and air resistance
- d) Neither friction or air resistance

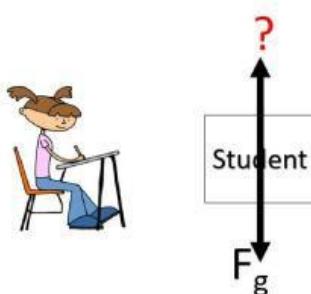
11. A force is...

- a) an "invisible mechanism."
- b) measured in Newtons.
- c) any push or pull on an object.
- d) all of the above.

12. The force that keeps objects on top of surfaces instead of letting them sink into the surface is known as:

- a) normal force
- b) abnormal force
- c) static force
- d) inertia

13.



Name the missing force....

- a) weight force
- b) normal force
- c) frictional force
- d) tension force

14. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is a force applied by a person or object onto another object.

- a) normal force
- b) applied force
- c) electric force
- d) magnetic force
- e) static force

15.



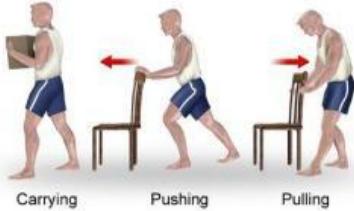
Which type of force is this?

- a) Applied Force
- b) Balanced Force
- c) Gravitational Force
- d) Frictional Force

16. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a support force.

- a) Balanced Force
- b) Normal Force
- c) Unbalanced Force
- d) Contact Force

17.



The three examples pictured are of

- a) Non-contact Forces
- b) Contact Forces