

Making suggestions:

E.Q.

- 1- Let's to school.
a- go b- to go c- going d- gone
- 2- play football.
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How about d- What about
- 3- play football?
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How about d- What about
- 4- playing football?
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How about d- What
- 5- playing football?
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How d- What about
- 6- I suggest to school.
a- goes b- go c- going d- to go
- 7- I suggest that Ahmed to school.
a- goes b- go c- going d- to go
- 8- Ahmed to school.
a- goes b- go c- going d- to go
- 9- - Ahmed? He is the best one to help you.
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How about d- What
- 10- We could to school.
a- go b- to go c- going d- gone
- 11- play football?
a- Let's b- Could we c- How about d- What about
- 12- play football.
a- Let b- Could we c- We could d- What about
-
- 13- Let's my uncle.
a- visit b- to visit c- visiting d- visited
- 14- visit my uncle.
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How about d- What about
- 15- visit my uncle?
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How about d- What about
- 16- visiting my uncle?
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How about d- What
- 17- visiting my uncle?
a- Let's b- Why don't we c- How d- What about
- 18- I suggest my uncle.
a- visit b- to visit c- visiting d- visited
- 19- I suggest that Ahmed my uncle.
a- visits b- to visit c- visiting d- visit
- 20- Ahmed my uncle.
a- visits b- visit c- visiting d- to visit
-
- 21- go to the cinema.
a- Let b- Let's c) Could we d- Shall we

- 22- go to the cinema, shall we?
a- Let us b- Let's c) We could d- Shall we
- 23- go to the cinema, couldn't we?
a- Let us b- Let's c) We could d- Shall we
- 24- go to the cinema?
a- Let us b- Let's c) We could d- Could we
- 25- go to the cinema?
a- Let us b- Let's c) We could d- Shall we
- 26- this dress? Do you think it's better than the latter?
a) Why don't we b) What about c- Could we d) Shall we
- 27- this dress? Do you think it's better than the latter?
a) Why don't we b) How c- What about d) Shall we
- 28- ask someone close to you for help?
a) Why don't you b) What about c) Could we d) How about
- 29- ask your brother for help?
a) Why don't you b) What about c) Could we d) How about
- 30- ask your brother for help.
a) Why don't we b) What about c) Could we d) Let's
- 31- spend the night in? I get bored with noisy places.
a) Why don't we b) What about c) We could d) How about
- 32- move to the other point of the contract.
a) Why don't we b) What about c) Let's d) How about
- 33- You should..... to learn better time management skills.
a) to try b) trying c) try d) be to try
- 34- It is up to you, with us or you could stay here.
a) How about coming b) You should come c) You could come d) Let's come
- 35- Why..... you take some snacks with you, so you aren't so hungry?
a- can't b- don't c- didn't d- shouldn't
- 36- Have you considered.....? to your family about your feelings?
a) to talk b) taking c- talk d) all of the above
- 37- How about..... to some music to help you to relax?
a) listen b) listening c) to listen d) to listening
- 38- Have you thought about..... more exercise?
a) taking b) to take c) take d) being taken
- 39- starting with the most important things first?
a) What for b) What about c) About what d) Why not
- 40- Have you.....listening to music before going to bed?
a) considered b) thought about c) thought d) a&b
- 41- You seem stressed and worried,.....going to a movie?
a) Let's b) What about c) You could d) You should
- 42- Why don't la and Fatma if they want to come with us?
a) asking b) we ask c) ask d) to ask
- 43- I recommend.....that Chinese food.
a) To try b) trying c) try d) you trying

- 44- Have you.....going to bed a bit earlier?
a) suggest b) believed c) thought d) considered
- 45- I suggest.....him a call before the end of the day.
a) To give b) give c) giving d) have given
- 46- What about..... tonight, in the break?
a) having a cold drink b) a cold drink c) to drink d) a & b
- 47- I suggest mum.....my aunt for dinner.
a) inviting b) to invite c) invites d) invite
- 48- I recommend Sara..... ready to join the team.
a) Should be b) be c) was d) a and b
- 49- My.....would be to prepare chocolate cake for our guests.
a) suggest b) suggestion c) recommend d) a and b
- 50-.....go for a walk?
a) Shall we b) Why don't we c) Let's d) A and b
- 51- May I suggest..... a snack break?
a. take b. to take c. taking d. to taking
- 52..... could support our country by helping with charity work.
a. Perhaps b. My suggestion c. Let us d. Let's
53. M.....would be to prepare chocolate cake for our guests.
a. suggest b. suggestion c. recommend d. a&c
54. A: If you ask me, Mai is the best applicant for the job of the secretary?
B: Mmm... her bad English?
a. How about b. What about c. Shall we d. Why don't we
55. ask father for the trip money right now. He is in a good mood.
a. Let's b. Let's not c. Don't let's d. b&c
- 56..... ask father for the trip money right now. He is furious because the team has lost the match.
a. Let's b. Let's not c. Don't let's d. b&c
57. I would suggest.....my aunt for dinner.
a. to inviting b. to invite c. inviting d. invite
58. I suggest mum..... my aunt for dinner.
a. to inviting b. to invite c. inviting d. invite
- 59.1..... having falafel to eating this badly prepared pizza.
a. recommend b. would recommend c. a&b d. object
60. I consider how..... our poor neighbours.
a. to help b. help c. helping d. to helping
61. I recommend Sama.....the Egyptian Japanese School.
a. joining b. join c. joined d. to join
62. I suggest that Rodayna..... ready to join the team.
a. was b. be c. should be d. b&c
63. I suggest. out until the rain stops. We don't have raincoats.
a. to go b. going c. not going d. we go
64. I suggest.....out when the rain stops, not now.
a. to go b. do not go c. not going d. we go
65. "..... " is/are used to make suggestions in formal language only.

- a. Let's b. Let us c. lets d. a&b
66. "....." is used to show objection to an idea or suggestion.
a. Let's b. I suggest c. How about d. What about
67. "Let's go for a walk." In other words, the speaker says, "....."
a. You could go for a walk b. I suggest you go for a walk
c. I suggest we go for a walk d. a&b
68. "Have you considered going for a walk?" In other words, the speaker says, "....."
a. You could go for a walk. c. I suggest I go for a walk.
b. I suggest you go for a walk. d.a&b
69. A:- B: Yes, let's.
a. Perhaps you can go out on your own.
b. Why don't you go out on your own?
c. Let's go out together.
d. I recommend you go out alone.
70. She could hardly carry out the difficult task,.....?
a. could she b. she could c. couldn't she d. she couldn't
71. We should all spread..... peace because it is the basis of stability.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article
72. It's nice that cats usually clean.....!
a. ourselves b. herself c. themselves d. itself
- 73..... go for a walk?
a. Let's b. Why don't we c. Shall we d. b&c
74. Let's..... the match in the stadium. It is much more exciting there.
a. watch b. to watch c. not watch d. watching
75. Let's..... the match in the stadium. It is better on TV.
a. watch b. to watch c. not watch d. watching
- 76- Mr. Al Hussein do post-graduate studies abroad.
a- 'd better b- would better c- suggests d-
- recommends
- 77- Mr. Al Hussein doing post-graduate studies abroad.
a- 'd better b- would better c- suggests d- could
- 78- Mr. Al Hussein that he do post-graduate studies abroad.
a- better b- would better c- suggests d-
- recommends
- 79- Mr. Al Hussein suggests do post-graduate studies abroad.
a- doing b- that he do c- that he should do d- a,b &c
80. Don't think much. We Spain or Italy for our holiday.
a) should have visited b) could visit
c) could have visited d) should be visited
- 81- What about sport four times a week instead of six?
a) do b) you do c) to do d) doing
- 82- a party, shall we?

- a) How about having we have b) Shall we have c) Let's have d) why don't
- 83- How about this problem - it's too difficult.
a) forget b) forgetting c) to forget d) you forget
- 85- I'm hot some shade to sit in?
a) I suggest finding b) Why don't find c) Let's find d) How about finding
- 86- If you've already finished, out.
a) how about going b) why don't we go c) let's go d) could we go
- 87- I recommend that Chinese food.
a) to try b) trying c) try d) you trying
88. I'm sorry for shouting at you _ I my voice.
a) shouldn't have raised b) should have raised
c) could have raised d- should rise
89. Have you going to bed a bit earlier?
a- thought b- considered c- believed d- suggest
90. I failed the test. I harder.
a- shouldn't have studied b- could study c- should have studied d- should study
- 91- I suggest him a call before the end of the day.
a- to give b- give c- giving d- gave
- 92- out and buying some fruit?
a) How about going b) Why don't we go c) Let's go d) We could go
93. Our mother wants a new bag. What about..... father for help?
a) to ask b) asking c) ask d- asked
94. I missed the meeting in Assiut. I an earlier train.
a) should have caught b) shouldn't have caught
c) needn't have caught d) mustn't have caught
- 95-buy a new car? Yours always breaks down.
a) How about b) Let's c) What about d) Why don't you
- 96- for a picnic or visiting the museum?
a) We could go b) I consider going c) How about going d) You should go
- 97- It's getting cold. We our jackets.
a- shouldn't have brought b- must have brought
c- should have brought d- let's bring
- 98- Hany or visit him to invite him to our party.
a) We could phone b) Could we phone
d) Have you considered phoning c) What about phoning
- 99- It's too cold in here. You
a) must have opened b) should open
c) should have opened d) shouldn't have opened

ما ورد بالامتحانات السابقة

- 1- I suggest that he Another place to get up his new project. (2M) (دور-1- 2024)
a- had found b- finds c- find d- has found

- 2- I do the washing? (Azhar 2023)
a- What about b- Why don't c- Let's d- Shall we
- 3- Why don't you..... to the teacher? (Azhar 2022)
a- complaining b- to complain c- complain d- will complain
- 4- I'm hot today. How about to the beach? (Sudan 2012)
a- gone b- going c- went d- go
- 4- Have you..... spending the weekend in the country? (WB R.2)
a. considered b. thought c. decided d. agreed
- 5- doing some regular exercise? (WB P.1)
a. I suggest b. Let us c. Let's d. How about
- 6- ...try going to bed earlier. (WB)
a. Why don't we b. You should c. What about d. I suggest
- 7- You could.....the teacher for help. (WB)
a. ask b. to ask c. asking d. be asked
- 8- The teacher could..... for help. (WB)
a. asks b. to ask c. asking d. be asked
- 9- having something to eat first? (WB)
a. I suggest b. What about c. Why don't we d. I consider
69. about having a nice time together on my farm? (Longman)
a.What b.When c.Why d.Who
70. start learning Chinese. (Longman)
a.How about b.Let's c.Why don't you d.Shall we
71. Let's go shopping . This sentence is a kind of a/an. (أدبي 2021)
a. offer b. request c. suggestion d. order
72. Which of the following doesn't express regret? (Longman)
a.I should have revised well for the exam
b.I'm sorry for not revising well for the exam.
c. I should revise well for the next exam.
d.I regret not revising well for the exam
73. I really must buy my mother a present on her birthday party. This shows.....(LM)
a. lack of necessity b. regret c. ability d. inner feeling
- I suggest studying Arabic before English.
-I would suggest studying Arabic before English.

الضمائر Pronouns

	ضمير فاعل	ضمير مفعول	ملكية صفة	ملكية ضمير	ضمير انعكاسي أو توكيدي	
المفرد المتكلم	I	..... me	my	mine	myself	نفسي/بنفسي
المفرد الغائب (مذكر)	He	..... him	his.....	his	himself	نفسه/بنفسه
المفرد الغائب (مؤنث)	She	..... her	her.....	hers	herself	نفسها/بنفسها
المفرد الغائب (جماد/ محايد)	It	..... it	its	Its (rare)	itself	نفسي/بنفسي
المفرد المُخاطب	You	..... your	your ...	yours	yourself	نفسك/بنفسك
الجمع المُخاطب	You	..... your	your ...	yours	yourselves	انفسكم/بانفسكم
الجمع المتكلم	We	..... us	our	ours	ourselves	انفسنا/بانفسنا
الجمع الغائب	They	..... them	their ...	theirs	themselves	انفسهم/بانفسهم

ضمائر الفاعل

1	..... am clever.	a- I	b-He	c- Me	d- My
2	..... is clever.	a- I	b-He	c- Me	d- My
3	..... is clever.	a- I	b-my	c- She	d- My
4	..... is clever.	a- I	b-It	c- Me	d- My
5	..... are clever.	a- I	b-He	c- Your	d- You
6	..... are clever.	a- Our	b-He	c- We	d- My
7	..... are clever.	a- I	b-He	c- She	d- They
8	..... goes to school.	a- We	b-Her	c- She	d- They
9	..... goes to school.	a- We	b-Her	c- I	d- Ali
10	..... go to school.	a- We	b-It	c- She	d- He

Choose the answer correct from a , b , c or d

-like fish.
a- Me b- Him c- I d- Us
- Ahmed visited.....
a- me b- he c- I d- we
- Adel saw
a- she b- he c- her d- we
-did his homework.

- a- Me b- Him c- He d- Us
- 5- Farid saw
- a- I b- they c- he d- Amr
- 6- Samir hit
- a- I b- they c- he d- the dog
- 7-opened the window.
- a- Me b- Him c- You d- Us
- 8- I read a
- a- she b- he c- book d- we
- 9-study English.
- a- Them b- He c- Me d- They
- 10- You met yesterday.
- a- us b- they c- he d- we

Subject pronouns:

1- أسئلة عن ضمائر الفاعل:

- 1-.....am Samir, but.....is Adel.
- 2- Samira is a girl.is clever.
- 3- Ahmed and Fared are clever.can answer all of these questions.
- 4- She and I like English.study English a lot.

ضمائر المفعول

1	This pen is mine. Please, give it to	a- I	b- he	c- me	d- my
2	This pen is Adel's. Please, give it to.....	a- he	b- she	c- me	d- him
3	This pen is Samah's. Please, give it to	a- she	b- her	c- she	d- my
4	This food is for the cat. Please, give it to	a- it	b- its	c- itself	d- my
5	This pen is yours. I will give it to	a- your	b- yours	c- yourself	d- you
6	This pen is yours. I will give it to	a- your	b- yours	c- yourself	d- you
7	This pen is ours. Please, give it to	a- us	b- she	c- he	d- they
8	This pen is theirs. Please, give it to	a- we	b- she	c- he	d- them

- 1- I visit
- a- him b- she c- we d- my
- 2- I visit
- a- them b- she c- we d- my
- 3- They visited
- a- we b- us c- she d- his
- 4- They visited
- a- we b- our c- she d- him
- 5- They visited
- a- we b- I c- she d- me
- 6- They visited
- a- we b- her c- she d- your
- 7- We visited
- a- we b- your c- she d- them
- 8- They visited
- a- we b- it c- she d- his

9- Tell to hurry up!

a- we

b- her

c- she

d- your

10- Tell to hurry up!

a- we

b- hers

c- him

d- your

11- Tell to hurry up!

a- we

b- hers

c- his

d- them

جمل امتحانات

1- You shouldn't touch or rub your eyes with your hands as this can infect

a- we

b- hers

c- his

d- them

2- Are you coming with ,Adel?

a- we

b- us

c- she

d- his

3- Are you coming with ,Tasneem?

a- it

b- them

c- her

d- us

صفات الملكية.....لازم تتبع باسم

صفة ملكية	
my	+
his.....	
her.....	
its	
your ...	
your ...	
our	
their ...	

1	This is house.	a- I	b- he	c- me	d- my
2	This is house.	a- his	b- he	c- me	d- him
3	This is house.	a- him	b- hers	c- her	d- me
4	This is nest.	a- it	b- its	c- itself	d- me
5	This is house.	a- your	b- yours	c- yourself	d- you
6	This is house.	a- your	b- yours	c- yourself	d- you
7	This is house.	a- us	b- she	c- our	d- they
8	This is house.	a- we	b- she	c- their	d- them

- 1- This isbook.
a- I b- me c- mine d- my
- 2- This isbook.
a- she b- hers c- her d- herself
- 3- Did mother find shoes?
a- we b- hers c- she d- your
- 4- Mrs. Azza wants to see homework.
a-your b- yours c- yourself d- you
- 5- Can Ali bring car?
a- we b-our c- theirs d- him
- 6- Samantha will fix car tomorrow.
a- we b- hers c- her d- yours
- 7- The cat broke leg.
a- it b-its c- itself d- me
- 8- This is house.
a- we b-our c- theirs d- them
- 9- Where is school?
a- we b-she c- their d- them
- 10- I love this dress. color is nice.
a- It b- Its c- Her d- Their
- 11- Give me hand.
a- their b- they c- your d- you
- 12- This is house. It belongs to me.
a- I b- me c- mine d- my
- 13- This is house. It belongs to him.
a- He b- him c- himself d- his
- 14- This is house. It belongs to her.
a- she b- hers c- her d- herself
- 15- This is nest. It belongs to it.
a- it b-its c- itself d- me
- 16- This is house. It belongs to you.
a-your b- yours c- yourself d- you
- 17- This is house. It belongs to us.
a- we b-our c- ours d- ourselves
- 18- This is house. It belongs to them.
a- they b-theirs c- their d- them

ضمائر الملكية..... لا تتبع باسم

	فاعل ضمير	ضمير ملكية
المفرد المتكلم	I	mine
المفرد الغائب (مذكر)	He	his
المفرد الغائب	She	hers

(مؤنث) المفرد الغائب (جماد/ محايد)	It	Its (rare)
المفرد المُخاطَب	You	yours
الجمع المُخاطَب	You	yours
الجمع المتكلم	We	ours
الجمع الغائب	They	theirs

1- My house is big but small.

- a- your b- yours c- yourself d- you

2- My house is big but small.

- a- hers b- your c- yourself d- you

3- I borrowed my brother's watch while was being repaired.

- a- I b- me c- mine d- my

4- Sami borrowed his brother's watch while was being repaired.

- a- He b- him c- himself d- his

5- Samia borrowed her brother's watch while was being repaired.

- a- hers b- her c- her d- his

5- Did you borrow your brother's watch while was being repaired.

- a- your b- yours c- yourself d- you

6- We borrowed a neighbour's car while was being repaired.

- a- we b- our c- theirs d- them

7- They borrowed our car while was being repaired.

- a- we b- she c- their d- them

الضمائر العائدة \ الانعكاسية \ المنعكسة \ التاكيدية:

كمفعول:

1- If I look in the mirror, I can see

- a- your b- yours c- yourself d- myself

2- If Adela looks in the mirror, she can see

- a- herself b- yours c- yourself d- myself

3- If Adel looks in the mirror, he can see

- a- your b- yours c- yourself d- himself

4- If the dog look in the mirror, it can see

- a- herself b- yours c- itself d- myself

5- If you alone look in the mirror, you can see

- a- your b- yours c- yourself d- myself

6- If you all look in the mirror, you can see

- a- your b- yours c- yourself d- yourselves

7- If we look in the mirror, we can see

- a- themselves b- yours c- ourselves d- yourself

8- If they look in the mirror, they can see

- a- themselves b- yours c- yourselves d- myself

- 9- He cut on the broken glass.
a-your b- yours c- yourself d- himself
- 10- She cut on the broken glass.
a-your b- herself c- yourself d- himself
- 11- She made a cup of tea and sat down in front of the television.
a-your b- herself c- yourself d- himself
- 12- Parents often blame for the way their children behave.
a- herself b- himself c- themselves d- no word
- 13- You should blame for the way your children behave.
a- yourself b- himself c- themselves d- no word
- 14- I bought a new phone.
a-your b- yours c- yourself d- myself
- 15- The dogs barked when they saw in the mirror.
a- himself b-herself c- itself d- themselves
- 15- The dogs barked when seeing in the mirror.
a- himself b-herself c- itself d- themselves

توكيد:

- 1- I made these cookies
a-your b- yours c- yourself d- myself
- 2- You asked me to come.
a-your b- yours c- yourself d- myself
- 3- The manager pardoned Mr. Ali.
a- himself b- yours c- yourself d- myself
- 4- The woman killed
a- himself b- herself c- yourself d- myself
- 5- The woman killed the man
a- him b- herself c- yourself d- myself
- 6- The woman killed the man by
a- him b- herself c- yourself d- myself
- 7- My teacher didn't know the answer.
a- him b- herself c- yourself d- myself
- 8- The test wasn't scary, but my teacher certainly is.
a- herself b- yours c- itself d- myself
- 9- We would like to finish the renovation before Christmas.
a- herself b- yours c- itself d- ourselves
- 10- They told me the lost shoe wasn't a problem.
a- herself b- themselves c- itself d- myself
- 11- I wrote the story
a- herself b- themselves c- yourself d- myself
- 12- He came here
a- himself b- yours c- yourself d- myself
- 13- He came here.
a- himself b- yours c- yourself d- myself

بمعني بمفرده/بدون مساعدة

1	by myself	بمفردتي \ بدون مساعدة
2	by himself	بمفرده \ بدون مساعدة
3	by herself	بمفردها \ بدون مساعدة
4	by itself	بمفردها \ بدون مساعدة
5	by yourself	بمفردك \ بدون مساعدة
6	by yourselves	بمفردكم \ بدون مساعدة
7	by ourselves	بمفردنا \ بدون مساعدة
8	by themselves	بمفردهم \ بدون مساعدة

..... by himself

1	2	3	4	5	6
by himself	= alone	= on his own	= with on help	= without any help =	without support
بمفرده	بمفرده	بمفرده	بلا مساعدة \ بمفرده	بدون أية مساعدة \ بمفرده	بدون دعم \ بمفرده

1- Look at her! She carried the big box

- a- herself b- himself c- by herself d- no word

2- Look at him! He carried the big box

- a- herself b- himself c- themselves d- by himself

3- Look at them! They carried the big box

- a- by themselves b- himself c- themselves d- by himself

1- She washed

- a- herself b- himself c- themselves d- no word

2- She dressed

- a- herself b- himself c- themselves d- no word

فنون الاسئلة

They vs they're vs theirs's vs theirs're vs their vs there

1- Lisa and Max are Americans. _____ from U.S.A.

- a- There b- Their c- They're d- Theirs are

2- This car isn't ours. It's

- a- them b- theirs c- they d- their

3- This is house. It belongs to them.

- a- them b- theirs c- they d- their

4- This house isn't yours. It's

- a- them b- theirs c- they d- their

5- The dog ate meal.

- a- them b- theirs c- they d- their

6-

1	they	
2	they're	= My house is big, but theirs is small.
3	their	
4	theirs's	بتاعهم يكون Theirs is = My house is big, but theirs is small.
5	theirs are	بتوعهم يكونوا Theirs are = My questions are easy but theirs are difficult.

- | | | |
|---|----------|--|
| 6 | there | |
| 7 | there're | |
| 8 | there's | |

Choose the correct Arabic translation:

1- Online and distance learning is becoming more and more important. Most countries have resorted to it in the novel Corona virus crisis so that students could complete their education at home.

- 1- يصبح التعلم عبر الانترنت والتعلم البعيد أكثر و أكثر أهمية . ولقد لجأت معظم البلدان إلي ذلك في أزمة قصة فيروس كورونا لذلك يتمكن الطلاب من إكمال تعليمهم في منازلهم
- 2- يصبح التعلم عبر الانترنت والتعلم البعيد أكثر و أكثر أهمية . ولقد لجأت معظم البلدان إلي ذلك في أزمة فيروس كورونا المستجد لكي يتمكن الطلاب من إكمال تعليمهم في منازلهم
- 3- يصبح التعلم عبر الانترنت أكثر أهمية . ولقد لجأت معظم البلدان إلي ذلك في أزمة فيروس كورونا لذلك يمكن أن يتمكن لطلاب من إكمال تعليمهم في منازلهم
- 4- يصبح التعلم عبر الانترنت والتعلم عن بعد أكثر أهمية . ولجأت معظم البلدان إلي ذلك في أزمة فيروس كورونا المستجد و ذلك يمكن أن يتمكن الطلاب من إكمال تعليمهم في منازلهم

Choose the correct English translation:

- 1- الحياة المدرسية مهم جدا في حياة المرء , لأنها توفر فرصة للدراسة والانضباط . يتعلم الطالب أيضا كيفية التكيف علي حياة مع أشخاص من بيئات مختلفة
- a- School life is very important in the person's life, as it provides an opportunity for study and discipline. The student is also learned how to adapt to live with people from different environments.
 - b- School life is very important in one's life, as it provides an opportunity for study and discipline. The student is learned how to adapt to living with people from different environments.
 - c- School life is very important in one's life, as it provides an opportunity for study and discipline. The student also learns how to adapt to living with people from different environments.
 - d- School life is very important in one's life, as it shows an opportunity for study and discipline. The student also learns how to adapt to live with people from different environments.

Choose the correct Arabic translation:

1- Not only is tourism threatened by terrorism but also by the lack. of awareness of population and the wrong policies.

- 1- لا تتأثر السياحة فقط بالسياسة ولكن أيضا بزيادة التلوث وعدم معاوية البوليس للمخطنين .
- 2- لا تتأثر السياحة فقط بالإرهاب فقط بل أيضا بنقص الوعي وزيادة التلوث والشرطة المخطنة.
- 3- لا تتأثر السياحة فقط بالإرهاب فقط بل أيضا بنقص الوعي لدي السكان والسياسات المخطنة.
- 4- لا تتأثر السياحة فقط بالإرهاب فقط بل أيضا بزيادة التلوث السياسات الخاطئة .

Choose the correct English translation: .

- 1- لقد قرر والدي أن يحجز تذكرتين قطار إلي أسوان ويأخذ أخي الصغير معه .
- a- My father decided to book two train tickets and take my younger brother with him.
 - b- My father decided to book two tickets train and take my younger brother with him.
 - c- My father has decided to book two train tickets and taken my younger brother with him.

d- My father has decided to book two train tickets and take my younger brother with him.

Choose the correct answer:

1- After the sentence 'air pollution is one of the major problems these days.' Which one could be a supporting sentence?

- a- Air pollution appears in the environment due to bad air quality.
- b- Almost all countries become the victim of this environment pollution.
- c- Air pollution is not a favorable condition for any living-being. °
- d- There are harmful elements that are produced during the emission of gases.

Choose the correct Arabic translation:

1- If you have the right to do what you like, don't be negative towards others. You ought to respect the person you are dealing with. Let everyone express their opinions freely.

- 1- إذا كان لديك الحق في أن تفعل ما تريد , فلا تكن سلبيًا تجاه الآخرين . يجب أن تحترم الشخص الذي تتعامل معه , دع الجميع يعبرون عن آرائهم .
- 2- لو أنك محق فيما تفعل فلا تعارض ما يفعله الآخرون . يجب أن تحترم الشخص الذي تتعامل معه . دع الجميع يعبرون عن آرائهم .
- 3- لو أنك محق فيما تفعل فلا تعارض ما يفعله الآخرون . يجب أن تحترم الشخص الذي تتواصل معه. دع كل شخص يعبر عن آيئه بحرية .
- 4- إذا كان لديك الحق في أن تفعل ما تريد فلا تنفي وتعارض ما يفعله الآخرون . يجب أن تحترم الشخص الذي تتعامل معه . دع الجميع يعبرون عن آراءهم بحرية .

Choose the correct English translation:

1- لقد ساهمت التكنولوجيا الحديثة في جعل العالم قرية كونية صغيرة ومكنت جميع الدول من تبادل المنتجات الزراعية والصناعية بسهولة ويسر

- a- Modern technology has contributed to make the world a small global village and enabled all countries to exchange the agricultural and industrial products easily.
- b- The modern technology has contributed to make the world a small global village and enabled all countries to exchange the agricultural and industrial products easily.
- c- The modern technology has contributed to making the world a small global village and has enabled all countries to exchange the industrial and agricultural products easily.
- d)- Modern technology has contributed to making the world a small global village and enabled all countries to exchange agricultural and industrial products easily.

Choose the correct answer : :

1- Which of the following sentences could be a concluding sentence in an essay about school ?

- a- It is said that schools shape us to become more responsible adults.
- b- School is the place where we learn to read and write.
- c- School life is the period that makes up most of your childhood memories.
- d- We must remember that some of our happiest times have been spent in school.