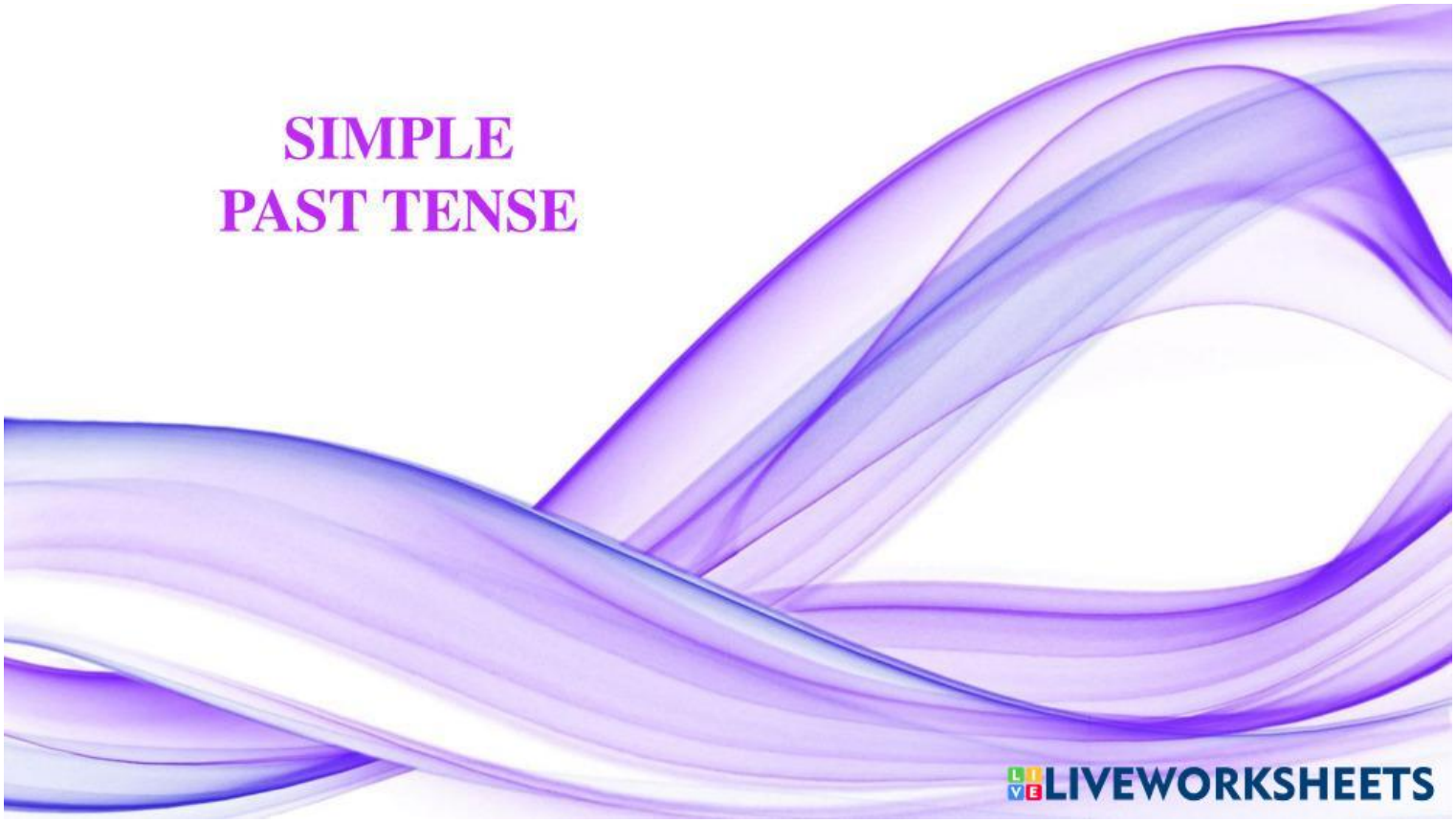
SIMPLE PAST TENSE



LIVEWORKSHEETS

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Aims:

01 To learn the pattern of simple past tense

02 To learn regular and irregular verb

03 To learn the time signal of past tense

04 To practice simple past tense

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Watch The Video

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Past Tense

Simple past tense adalah kalimat yang digunakan untuk menyatakan kejadian yang terjadi di masa lampau dan telah berakhir di masa lampau.

Bentuk Kalimat		Rumus	Contoh
Affirmative (+)	VERBAL	S + Verb 2 + Object	Romy went to Bali Yesterday.
	NOMINAL	S + to be (was, were) + Adjective/Noun	Romy was a student last year.
Negative (-)	VERBAL	S + Did not + V1	Romy did not go to Bali yesterday.
	NOMINAL	S + to be (was, were) + not + Adjective/Noun	Romy was not a doctor last year.
Interogative (?)	VERBAL	Did + S + V1	Did Romy go to Bali yesterday?
	NOMINAL	To be (was, were) + S + Adjective/Noun	Was Romy a doctor last year?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

TALKING ABOUT PAST

- We use **past simple tense** to talk about finishes actions in the past.

VERBAL SENTENCES

Romy Pergi ke Bali Kemarin

I
You
Subject
They
It
We
He
She

- **AFFIRMATIVE (+)**

Subject	Verb 2	Object / Adverb	
Romy	Went	To Bali	Yesterday.

- **NEGATIVE (-)**

Subject	Did not	Verb 1	Object / Adverb	
Romy	Did not	Go	To Bali	Yesterday.

- **INTEROGATIVE (?)**

Did	Subject	Verb 1	Object / Adverb ?	
Did	Romy	Go	To Bali	Yesterday?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

TALKING ABOUT PAST

- We use **past simple tense** to talk about finishes actions in the past.

NOMINAL SENTENCES

Romy adalah seorang siswa tahun lalu.

I was

You were

To be

They were

It was

He was

We were

She was

- **AFFIRMATIVE (+)**

Subject	To be (was were)	Object / Adverb	
Romy	was	a student	Last year.

- **NEGATIVE (-)**

Subject	To be (was were)	Not	Object / Adverb	
Romy	Was	Not	a student	Last year.

- **INTEROGATIVE (?)**

To be (was were)	Subject	Object / Adverb ?	
Was	Romy	a student	Last year?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Past Tense

Verb

Dalam kalimat simple past tense, kata kerja / verb yang digunakan merupakan bentuk kata kerja kedua. Terdapat 2 jenis kata kerja / Verb, yakni Regular Verb dan Irregular Verb. Untuk regular verb, tambahkan **-ed** / **-d** dibelakang setelah kata kerja bentuk pertama. Sebagai contoh

- Stay : stayed (Tinggal)
- Punch : Punched (Memukul)
- Play : Played (Bermain)
- Touch : Touched (Menyentuh)

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Past Tense

Verb

Untuk Irregular verb, termasuk didalamnya tobe, bentuk kata kerja keduanya sangat berbeda. Sebagai contoh :

Verb 1	Verb 2	Meaning
Awake	Awoke	(Terbangun)
Begin	Began	(Memulai)
Drink	Drank	(Minum)
Eat	Ate	(Makan)
Run	Ran	(Berlari)

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Past Tense

Verb

Namun, ada sebagian Irregular verb yang memiliki bentuk kata kerja yang sama dengan bentuk kata kerja dasar. Sebagai contoh :

Put	Put	(Meletakkan)
Split	Split	(Membagi)
Spread	Spread	(Menyebarkan)
Set	Set	(Mengatur)
Cut	Cut	(Memotong)

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Time expressions

Time expressions

- **Yesterday_____** : morning, noon, afternoon, evening, at 9 a.m.
  Example : *Gita made her file **yesterday morning.***
  *I visited my friend **yesterday at 5 p.m.***

- **Last_____** : Saturday, night, Week, January, month, year.
  Example : *I went shopping **last Saturday.***
  *Did you meet her in the city **last January?***

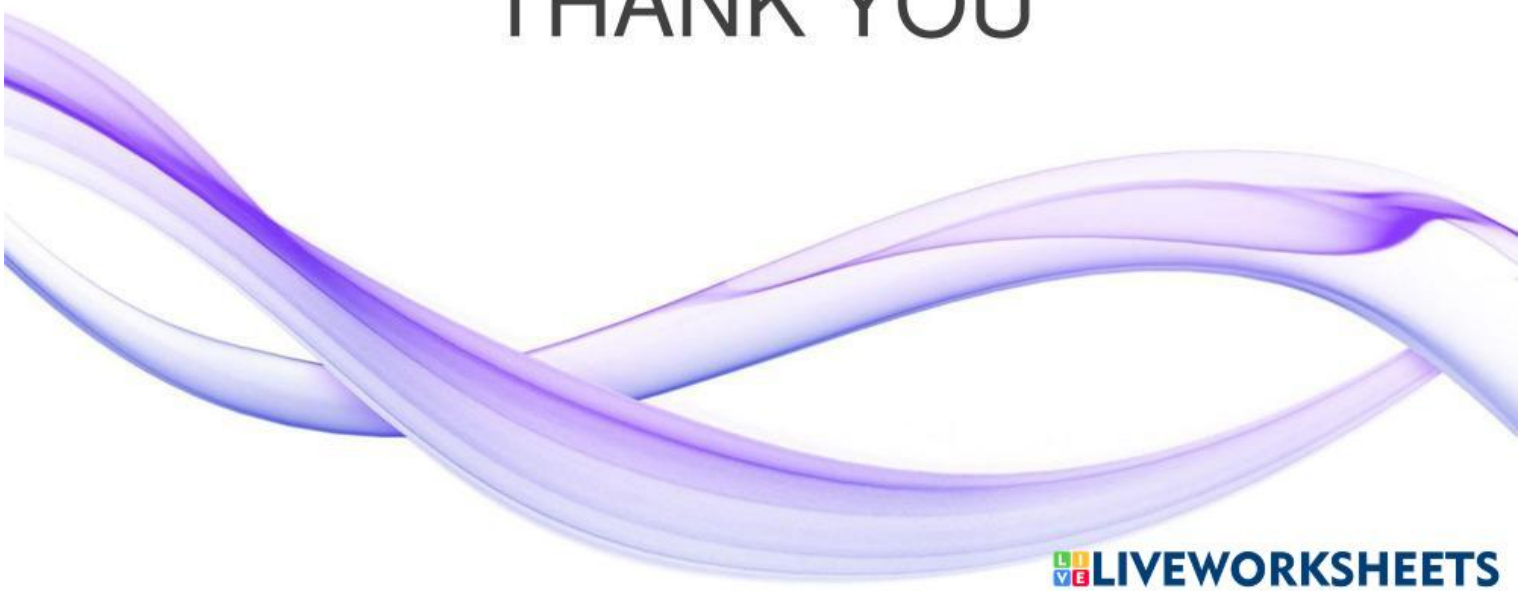
- **_____ ago (plural):** three weeks ago, ten hours ago, four days ago
  Example : *He came to his office **three weeks ago.***
  *I burnt my file into CD **two hours ago.***

- **a/an/one_____ ago(singular)** : a month, a year, an hour ago
  Example : *They travelled to California **a month ago.***
  *He burnt this file into CD **an hour ago.***

- **Past date/month/year/past event**
  Example : *I left school **in 2010.***

LIVEWORKSHEETS

THANK YOU



LIVEWORKSHEETS