

I. Choose the word which has a different sound in the underlined part by circling the letter A, B, C or D

1. A. exhibition B. revision C. anxious D. social
2. A. catch B. watch C. chin D. machine

II. Choose the best answer by circling the letter A, B, C or D (1,0 điểm)

1. He has written so many pieces of music. He is a well-known_____.
A. writer B. poet C. comedian D. musician
2. Mozart was one of the most famous_____ of classical music.
A. makers B. workers C. composers D. actors
3. To make cakes you need some_____, sugar and eggs as well.
A. flowers B. flour C. beer D. wine
4. Emperor Ly Nhan Tong is the person who constructed_____.
A. The Imperial Academy B. Great Wall C. One-pillar Pagoda D. Ha Long Bay

III. Supply the correct forms of words in brackets.

1. Last week, my mother (take)_____me to the zoo.
2. Jim often (spend)_____the whole day taking after his brother.

PART III. READING (2.0ms)

I. Read the passage about "Tra Co Beach" and then write T or F

Many students listen to music while they are studying, and say that it helps them learn. Many parents and teachers say that music is just distracting, and that students are better studying in silence. Who is right?

In a study, some scientists asked three groups of students to listen to a piece of music by Mozart or a relaxation tape for ten minutes, or just sit in silence for ten minutes. The students then did a 'spatial reasoning' test (a test about remembering shapes and imagining looking at objects from different directions), and the ones who had listened to the Mozart did better in the test.

Taking part in musical activities and learning to play an instrument can improve verbal memory (the ability to remember words). The longer the training lasts, the better the improvement in the memory'. So, there's no excuse to give up the piano lessons!

Statements	True or False
1. Many students think it's helpful to listen to music when studying.	
2. Teachers say music helps students to better concentrate.	
3. The students who had listened to Mozart did better in the spatial reasoning test.	
4. Listening to Mozart music will not make you smarter.	

PART IV. WRITING (2.0ms)

I. Choose the sentence that has a similar meaning to the original one ((),5 m)

1. Her phone is not the same as mine.

- A. Her phone is like mine. B. Her phone is different from mine.
C. Her phone is as similar as mine. D. Her phone is similar to mine.

2. I think rock music is more popular than jazz.

- A. I think jazz music is as popular as rock music. B. I think jazz music **IS** more popular as rock music.
C. I think jazz music isn't as popular as rock music. D. I think jazz music is as popular as rock music.

II. Rewrite each sentence so that the new sentence has a similar meaning to the original one, using the guiding word in brackets.

1. This tea doesn't taste the same as the one I usually drink. (from)

→ This tea _____.

2. His new guitar isn't different from his old one. (like)

His new guitar _____.

3. The Eiffel Tower is as high as an 81 -storey building. (same)

The Eiffel Tower _____.

4. My English is better than my French. (as)

My French _____.

III. Make questions for the underlined part (Đặt câu hỏi cho phần được gạch chân)

1. They drank a lot of wine at the party last night.

2. She needs twelve eggs to make two cakes.
