

## ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP HỌC KỲ 1 LỚP 8 NĂM HỌC 2024-2025

### A. LISTENING: Skills 2 ( Unit 3 → Unit 6) and Skills of Review 1+2

#### Ex1. Listen and circle the correct answer A, B, or C (UNIT 4)

1. Minority children usually learn to work at \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. twelve      B. ten      C. seven      D. six
2. Girls \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. raise livestock      B. weave clothing      C. do the gardening      D. catch fish
3. Boys \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. weave clothing      B. prepare food      C. raise livestock      D. do housework
4. Children learn traditions through \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. stories      B. music      C. work      D. dances
5. The number of minority children going to school is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. going up      B. going down      C. staying the same      D. reducing

#### Ex2. Listen to part of the programme "Charming Viet Nam" and decide if each statement is true (T) or false (F). (UNIT 5)

1. Ok Om Bok is the Moon Worshipping Festival.
2. Ok Om Bok occurs in mid-October, according to the lunar calendar.
3. On the night of the festival, the elders talk about their wishes.
4. There are lantern contests at the festival.
5. Tourists should wear informal clothes when attending the worshipping ceremony.

#### Ex3. Listen to the conversation and tick (✓) T (True) or F (False). (UNIT 6)

1. When Mai was studying online, the power went off.
2. Chris likes studying online as it's convenient.
3. Mai says it's easy to concentrate when learning online.
4. Chris disagrees that technology improves friendship.
5. Mai thinks technology is changing our way of learning and working.

### B. PHONETICS

#### Ex1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently. Circle the corresponding letter A, B, C or D.

1. A. <u>re</u> ceive	B. <u>stair</u> case	C. <u>commu</u> nal	D. <u>cultu</u> re
2. A. <u>school</u>	B. <u>chemi</u> stry	C. <u>chaoti</u> c	D. <u>childre</u> n
3. A. <u>smiled</u>	B. <u>work</u> ed	C. <u>picked</u>	D. <u>jumped</u>
4. A. <u>keep</u>	B. <u>know</u>	C. <u>kitch</u> en	D. <u>keen</u>
5. A. <u>tiger</u>	B. <u>guess</u>	C. <u>age</u>	D. <u>gather</u> ing
6. A. <u>singer</u>	B. <u>Engla</u> nd	C. <u>angle</u>	D. <u>longevi</u> ty
7. A. <u>festival</u>	B. <u>rej</u> ect	C. <u>respe</u> ct	D. <u>prepar</u> e
8. A. <u>argumen</u> ts	B. <u>book</u> s	C. <u>elephant</u> s	D. <u>televisio</u> n <u>s</u>
9. A. <u>language</u>	B. <u>open</u> ing	C. <u>convert</u>	D. <u>animal</u>
10. A. <u>offer</u> ing	B. <u>tradit</u> ion	C. <u>young</u>	D. <u>wrink</u> le
11. A. <u>drin</u> k	B. <u>thank</u>	C. <u>fun</u> ny	D. <u>uncle</u>
12. A. <u>too</u> l	B. <u>noon</u>	C. <u>door</u>	D. <u>school</u>
13. A. <u>chang</u> es	B. <u>comics</u>	C. <u>streets</u>	D. <u>stamps</u>
14. A. <u>choic</u> e	B. <u>go</u> ing	C. <u>join</u>	D. <u>noise</u>
15. A. <u>commu</u> nity	B. <u>compu</u> ter	C. <u>museu</u> m	D. <u>custom</u>

**Ex2. Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is different from the rest.**

**Circle the corresponding letter A, B, C or D.**

1. A. possessions	B. unhealthy	C. important	D. offering
2. A. lifestyle	B. unique	C. native	D. diet
3. A. family	B. festival	C. behaviour	D. practical
4. A. attend	B. bamboo	C. chairman	D. reunion
5. A. maintain	B. worship	C. custom	D. midnight
6. A. attend	B. ethnic	C. feature	D. terraced
7. A. maintain	B. costume	C. harvest	D. terraced
8. A. statue	B. appear	C. attract	D. produce
9. A. visitor	B. decorate	C. performance	D. different
10. A. highland	B. livestock	C. staircase	D. bamboo

**C. VOCABULARY & STRUCTURES**

**Ex1. Choose the correct option for each gap to complete the sentences.**

1. Khmer men teach their children how to \_\_\_\_\_ fish at an early age.  
A. do      B. catch      C. raise      D. eat

2. In his free time, my younger brother is \_\_\_\_\_ on taking photos and doing puzzles.  
A. keen      B. fond      C. crazy      D. interested

3. The mountain people in the Central Highlands use natural \_\_\_\_\_ to build a Rong house.  
A. trees      B. posts      C. leaves      D. materials

4. Minority women often go to the mountains to \_\_\_\_\_ plants for food and medicine.  
A. collect      B. see      C. look      D. raise

5. They spend a lot of time surfing the net; \_\_\_\_\_, they have little time to read books.  
A. however      B. therefore      C. although      D. otherwise

6. In many cultures, a \_\_\_\_\_ represents youth, beauty, and pleasure.  
A. blooming flower      B. communal house      C. bamboo pole      D. family reunion

7. \_\_\_\_\_ such as kumquat trees, peach blossoms, and apricot flowers are popular at Tet.  
A. Blooming flower      B. Vegetables      C. Ornamental trees      D. Decorative items

8. During Tet, the Kinh often prepare traditional \_\_\_\_\_ such as banh chung and boiled chicken to worship their ancestors.  
A. decorative items      B. food offerings      C. spirits      D. ornamental trees

9. Last year, thousands of festival \_\_\_\_\_ participated in the Lim Festival in Tien Du District.  
A. comers      B. goers      C. movers      D. worker

10. Learning \_\_\_\_\_ can help build physical strength and improve confidence.  
A. martial arts      B. physics      C. chemistry      D. custom

11. ....does Hoa Ban festival take place? - In Lai Chau  
A. What      B. When      C. How      D. Where

12. The whole family \_\_\_\_\_ with tradition by spending the New Year's Day abroad.  
A. broke      B. went      C. followed      D. kept

13. .... you fancy going around the West Lake with me this Sunday morning?  
A. Are      B. Do      C. Can      D. Must

14. While I was watching ..... performance, I met ..... old friend.  
A. a/a      B. a/an      C. the/a      D. the/an

15. You should find ..... information about .... custom or tradition.  
A. x/a      B. the/a      C. x/a      D. the/the

16. I don't like ..... up early in the winter days. I love ..... in bed late.  
A. getting/ stay      B. get/ stay      C. getting/ staying      D. get/ staying

17. The Viet people have many ..... crafts.  
A. traditional      B. tradition      C. culture      D. customary

18. If it ..... tomorrow, we ..... go fishing.  
A. rain/won't go      B. rains/won't go      C. rains/will go      D. rain/ will go

19. The elders often pass on their \_\_\_\_\_ to the young through stories and activities.

A. traditions      B. rules      C. legends      D. music  
20. Many minority groups \_\_\_\_\_ cows and buffaloes for a living.  
A. feed      B. herd      C. raise      D. milk

**Ex2. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.**

1. *Peter asks his friend, Tom to help him with his maths homework.*

Peter: Can you help me with my maths homework?

Tom: \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Yes, certainly      B. No, sure      C. That sounds great.      D. I think it's very interesting

2. *Joe and Linda are planning a night out.*

- Joe: 'Let's go out for dinner tonight'

- Linda: '\_\_\_\_\_.'

A. That's a good idea      B. Good luck!      C. Don't worry      D. You're welcome

**Ex3. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.**

1. Mr. Brown's new garage was not wide enough for the camper van to fit in.

A. old enough      B. so big      C. very long      D. too narrow

2. If the headmaster were here, he would sign your papers immediately.

A. right now      B. currently      C. formerly      D. at last

3. We joined the project Plant a Tree in 2019 to make our area green.

A. took part in      B. took care of      C. cooked for      D. picked up

**Ex4. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

1. Many people use public transport to minimize air pollution.

A. reduce      B. increase      C. save      D. cause

2. Last Sunday we went on a picnic and enjoyed the great feeling we had never had before.

A. general.      B. terrible      C. afraid      D. wonderful

3. The doctor advised Peter to give up smoking.

A. stop      B. continue      C. finish      D. consider

**Ex5. Fill in the blank with the appropriate form of the word in brackets:**

1. It is very.....for people in remote areas to get to hospitals. (CONVENIENCE)

2. My sister doesn't like surfing the Internet, she says it is..... (BORE)

3. There's a .....that people make "chung cake" at Tet. (TRADITIONAL)

4. The Vietnamese people often prepare .....to worship their ancestors during Tet holiday. (OFFER)

5. Minority groups have their own ..... instruments. (MUSIC)

6. I won't choose online.....in the next semester. (LEARN)

7. Most of the Central Highlands is ..... (MOUNTAIN)

8. Thai cloth is famous for being unique, ..... and strong. (COLOUR)

9. I am ..... in her hometown with a lot of paddy fields. (INTEREST)

10. Viet Nam is a..... country with different peoples, religions and traditions. (CULTURAL)

## D. READING

**Ex1: Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to questions**

Tet holiday is celebrated ..... (1) the first day of the Lunar New Year in Viet Nam. Some weeks before the New Year, the Vietnamese clean their houses and paint the walls. New clothes are bought for the occasion. One or two days before the festival, people make Banh Chung, .....(2) is the traditional cake, and kinds of jam. On the New Year's Eve, the whole family get together for the ..... (3) dinner. Every member of the family should be present during the dinner in which many different kinds of dishes are served. On New Year morning, the young members of the family pay their respects to .....(4) elders. And the children receive lucky money wrapped in red tiny envelopes. Then people go .....(5) the neighbors, friends and relatives.

1. A. by      B. in      C. on

D. at

2. A. which	B. what	C. why	D. why
3. A. reunited	B. union	C. reunite	D. reunion
4. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. x
5. A. visit	B. visiting	C. to visit	D. visited

**Ex2. Read the passage and answer these questions below.**

**Bac Ha Sunday Fair**

Bac Ha Sunday Fair in Lao Cai is the largest and most colourful highland market in Viet Nam. Every Sunday, the market is crowded with minority people from villages far and near. The Flower Hmong, Tay, Nung, Dao, and other ethnic groups come wearing their colourful traditional costumes. They come on foot or on horseback, bringing with them anything they can exchange. These goods may be vegetables and fruits they grow in their gardens or medicinal plants they gather from the forests and mountains. They also sell other items like the clothing they weave or silver jewellery they make. The market has a large place to sell poultry and animals like chickens, ducks, dogs, buffaloes, and horses.

Bac Ha Sunday Fair is also a place for people to meet and chat. After they finish their market activities, they gather around a big hot pan of thang co, a famous traditional Hmong food from horse meat. Young people come there with the hope of finding a lover.

**\*Answer the questions:**

1. How often does the market open?
2. What clothes do minority people wear to Bac Ha Sunday Fair?
3. Can you buy a dog from Bac Ha Sunday Fair?
4. When do the market goers sit down for thang co?
5. What do young people come there for?

**E. WRITING**

**Ex1. Identify a mistake in each sentence and correct it.**

1. In Australia, you mustn't to comment on a person's accent.  
A                    B                    C                    D
2. They go to the school five days a week.  
A    B    C                    D
3. When I came, a whole family was having dinner around a big dining table.  
A                    B                    C                    D
4. Do you help your Dad load rice onto the truck yesterday?  
A                    B                    C                    D
5. You will understand the lesson unless you pay attention to it  
A                    B                    C                    D
6. How many cheese do you need to make three pizzas?  
A                    B                    C                    D

**Ex2. Rewrite the sentences, using the words given in brackets.**

1. We travel to Hue on the train. (By)

→ .....

2. Lang Lieu couldn't buy any special food. He was very poor. (for)

→ .....

3. We walked to the village temple. (on foot)

→ .....

4. Terraced fields attract a lot of visitors. (interested)

→ .....

5. The Hung King Temple Festival was a local festival. It has become a public holiday in Viet Nam since 2007. (however)

→ .....

6. We will have pizza for lunch. We will be hungry.

→ If.....

7. I won't know her phone number. I won't call her.

→ Unless.....

8. We don't celebrate the festival. It costs too much money.

→ If .....

9. The Vietnamese people have the custom of worshipping ancestors.

→ There is .....

10. Vinh really loves to hang out with friends.

→ Vinh really enjoys .....

**Ex3. Complete the following sentences using the given words**

1. Where/ Khmer / mainly/ live?

.....  
2. We /not fond/ carve eggshells/ for/ we/ not / patient enough.

.....  
3. you/ take part/ Mid-Autumn festival/ last year?

.....  
4. I/ call /you/ when/ I/ arrive / the airport.

.....  
5. you/ have to/ follow/ tradition/ worship ancestors /strictly?