

## Superlative adjectives, *too* and *enough*

I can use different structures to make comparisons.

1 Complete the facts with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets and the correct answer, a, b or c.

- 1 The \_\_\_\_\_ (high) mountain in Europe is .  
a Elbrus      b Everest      c Kilimanjaro
- 2 The \_\_\_\_\_ (far) planet from the Sun is .  
a Earth      b Mercury      c Neptune
- 3 The \_\_\_\_\_ (deep) ocean is .  
a the Arctic      b the Atlantic      c the Pacific
- 4 The \_\_\_\_\_ (sunny) part of England is .  
a the north      b the south      c the centre
- 5 The \_\_\_\_\_ (polluted) city in the world is .  
a New York      b New Orleans      c New Delhi
- 6 The \_\_\_\_\_ (common) cause of a tsunami is .  
a an earthquake      b a volcanic eruption      c a storm
- 7 The country with the \_\_\_\_\_ (long) coast is .  
a Russia      b China      c Canada
- 8 The \_\_\_\_\_ (large) island in the world is .  
a Great Britain      b Greenland      c Iceland
- 9 The \_\_\_\_\_ (dry) continent in the world is .  
a Antarctica      b Australia      c Africa

2 Complete the sentences with the correct superlative form of the adjectives in brackets. Then circle *in* or *of*.

- 1 Birmingham is one of the \_\_\_\_\_ (large) cities *in* / *of* England.
- 2 Crocodiles are one of the \_\_\_\_\_ (dangerous) animals *in* / *of* the world.
- 3 The special effects are the \_\_\_\_\_ (bad) part *in* / *of* the film *Terminator 2*.
- 4 In Australia, the \_\_\_\_\_ (hot) month *in* / *of* the year is usually February.
- 5 The Dorchester is one of the \_\_\_\_\_ (expensive) hotels *in* / *of* London.

3 Rewrite the sentences using *too* or *enough* and the adjective in brackets. Do not change the meaning.

- 1 This game isn't easy enough for me. (difficult)  
This game is *too* difficult for me.
- 2 We're too young to go on holiday alone. (old)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 This bed is too hard. (soft)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 This film isn't interesting enough. (boring)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 It isn't warm enough to go to the beach. (cold)  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6 His family were too poor to go on holiday. (rich)  
\_\_\_\_\_



4 Complete the dialogue. Use *too* or *enough* with the adjective in brackets or the superlative form.

Kate Now we join Brett Simpson for the <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (late) news about the wildfires. Brett, what's happening?

Brett Well, the police aren't allowing us to get <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (close) to the fires, but I can feel the heat from here.

Kate How are the people in the area reacting? It isn't one of the <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (rich) parts of the country, is it?

Brett No, it isn't. Some people are <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (lucky) to have relatives in other cities, so they're leaving. But many are <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (old) or <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (ill) to travel. They're waiting and hoping.

Kate What's the <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (good) thing other people can do to help?

Brett Well, I asked the police that question. They said the <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (helpful) thing is to stay away from the area. Thousands of people are coming here just to have a look. This is one of the <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (big) and <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (spectacular) fires for decades. But these people are getting in the way of the emergency services and their work. And their job is <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (difficult) without that!

Kate What is the <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (likely) cause of the fire?

Brett It's <sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (early) to say. Sometimes lightning can start a fire like this, if the trees are <sup>14</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (dry). But of course, humans are the <sup>15</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (probable) cause.