

Прилагательные с окончанием -ed/-ing

Разницу между употреблением прилагательных с окончанием *-ed* и *-ing* можно выразить следующей схемой:

Somebody is -ed because somebody/something is -ing.

Прилагательное на <i>-ed</i> выражает эмоциональное воздействие на кого-то (чувства, состояние)	Прилагательное на <i>-ing</i> выражает характеристику предмета или человека (качество, свойство)
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Jane is <i>bored</i> with her job. I was <i>disappointed</i> with the film. We were <i>excited</i> by the result of the game.	Jane's job is very <i>boring</i> . I found the film very <i>disappointing</i> . The game was very <i>exciting</i> .
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6. Выберите правильную форму прилагательного.

1. I didn't think you were (interesting/interested) in ancient history.
2. You look (worrying/worried). What has happened?
3. If you feel (boring/bored), why don't we go to the cinema?
4. Was your father (annoying/annoyed) when he learnt about your failure?
5. I find going round art galleries and museums very (tiring/tired).
6. Children can't fall asleep on Christmas Eve, they are too (exciting/excited).
7. The TV show was so (boring/bored) that I fell asleep.
8. Of course it was a (surprising/surprised) decision, but that was the only way out.
9. Exams are the most (frightening/frightened) thing for me.
10. This new tall building is really (fascinating/fascinated).
11. Have you seen Jane recently? She feels a bit (depressing/depressed).

12. I have never found myself in such an (embarrassing/embarrassed) situation.
13. Let's invite Bob. He is very (amusing/amused).
14. She is not (satisfying/satisfied) with her job.
15. It was a very (tiring/tired) journey.