Word Formation 1

assume	assumption, assuming, unassuming, assumed
believe	disbelieve, belief, disbelief, (un)believer, (un)believable, disbelieving, unbelievably
brilliant	brilliance, brilliantly
conceive	conceptualise, concept, conception, conceptual, (in)conceivable, (in)conceivably
confuse	confusion, confused, contusing(ly) conviction, (un)convinced,
convince	(un)convincing(ly)
decide	decision, decider, decisiveness, deciding, (in)decisive(ly)
define	definition, defined, definitive(ly), (in)definite(ly) doubter, doubtful(ly), undoubted(ly),
doubt	doubtless
explain	explanation, explanatory, unexplained, (in)explicable, inexplicably
imagine	imagination, imaginings, imaginary, (un)ima inative(ly)
judge	judg(e)ment, judiciary, judiciousness, judicious, judicial, judg(e)mental, judiciously
logic	(il)logical(ly)
opinion	opinionated
rational	rationalise, rationalisation, rationalist, rationalism (ir)rationality, (ir)lrational(ly)
reason	reasoning, reasonableness, (un)reasonable, reasoned, (un)reasonably
sane	(in)sanity, insane(ly)
sense	(de)sensitise, nonsense, sensitivity, sensibility, senseless(nessl, sensible, nonsensical, sensibly, sensitive(ly)
think	thought, thinker, thinking, thoughtfulness, thoughtlessness, (un)thinkable, thoughtful(ly), thoughtless(lyl
wise	wisdom, (un)wise(ly)

Fill in the gap with the correct form of the word in brackets.

1. Her argument was entirely _____ and failed to address the actual problem. (logic)

2. The manager's _____ during the discussion helped to resolve the dispute peacefully. (reason)

3. The inspector rejected the plan, calling it _____ due to its impractical timeline. (reason)

4. His lack of _____ made it difficult for him to understand why the issue upset her. (sensitive)

5. The proposal was rejected outright because it was deemed _____ and impractical. (nonsense)

6. His _____ in responding to customer complaints earned him recognition at work. (thoughtful)

7. The lawyer's sound _____ played a crucial role in winning the case. (judge)

8. He worked _____ hard to complete the report, neglecting sleep entirely. (insane)

9. The scientist was a strong believer in _____, emphasizing reason over emotion. (rational)

10. She made a _____ decision to invest her money wisely instead of taking unnecessary risks. (judicious)

11. His behavior was so reckless and _____ that even his friends were shocked. (thought)

12. The _____ of his actions became apparent when he explained the reasoning behind them. (insane)

13. In light of recent tragedies, the government launched a campaign to _____ the public to violence in media. (sensitive)

14. The team presented a well-_____ proposal, taking into account every possible challenge. (reason)

15. Just a few years ago, self-driving cars were considered _____, but now they are becoming a reality. (think)

16. It's _____ to believe that someone could solve this complex problem without any help. (think)

17. His argument was not only flawed but entirely _____, ignoring all logical evidence. (irrational)

18. The committee launched a _____ review of the new regulations to ensure fairness. (judicial)

19. The blog post was written in an overly _____ manner, leaving little room for opposing views. (opinion)

20. The novel was so confusing that many critics described it as utterly _____. (nonsense)

21. Great leaders are often deep _____ who carefully analyze every decision. (think)

22. His _____ to other people's feelings made him a beloved member of the community. (sensitive)

23. It's _____ how quickly she completed such a difficult task under pressure. (believe)

24. The _____ of her proposal impressed everyone in the room. (reason)

The Judgement of Travel Decisions

When it comes to planning a trip, making the right _____ (decide) can be a challenge. Whether you're choosing between exotic destinations or deciding on a budget, it's essential to be both _____ (sensible) and _____ (reason) in your approach. For many travelers, the process involves weighing the options carefully and avoiding any _____ (thoughtless) decisions.

One major factor to consider is the _____ (assume) that all trips will go smoothly. While optimism is helpful, it is _____ (wisdom) to prepare for unexpected issues. Travel insurance, for instance, may seem like an _____ (reason) expense until you find yourself in an unforeseen situation.

For some, the sheer number of choices can lead to confusion and _____ (sane) levels of stress. This is where the ability to remain calm and focus on _____ (reason) rather than emotion becomes invaluable. Experienced travelers often emphasize the importance of a _____ (thoughtful) plan that incorporates both flexibility and structure.

Another key skill is _____ (concept) your travel goals. Are you looking for relaxation, adventure, or cultural enrichment? Defining your intentions clearly can help avoid _____ (confuse) itineraries that leave you feeling overwhelmed.

Unfortunately, not all advice from others will be helpful. People with overly _____ (opinion) attitudes may insist on what they believe to be the "best" way to travel. It's important to avoid making _____ (judgement) calls based on someone else's preferences.

Finally, a great trip often depends on the traveler's _____ (imagine) and ability to adapt. While some experiences may seem _____ (conceive) at first, embracing the unexpected can lead to truly _____ (believe) adventures.

Traveling is not just about reaching a destination—it's about the _____ (convince) that exploring the world is worth the effort, even if the journey itself is occasionally challenging. With careful planning, a little _____ (thoughtful), and a sense of adventure, the rewards of travel are _____ (doubt) worth it.

Education: A Path to Knowledge

Education has long been regarded as one of the most _____ (define) factors in shaping an individual's future. A solid foundation of learning enables people to make _____ (judge) decisions, develop critical _____ (think), and contribute meaningfully to society.

In modern classrooms, teachers aim to encourage _____ (reason) among students rather than simply asking them to memorize facts. This approach emphasizes the importance of developing a _____ (concept) understanding of the material. However, the process is not without challenges. Some students may find certain concepts _____ (explain), leading to frustration and a lack of motivation.

A major debate in education revolves around the _____ (assume) that traditional teaching methods are the best. While such methods have been effective for decades, many educators are now exploring more _____ (imagine) ways to engage students. Technology, for instance, has introduced innovative tools that make learning more interactive and _____ (believe) engaging.

Another key aspect of education is the development of _____ (sensitive) to different perspectives. A good education instills not only knowledge but also emotional _____ (sensible), helping students navigate diverse social situations with understanding. Teachers who lack this _____ (judge) quality may struggle to create a welcoming environment for all learners.

Of course, education is not without its _____ (reason) critics. Some argue that certain subjects are _____ (relevant) in the modern world, while others emphasize the need for a curriculum that fosters _____ (wise) decision-making and lifelong learning. It is _____ (conceive) that education should remain static when society is evolving so rapidly.

Ultimately, education is about more than acquiring facts—it is about fostering _____ (convince) in one's ability to learn, adapt, and succeed. With the right mindset, the rewards of education are _____ (doubt) worth the effort.