

Final Test – Semester I – MOCK TEST 1

LISTENING

Listen to two volunteers, Karen and Martin. Listen and choose the correct answer.

1. What kind of voluntary work does Karen do?
A. caring for the elderly B. caring for babies C. caring for homeless people
2. What kind of voluntary work does Martin do?
A. caring for babies B. caring for the elderly C. working on a farm
3. When does Karen work?
A. weekends B. weekdays C. when she has free time
4. When does Martin work?
A. two times a week B. three times a week C. when he has free time
5. Why does Karen do volunteering?
A. She's passionate about the environment B. She wants to study farming and agriculture
C. She wants to impress people

PHONETICS

Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

6. A. value B. father C. practice D. laptop
7. A. interviewed B. washed C. helped D. grouped

Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

8. A. access B. donate C. device D. install
9. A. confidence B. donation C. computer D. invention

USE OF ENGLISH

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

10. Last summer, while I _____ the shopping mall, I _____ an advertisement for volunteers.
A. am going to /see B. went/saw C. was going to/saw D. go to/see
11. I find participating in _____ activities very interesting.
A. volunteer B. volunteering C. voluntarily D. volunteerism
12. They sell _____ items which they do by themselves to raise money for the local orphanage and homeless old people.
A. man-made B. handmade C. machine-made D. manufactured
13. Each month, we _____ the donations to the community centre.
A. take B. have C. raise D. create
14. Volunteers help _____ free meal to the poor.
A. deliver B. delivering C. delivers D. delivered
15. You can participate in a local _____ group to clean up the street or volunteer at nursing home.
A. environment B. environmentally C. environmental D. environmentalist
16. Save the Children _____ in the United Kingdom since 1919.
A. has set up B. was set up C. has been set up D. set up
17. The organisation makes sure that poor children have access _____ education.
A. in B. on C. for D. to
18. They are _____ projects which create more chances for children in remote areas to go to school.
A. take up B. working on C. set on D. hold on
19. _____ is an organization that tries to achieve social or political aims but is not controlled by a government.
A. government organization B. non-government organization
C. non-governmental organization D. governmental organization
20. I'm writing to apply _____ a volunteer position at the local centre of community development.
A. to B. for C. in D. on

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following sentences.

21. The school is difficult to get to because it is located in a remote area.
A. mountainous B. isolated C. rural D. approachable
22. The school has organised various volunteering activities to encourage students to take part in.
A. resembling B. same C. numerous D. connected

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following sentences.

23. The project will benefit the local community as a whole.
A. contribute to B. promote C. hinder D. assist
24. Thank you for your donation. It was very generous of you.
A. mean B. selfish C. unkind D. open-handed

Make the correct form.

25. I hope Toby is enjoying the summer. He (go) _____ for six weeks
 26. When we (walk) _____ by the river, we (hear) _____ a shout.
 27. She knows Marid very well. She (be) _____ there lots of times since she moved to Spain

Choose the correct word or phrase.

28. The football match wasn't very good at the beginning, but it got more **exciting/excited** towards the end.
 29. Why do you always look so **boring/bored**? Is your life really so **boring/bored**?
 30. I felt **helpful/helpless** in the face of all these rules and regulations.

READING COMPREHENSION**Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

Mr. Brown and some (31) _____ are on a very dirty beach now. Today they are ready to (32) _____ the beach a clean and beautiful place again. After listening to Mr. Brown's instructions, they are divided into three groups. Group 1 needs to walk along the beach. Group 2 should check the sand, (33) _____ group 3 has to check among the rocks. Garbage must be put into plastic bags, and the bags will be collected by Mr. Brown. He will take the bags to the to garbage (34) _____. They all are (35) _____ to work hard to refresh this area.

31. A. voluntary	B. volunteers	C. volunteering	D. volunteer
32. A. make	B. get	C. do	D. change
33. A. so	B. but	C. although	D. and
34. A. dump	B. yard	C. area	D. place
35. A. exciting	B. interesting	C. eager	D. bored

Read the text and choose the best answer.

Each nation has many people who voluntarily take care of others. For example, many high school and college students in the United States often spend many hours as volunteers in hospitals, orphanages or homes for the aged. They read books to the people in these places. Sometimes the students just visit them, play games with them or listen to their problems. Other young volunteers work in the homes of sick or old people. They clean up their houses, do their shopping or mow their lawns. For boys who no longer have fathers, there is a voluntary organization called Big Brothers. College students take these boys to baseball games and help them to get to know things that boys usually learn from their fathers.

Some high school students take part in helping disadvantaged or handicapped children. They give care and comfort to them and help them to overcome their difficulties. Young college and university students participate in helping the people who have suffered badly in wars or natural disasters. During summer vacations, they volunteer to work in remote or mountainous areas to provide education for children.

Each city has a number of clubs where boys and girls can go to play games. Some of these clubs organise short trips to the mountains, beaches or other places of interest. Most of these clubs use a lot of high schools and college students as volunteers because they are young enough to understand the problems of younger boys and girls.

Volunteers believe that some of the happiest people in the world are those who help to bring happiness to others.

36. Volunteers usually help those who are sick or old in their homes by _____.

A. mowing the lawns, doing shopping and cleaning up their houses	B. cooking, sewing or washing their clothes
C. telling them stories, and singing and dancing for them	D. taking them to baseball games.

37. Big Brothers is _____.

A. the name of a club	B. a home for children
C. the name of a film	D. an organization for boys who no longer have fathers

38. Most of the boys' and girls' club use many high school and college students as volunteers because they _____.

A. have a lot of free time	B. can understand the problems of younger boys and girls.
C. know how to do the work	D. are good at playing game

39. Volunteers believe that _____.

A. in order to make others happy, they have to be unhappy
B. the happiest people are those who make themselves happy
C. the happiest people are those who are young and healthy
D. bringing happiness to others makes them the happiest people

40. The best title for the passage is _____.

A. Taking Care of Others	B. Voluntary Work in the United States.
C. Volunteers: The Happiest People in the World	D. Helping Old and Sick People in the United States

WRITING**Rewrite the following sentences, using the suggestions.**

41. I was walking home when it started to rain. → While I _____
 42. The last time I cooked was 3 years ago. → I _____
 43. When did you buy that bag? → How _____
 44. She began living in Da Nang when she was a child. → She _____
 45. She was telling me about her party when she started to laugh loudly.
 → She started _____