

"Count That Day Lost" (by George Eliot)



According to the poem,

- 1. the first stanza describes:**
 - a. what happens at the set of sun
 - b. all the things you can do in life
 - c. things you should do to count your day well spent
- 2. the second stanza talks about :**
 - a. bad things people do to each other
 - b. a lost day when you didn't do anything good
 - c. what you lost by not doing anything good
- 3. why should we count the acts that we have done in a day?**
 - a. to tell others about it;
 - b. to write a poem about it;
 - c. to see if our day was well spent or wasted.
- 4. how often does the speaker believe you should think about making someone else feel good?**
 - a. sometimes
 - b. every day
 - c. every other day
- 5. what makes a day "well-spent" ?**
 - a. A day when you go shopping
 - b. A day in which you did something good
 - c. A day of a big party
- 6. what makes a day "worse than lost"?**
 - a. A day when you didn't do anything good for somebody else.
 - b. A very sad day when you cried
 - c. A day when you failed your test

- 7. what does the poet mean when she says "bringing sunshine to a face"?**
- a. sitting outside with your face turned to the sun
 - b. making someone feel happy.
 - c. watching the sunshine reflect on somebody's face
- 8. what is the message of the poem?**
- a. By our actions we make our day either a day "well-spent" or "worse than lost".
 - b. Learn math so you can count the days
 - c. Well-spent day is the same as the day worse than lost.
- 9. why does the speaker emphasize doing a kind deed in the poem?**
- a. To make yourself famous
 - b. To bring happiness to others and yourself
 - c. To complete a daily task
- 10. what does the phrase "one self-denying deed" mean?**
- a. Doing something for your own benefit
 - b. Making a sacrifice to help someone else
 - c. Denying someone help when they ask
- 11. what should you reflect on at the end of the day?**
- a. what have you learned in school today
 - b. the good deeds you did for others
 - c. what was the best meal of the day
- 12. how does the speaker suggest we measure the value of a day?**
- a. By how much money we earned
 - b. By the number of compliments we received
 - c. By the kindness we showed to others
- 13. what does the poet mean by the phrase "eased the heart of one"?**
- a. helping someone feel better emotionally
 - b. performing surgery on someone's heart
 - c. taking care of your one and only heart
- 14. what is the poet's attitude towards a selfishness (אנוכיות)?**
- a. It's necessary for survival
 - b. It makes a day "worse than lost"
 - c. It is a sign of strength

15. what kind of acts / deeds does the speaker encourage us to make?

- a. Selfish and ambitious actions
- b. Kind and self-denying actions
- c. Adventurous and daring actions

16. what does the speaker say happens if you fail to brighten someone's life?

- a. You lose money
- b. You miss out on a chance to make your day well spent
- c. You waste the entire week

17. what kind of life does the poem encourage us to live?

- a. A life of reflection and kindness
- b. A life of fame and wealth
- c. A life full of risks and challenges

18. what three things can someone do for a well-spent day?

- a. Eat, play, have a lot of fun
- b. look with a smile, say a kind word and do something nice
- c. hear a lot of compliments, get gifts and do something crazy

19. "No act most small that helped some soul and nothing cost " means:

- a. you didn't have to pay for someone for their help
- b. you did something and it was not so hard to do
- c. nothing costs as much as helping other actors

20. Your experience of a day "well spent" can be:

- a. winning in a game and getting a prize
- b. Telling someone that you have got a better phone than theirs
- c. Saying to someone that he is a really special and beautiful person
- d. wearing your new brand-name clothes to school today

WELL DONE!!! 😊