

Раздел 1 (Задания по аудированию) ФИПИ стр.3 27A6A7

- 1) Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1-5 **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее место действия**

1. On board a plane
2. In a street
3. At a railway station
4. On a bus
5. In a taxi

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Место действия				

- 2) Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствия между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию, подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1-6 **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker talks about his/her work for an eco-organization
2. The speaker talks about an environmental project in his/her school.
3. The speaker believes ecological education is necessary at school.
4. The speaker suggests measures to solve the littering problem.
5. The speaker believes that the punishment is unfair.
6. The speaker talks about an unpleasant situation in his/her hometown.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух друзей. В заданиях 3-8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3. Nick is in a medical clinic because he has a problem with. _____

- 1) his teeth
- 2) his stomach
- 3) his eyes

4. Nick's favourite food is _____

- 1) cake
- 2) salads

3) potatoes

5. Nick has _____
- 1) a brother
 - 2) a sister
 - 3) a brother and a sister
6. The most difficult school subject for Nick is _____
- 1) Chemistry
 - 2) Mathematics
 - 3) Languages
7. In the future Nick wants to be _____
- 1) a teacher
 - 2) a programmer
 - 3) a doctor
8. As for sports, Nick prefers _____
- 1) karate
 - 2) athletics
 - 3) football

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению)

9) Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов **A-F** содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы **1-7**. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Запишите Ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. Why do street artists create their works?
 2. Why are serious companies getting interested in street art?
 3. Where are the international street art exhibitions held?
 4. What does the term *street art* include?
 5. Which of the famous street artists managed to keep his/her real name a secret?
 6. What is the most innovative technique in street art?
 7. Why don't street artists sign their works with their real names?
- A.** *Street art* can be described as art that is developed in public spaces and, above all, in the street. Typically, *street art* is used to separate public-space artwork from illegal graffiti and vandalism. It can mean a lot of different things including graffiti, poster art, wall paintings and just about any artwork that is displayed in public places.
- B.** The start of street art is closely connected to graffiti, which appeared in New York in the 1970s. For the following ten years, street art grew more and more popular and was soon joined by new forms including street installations, street sculptures and 3D pavement illusions. Kurt Wenner was the person who developed 3D pavement illusion as an absolutely new form of street art and inspired a future generation of street artists.

- C. Street artists are often associated with opposition. Their artwork is considered a crime and vandalism and the artists may be arrested for damaging property, so the artists prefer to use nicknames and create their drawings mostly at night. They are not looking for fame, especially in countries where graffiti is still illegal.
- D. Banksy is probably the most well-known English street artist who has already become a legendary figure. His works are exhibited in galleries across the world. An American magazine even named him among the top most influential people in the world. However, it's still true that no one knows who the person really is. He is the only one whose photo has never been made or published.
- E. The motivations and ideas that inspire street artists are as different as the artists themselves. Some street artists, by creating certain works, want to draw attention to social and political problems. For other artists, street art is just a form of self-expression. And there are those who enjoy the danger and risks which are connected with working illegally in some city areas.
- F. Traditional graffiti has recently been used as a successful method for advertising. Lots of companies agree that traditional advertising on city streets is too boring and common, so many people simply ignore it. However, graffiti adverts catch your attention, creating a memorable image. Big companies find this quite useful and try to include more elements of graffiti in their advertising campaigns.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений 10–16 соответствуют содержанию текста (1 – True), какие не соответствуют (2 – False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 – Not stated). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного Вами ответа.

Jamie Oliver

Jamie Oliver is a genius in the world of food and one of Britain's most famous cooks. He has encouraged people to spend more time in the kitchen and enjoy it. His programmes are shown in over 100 countries including the USA, Australia, South Africa, Brazil, Japan and Iceland. They were translated into over 30 languages, Jamie Oliver's cookery books are bestsellers not only in the UK but across the world.

Jamie Oliver was born in 1975 in England. From an early age he got interested in food. His parents had a pub where he often helped them in the kitchen. He actually began working there at the age of eight. Jamie cut vegetables like any other ordinary worker in the pub.

Jamie Oliver left school at 16 without any official certificate. He went to Westminster College to study economics and after that travelled to France. Jamie knew that in France cooking was a kind of art. And he wanted to master that art. It was no doubt the best place to study if he wished to become a professional chef.

After returning from France, Jamie worked in a number of British restaurants. At that time there was a programme on the telly about the café where Jamie worked. TV producers were impressed by the young chef. The next day Jamie received calls from five different TV companies wishing to work with him. He soon became the best-liked celebrity chef on television and his programme was a real revolution in cooking shows. Thanks to an informal and friendly manner Jamie Oliver won crowds of fans around the world.

However, Jamie devotes his time not only to cooking. He's a family man, with a wife and four children.

He also works on a number of projects. For example, Jamie Oliver created the 'Fifteen Foundation'. Each year, fifteen young people are trained and taught to work in the restaurant business. Some of them are from unhappy families and are unemployed. Some of them were in prison or took drugs. In this way Jamie Oliver tries to help them start a new life.

Another project by Jamie Oliver is connected with school dinners and lunches. He wants school children to eat healthy food instead of junk food. The British government supported the project. It spent extra 280 million pounds to improve school meals. Part of the money was spent on training cooks and buying modern cooking equipment for schools.

It's really hard to name all the TV programmes, shows, projects that Jamie Oliver had and is still having. He's so creative and imaginative, that there's no end to new ideas and projects. Except television, Jamie Oliver is a writer. His every book immediately becomes a bestseller. It's interesting that he became the best-selling author in the country after J.K. Rowling, the 'Harry Potter' writer.

10. Jamie's parents wanted their son to be a professional cook. _____

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

11. Jamie Oliver went to France to continue studying economics. _____

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

12. Jamie Oliver has become a well-known personality due to his TV show. _____

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

13. Jamie's wife was against his project 'Fifteen Foundation'. _____

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

14. Jamie's project the 'Fifteen Foundation' gives people a chance to improve their lives. _____

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

15. The British government ignored Jamie's school meals project. _____

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

16. Jamie Oliver is a successful writer. _____

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 17–25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 17–25.

Bella was a good student. She _____ learning but she always started to feel very nervous when she had to write tests.	17 ENJOY
That Monday _____ a lucky day for her and she realised it as soon as she came into the classroom.	18 NOT/BE
“Oh, no! I _____ all my pens at home.” She turned to Jenny: “Have you got a spare pen?”	19 LEAVE
“Let _____ see,” Jenny opened her bag and pulled out a pen. “I’ve got this one. But it’s green.”	20 I
“Give it to me anyway,” Bella said. “If I don’t find a proper pen, I _____ in green ink. I hope it won’t affect my grades.”	21 WRITE
When the teacher handed out the tests, Bella felt even _____ than she had felt before.	22 BAD
The test was really long – the tasks _____ on both sides of the page!	23 PRINT
Bella did the first task quickly, but the _____ one was a real problem.	24 TWO
Bella got panicky.	
Time ticked on but she _____ concentrate on the tasks.	25 NOT/CAN

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31

My first job was working at a bakery. When I walked from my house to the bakery I could smell the _____ aroma of the fresh bread.	26 WONDER
I loved it. I worked _____ after school and at weekends. It made about twenty hours a week.	27 DAY
One of the most _____ things about the bakery was that I could eat all I wanted there.	28 FANTASY
I really couldn't stop eating the fresh buns, rolls and cakes. They were so _____.	29 TASTE
Mrs. Bradley, the _____ of the bakery, was a very nice woman. She had no children and she treated me like her own granddaughter.	30 OWN
I liked her too and did my best to be as _____ as possible.	31 HELP

Раздел 4 (задания по письму)

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Jim.

... I have caught a bad cold. Most people hate being ill. But I sometimes like it. It gives me some time for my hobby ...

... How often do you miss school because of health problems? How can you entertain yourself when you are ill and have to stay indoors? What do you do to stay healthy?...

Write him a letter and answer his **3** questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.