

NAME: _____

CLASS: _____

ENGLISH 7: REVISION OF UNIT 4**I. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C or D that best completes each sentence below.**

1. The local _____ has a great collection of painting by local artist.
 A. theatre B. art gallery C. cinema D. concert

2. Choose the **odd one out**.
 A. music B. cello C. guitar D. drums

3. Find the word which is **pronounced differently** in the part underlined.
 A. decision B. television C. sugar D. visual

4. Choose the word which has the **different stress** pattern:
 A. compose B. concert C. control D. perform

5. Dan Bau is an unique _____ instrument of Vietnamese people.
 A. musicals B. musician C. music D. musical

6. _____ is not very popular in Vietnam because its equipments are rather expensive.
 A. Photographer B. Photographing C. Photography D. Photographor

7. Michael Jackson's style is different _____ other singers' one.
 A. with B. as C. to D. from

8. My dream is to become a famous _____ so I really love my art lessons at school.
 A. painter B. painting C. paint D. paintwork

9. Mona Lisa is a famous _____ by Leonardo da Vinci.
 A. puppet B. artist C. painting D. statue

10. My little daughter loves drawing with _____.
 A. paintbrushes B. musical instruments C. a camera D. a microphone

11. In her _____ time, she makes and decorates cakes of different shapes and sizes for all occasions.
 A. space B. spere C. sphere D. spare

12. There is an exhibition of Dong Ho paintings at Thang Long _____.
 A. art gallery B. markets C. schools D. cinema

13. Most of us listen to _____ for pleasure.
 A. music B. films C. paintings D.

14. Hanoi is not _____ crowded as Ho Chi Minh City.
 A. more B. as C. than D. very

15. Some people think that Coke is _____ as healthy as juice.
 A. no B. isn't C. not D. so

16. Vietnamese traditional music is _____ from that of Western ones.
 A. same B. more C. similar D. different

17. Our school uniform is _____ yours. Both are black and white.
 A. different B. like C. as black D. more beautiful

18. English and Portuguese are _____ each other.
 A. the same to B. different from C. as well as D. more interesting than

19. Life in the big city is not _____ peaceful and interesting as life in the countryside.
 A. as B. than C. more D. too

20. The villagers are _____ they were years ago. There is no change at all.
 A. differently from B. not as friendly as
 C. like D. as friendly from

21. People use _____ under the water to control the puppets and make them move on water.
 A. strings B. balloons C. hats D. models

22. Choose the underlined part that **need correcting** in each sentence below.
 Linh is not more intelligent as her brother but her brother is worse at math than her.
 A B C D

Lan is different to Lien that she is taller and more healthy.

A B C D

II. Read the passage and then decide whether the sentences are True (A) or False (B).

ROOM FOR ART

Why do we teach art in school? Many believe that art is the only subject where children are able to express their "creativity" or "release their feelings". Others believe that art helps student learn better. Still others think that the primary benefit of art is to provide children with something "fun".

The arts involve so many different areas. Art can be creating pottery, singing, playing an instrument, painting a picture, ballet dancing, poetry reading or acting and drama. Art is much more than just drawing a picture with crayons.

There are many different ways to incorporate the arts in the schools. Some schools can allow professional artists to come on and share their talents and skill with the students. When finished learning about a specific art, students can share what they have learnt in a performance or an exhibit.

(Adapted from Daily Warm-up 5)

1. The most important benefit of teaching art at school is to help children become an artist.
A. True B. False
2. The only form of art taught at school is drawing a picture.
A. True B. False
3. Children can learn to play a musical instrument in an art lesson at their school.
A. True B. False
4. Only art teacher at school is allowed to teach art to children.
A. True B. False
5. Children can display their paintings at an exhibition at their school.
A. True B. False

III. Read the text carefully, then answer the questions.

Modern graffiti began in big cities in the United States in the 1970s. One of the first 'taggers' was a teenager called Demetrius. He wrote his tag TAKI 183 on walls and in subway stations in New York. Other teenagers saw Demetrius's tag and started writing their own tags on walls, buses and subway trains all over New York.

Then, some teenagers started writing their tags with aerosol paint. Their tags were bigger and more colourful. Aerosol paint graffiti became very popular in the 1970s and 1980s and appeared on trains, buses and walls around the world. In the 1990s and 2000s, a lot of graffiti artists started painting pictures.

In some countries, writing or painting on walls is a crime and street artists can have problems with the police. In other countries, artists can draw and paint in certain places. For example, in Taiwan, there are 'graffiti zones' where artists can paint on walls. In São Paulo in Brazil, street artists can paint pictures on walls and houses. Their pictures are colourful and beautiful. Some tourists visit São Paulo just to see the street art!

1. Where did modern graffiti begin?
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2. What was Demetrius's tag?
.....
3. What did young people write on New York walls?
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4. When did aerosol paint graffiti become popular?
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5. Where can artists paint in graffiti zones?
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